MOTEL, CHARLESTOWN.

SPIRIT OF JEFFERSON" is published every dir Morains, at \$2 in advance—\$2.50 if paid at year—or \$3 if not paid until after the ex-

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HOUGITON, M. D. so

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pressure, for the first three insertions, and al persquare, for the first three insertions, and who or each continuance. Those not marked on the same of the same THE TRUE SARIND VALLEY OF VIRGINIA.

insurance Company

IRIT OF JEFFERSON

MAIN ST., CORNER BOOM OLD " VALLEY

DIERTISEMENTS will be inserted at the rate

BY JAMES W. BELLER.

HOTEL," CHARLESTOWN.

CHARTERED MARCH 17, 1852, \$50,000, with power to increase the same to \$200,000. uls Company, having been duly organized. and ready to receive Applications and is-sicies, and offers to the citizens of Virgininducement of a home Company for the

surance of all kinds of Property, Merchanke, at fair and equitable rates. The Diassure the public that this Company will deried with a view to permanency, and strictest principles of equity, justice, and regard to economy and the safety of the JOS. S. CARSON, President. C. S. FUNK, Secretary. O. F. BRESEE, Actuary. DIRECTORS.

James H. Burgess, N. W. Richardson, Logan, John Kerr. on Piccadilla Street, near Valley Bank B. W. HERBERT, Agent for Jefferson County.

27. 1852-1y.

Wm. L. Clark.

aford Fire Insurance Company, HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT. rated 1810. - Charter perpetual .- Capital

100; with power of increasing it to \$250,000 BLIC Buildings, Manufactories, Mills Machinery, Dwelling Houses, Stores, Mer-Household Furniture, Vessels on the or while in port, &c., &c., will be insured sas low as the risk will admit. dions for Insurance may be made of B. W. HERBERT.

Agent for Jefferson county, Virginia, absence of the Agent from Charlestown Brown, Esq., who will attend to them ely. Persons at a distance address through B. On all Church buildings and Clergy

personal property the Agent will present ons in reducing the amount of preson the risks thus arising. 13. 1853. -1v A CARD. andersigned have formed a partnership

the legal profession. They will attend banty and Superior Courts of Berkeley. son, Morgan, and Frederick, and the Supeberts of other counties in such cases only ich they may be specially retained. CHAS JAS. FAULKNER. FRANKLIN THOMAS. insburg, April 6, 1852-1v

THOMAS C. GREEN. TALE TELECTION estown, Jefferson county, Virginia, CACTICES in Jefferson and Hampshire ounties, and will attend promptly to all es that may be entrusted to his care. ethe one recently occupied by Wm. Lucas. arch 9, 1852.

WM. LISLE BAKER, Attornen at Law. IACTICES, as heretofore, in all the Courts of Jefferson, Berkeley, and Clarke counties. sioner for the neighboring, and all ern States, he will take the acknowl of, and AUTHENTICATE under his SEAL OFFICE, any instrument of writing to be in said States; and as

BLLEVE TRATEU rson county, he will administer affidavits positions and acknowledgment of deeds, res. &c , to be recorded in any of the bes in Virginia. lestown, Aug. 10, 1852 .- 6m-F. P. WM. S. ANDERSON,

RBLE STONE CUTTER, Prederick City, Md., TURNS his thanks the citizens of Jefferon and adjoining counties for the liberal or extended to him in his line of business; illy gives notice that he is now prepared cute all kinds of work in his line such as HE PUBLICE ments, Tombslabs, Mead and

> Foot Stones, &c., ortest notice, and upon the most reason terms; and his work shall compare with ther in the country. All Stones delivered own risk and expense. orders thankfully received and promptly Address

WM. S. ANDERSON. Frederick City. Md., or JOHN G. RIDENOUR, Agent,. Harpers Ferry, Va. r 11, 1852.

EXCHANGE HOTEL,

ashington City, D. C. IlS establishment is now kept by the un rsigned, a native of Fanquier County, Va. standing its central situation, it neversaffords a quiet and desirable resting place e traveller and sojourner. The TABLE always be supplied with the luxuries of the adding to the comfort of his guests.

, and a BAR with the best LIQUORS. ervants are polite and attentive. The unned himself will spare neither time nor lasolicits the patronage of the travelling pub-CORBIN BAKER. uary 17, 1852. CASH FOR NEGROES. desirous to purchase a large number of EGROES for the Southern markets, men n, boys, girls and families, for which I will

the highest cash prices. ons having slaves to sell will please in ne personally, or by letter at Winchester will receive prompt attention; or B. M. L'Campbell, No. 242, West Pratt street, ELIJAH McDOWELL, Agent of B. M. & W. L. Campbell. chester, July 7, 1851-1y.

TO THE PUBLIC. E subscriber respectfully amounces to the itizens of Charlestown and vicinty, that he then the shop, two doors Eeast of the Valuk, formerly occupied by James Clothier, purpose of carrying on the failoring Business,

its tarious branches. He hopes by strict ion, and a desire to please, that he may tion of the public patro NEW YORK FASHIONS monthly, which enables him to give the

CHEAP CASH STORE. HE subscriber is opening in Mr. Rawlins' Store-House, on Main street, w Dry Goods & Ready-Made

CLOTHING STORE. ading Fancy Goods, Jewelry, and Varieties.
ie will sell at the very lowest price for Cash.
Country Produce, and respectfully requests
its and Gentlemen to call and examine his JOHN ROSE. town, April 20, 1852.

LD VIRGINIA FOREVER. E undersigned having just returned, after an absence of two years, from the eastern where he has been for the purpose of implications of incoming himself in a thorough knowledge of his mass, would take this opportunity of information of the public generally, he has again returned to "Old Jefferson," the will be happy to oblige those who have thing to do in the MUD DOBBING LINE. The thankful for past favore, he would still to merit the patronage of the public. All sol Coloring or Ornamental Work done at hortest notice. Ornamental Centers put

CHARLESTOWN, VA., TUESDAY A LARGE AND SPLENDID STOCKOF GOODS. FOR SALE. at Cost, for Cash only.

THE undersigned having sold his Property, including his Store House to the government, has determined to close his business in the Mercantile line. He therefore offers his extensive STOCK OF GOODS,

VOL. IX

which has been purchased as low as any Stock in the Valley of Virginia, and all Fresh Goods, he having been in business only about two years. This assortment consists in part of the following articles, viz:

Plain, Black, Changeable, Plaid, Striped and Figured Silks: Silk Tissues of various patterns; Illusions, Tarltons, and Sarcenets; Barages of every quality; Barage De Lains; Muslins and Lawns; Mourning Lawns; Swiss, plain, and figured Muslins; Cambrics and Jaconets do : Poplins : Super Curtain Muslins of various patterns; Ginghams and Calicoes all patterns and prices; Ladies super Linen Hdk'fa. from 10 cts. up; Gentlemen's Linen and Silk Hdk'fs.; Colored and Black Cravats;

Thibet and Barage Shawls, of various sizes and prices: Figured and plain Bobinets; A large assortment of Dress Trimmings; Silk Laces and Fringes; French worked Collars: Ladies Kid, Silk, and Liste Thread Gloves ; Gentlemen's Kid and Silk Gloves; Parasols and Umbrellas:

and prices;

Ladies' Silk, Cashmere, Lambs-Wool and Cotton Hose; Gantlemens Lambs Wool Hose: Super Black Cloths and Cassimeres; Do Fancy Cassingtts at very low prices; Silk Velvet, Satin, Figured Silk and Marsailes Vestings;

Tweeds of all colors and prices; Super White, Red and Yellow Flanne's; Canton Flannels; Domestics of every description and colors; Silk and Fancy Bonnets; A large assortment of Fancy and Plain Ribbons, Artificial Flowers, Cape Tabs, Combs and Brushes, and almost every article in the fancy way.

China and Queensware, Among which are several handsome Tea Sets. A good assortment of Hardware, Cutlery, Carpenters' Tools, &c, Waters, Looking Glasses . GROCERIES.

I have a large stock of Groceries all of which are of the best quality. A large lot of Ladies and Children Shoes Silk and Leghorn Hats: Kossuth and Wool do : Caps of every description; all of which will posttively be sold at cost for cash, as I am determin ed to close up my business. Those who desire to get good bargains are re-

spectfully invited to call soon and judge for them-JOHN G. WILSON. Harpers-Ferry, Aug. 10, 1852. N. B. Those who know themselves to be in debted to me, are respectfully requested to cal and settle their accounts. August 10, 1852.

JEFFERSON MACHINE SHOP. IRON AND BRASS FOUNDRY.

THE subscribers beg leave to call the attention of Farmers and the public generally, to their very large and extensive assortment of AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS, now on hand, including their celebrated Patent

Thresher and Cleaner, which now stands without a rival; having as far eclipsed the old Cleaners as the telegraph now does the old news carrier stage, which they offer for the very low price of \$235. and warrant it to thresh from 2 to 4 hundred bushels per day with six horses. As we deem certificates of no value, which could be had by any number, but have a sufficient confidence in the Machine recommending itself. They would respectfully call the attention of those persons who wish to purchase CLEANERS, to call and examine for themselves

They also manufacture common THRESH-ERS from \$45 to \$75 with Shakers complete. Also an improved Wheat Brill, with a selfacting spring beam, entirely avoiding the trouble of making Pins to be broke when the foot comes in contact with rocks, stumps, &c., so that no time is lost by the seedsman; enabling him to seed one-fourth more per day. The Spring is warranted not to break by seeding. The farmers will please call and see for themselves. All other Machinery constantly on hand at low prices including Corn and Cob Crushers \$45; Field Roller; Smooth, and also the celebrated cast cutter from 50 to \$75, all Iron; Straw Cutters; Fodder Cutters; Corn Shellers, and 6 horse power McCormick's Premium Wheat Reaper. We are also Agents for C. H. McCormick, and have a number of his superior Reapers on hand which took the first Premium at the World's Fair. Persons wanting would do well to call early or perhaps they might be disappointed .-

Also, all kinds of Casting done on the shortest notice, including Mill Castings; dressing Mill Irons, Picks, &c. All repairs done at the shortest notice and most durable manner. June 15, 1852. ZIMMERMAN & CO.

PERUVIAN GUANO. DERSONS wishing to perchase Guano by the ton, can obtain it by giving us their orders, at \$43 per ton, and expenses of transportation on For the Guano at this price, cash will be required, or an approved note at four months with interest added. The Canal being now navigable, it can be delivered at any time.

The Guano will be delivered on the cars, on either railroad, at Harpers-Ferry, when desired.

BLACKBURN & CO. Old Fornace, July 20, 1852-tf. F. P.

New Firm at the Depot. HE undersigned having formed a copartner-A ship under the name and firm of JOHN G. MORRIS & CO.. are prepared to afford increased facilities for trans-

Receiving and Forwarding Business have more to recommend them to the fa Charlestown Depot.

They are determined to leave no effort unspared to accommodate the old, and all the new Customers who may favor their with their patronage. They will keep constantly on hand a large asfarming community, such as

Salt, Fish, Tar, Plaster, &c. They respectfully invite all and every person who desire bargains to give them a call—having made up their minds that " a penny turned is a penny

J. G. Morris will give the business his strict. personal and undivided attention. JOHN G. MORRIS Jan. 7, 1852. VINCENT W. MOORE.

N. B.—It is necessary, to enable us to make our full returns, that the Cash be prid on all goods received at the Deput before they are taken away, especially from those who have not been very prompt heretolore. A moderate credit will be extended to regular customers on articles for sale, excepting Flour, Coal and Plaster, for which the eash will be required.

Jan. 7. JOHN G. MCRRIS & CO.

CLOTHING AT COST N order to reduce my Stock of Ready Made E CLOTHING, I will sell Coats, Pants, Vists, Cravats, Pocket Handkerchiels, Stocks, Collars, A WELL IMPROVED FARM

OFFER at private sale the FARM upon which I reside, situated about four miles northwest of Charlestown, Jefferson county, Va., adjoining the lands of W. T. Washington, R. Wosthington, Geo. L. Washington and others, and containing about 260 Acres of Land.

thirty of which are in timber, the balance in arable land, divided into nine fields, all under good fencing, mostly post and cap-fence, The improvements consist of a large, convenient and newly built Dwelling, con-taining seven room, with cellars under the whole—smoke house, ice house, servants' houses, stabling, corn house, and a large granary divided into garners, capa-ble of holding 2000 bushels of wheat. All the buildings necessary for the comfort and convenieuce of a family have been erected within a few years past and are in good repair. There is upon the farm a variety of choice fruit selected from the best nurseries and most of them low bearing, viz : apples, peaches, cherriplums, &c. The land has been fa sively with a view to its improvement plaster has been freely used, and it fine state of cultivation. The Win Potemac Railroad 11 miles distant a timore and Ohio Railroad 4 miles 2 Crape and Cashmer Shawis of various sizes great facilities for the transportation duce of the farm either to the Baltime trict markets. The Harpers-Ferry and

> Charlestown at all seasons of the year. Its location will compare favorably with that of any farm in the county of Jefferson, as regards health, society, fertility of soil, or facilities to market. Persons wishing to purchase land, well improved, with every thing to hand, are requested to call and view the premises. For terms apply to the subscriber, living upon the premises, or it by letter, addressed to Charlestown. R. G. McPHERSON.

field Turnpike affords a good and safe route to

October 21, 1851.-tf DISSOLUTION. THE Co-partnership heretolore existing under the name of SMITH & JACKSON, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent, Mr. JACKSON having sold out his entire interest and "good will" to SMITH & WILLIAMS.

All persons whose accounts have been standing over twelve months, are requested to come forward and settle them immediately. WM. L. SMITH.

Berryville, July 8, 1852. CO-PARTNERSHIP.

THE undersigned having purchased the entire interest of EDWARD JACKSON in the above named establishment, have this day formed a Co partnership under the name and firm of SMITH & WILLIAMS, and will continue to carry on the Mercantile Business.

at the old stand occupied by SMITH & JACKSON. and can assure their friends and the public, that if favored with a portion of their patronage, no exertion shall be spared to make it to their inte-WM. L SMITH. ERASMUS P. WILLIAMS. Berryville, July 8, 1852. (July 20-tf.)

Shenandoah Iron Foundry. THIS Foundry, situated on the Winchester & Potomac Railroad, 11 miles from Harpers-Ferry, has been rented for a term of years by the subscriber, who would respectfully inform the public that he is now prepared to do, in a style of workmanship, which cannot be surpassed, if equalled, in this Valley, every description of Mainery and Plough Castings, at short notice. liaving been engaged in the business for many years in the largest foundries in the United States. and being now determined to devote his whole attention to the business, he is confident that th se who favor him with their work will at the same time, be favoring their own interests, as his prices for Castings shall be as low as at any

foundry in the Valley. Orders, from all in want of Castings of any description, are respectfully solicited. BJOld Iron taken in exchange for Castings. HENRY C. PARKER. Shenandoah City, Aug. 3, 1852.

NOTICE. THE Notes given at the sales of the Personalty of the late WM. MOORE, will be due on the 19th August, and the 23d of September. on every Friday. S. S. MOORE,

Executor of Wm. Moore.

Prompt payment is expected, or the Notes will be transferred. I can be seen in Charlestown. Aug. 10, 1852-110: WOOD, AND COAL.

THE undersigned would most respectfully inform the citizens of Harpers Ferry and surrounding country that they have opened A Coal and Wood-Yard.

Between Shenandoah and Hamilton Streets. where they will be able to furnish families at unusually low prices; Blacksmiths will find it greatly to their advantage to give them a call before purchasing elsewhere as they are prepared to sell as low as any, and as good qualities. Farmers and others living near the Railroads an be supplied with coal by the car load, at a very small advance over the price at the mine. They would request a call from all who may find themselves in want of either of the above articles, as it is only necessary for them to leave their orders, and the article will be delivered at

DAVID SIEGEL & CO. September 7, 1852. N. B. All orders can be left at J. W. Riley's store, on the corner of High and Shenandoah

REMOVAL. ROOT AND SHOEMAKING. WOULD respectfully inform my friends and the public generally that I have removed my Boot and Shoe Establishment to the rooms formerly occupied by F. W. RAWLINS, as a Tirner

Shop, three doors east of the Bank. A co ance of old custom is respectfully solici special efforts and exertion will be commodate many new ones; in spared to render satisfaction to a ty of material, neatness and d promptness of execution and charge, no establishments of the c consideration of those who are in want. All are affords him great pleasure to exhibit his work to those whose good pleasure it may be to examine. In addition to facilities for manufacturing workat the shortest notice, he constantly keeps on hand a large and very general assortment of Boots, Shoes, Ladies' and Children's Gaiters, Slippers, &c., which can be purchased on the most reasonable terms for cash, on time or exchanged for country produce.

I have procured the services of John Avis, of Wm., as Agent, an experienced workman, to take charge of my Establishment, who will always be found at his post ready to wait on those who may please to call.

All kinds of country hides taken in for work.

September 7, 1859. JOHN AVIS. JR. My Saddle, Harnes and Trunk Muunfactory W ILL be conducted by me at the old Stand, as heretolore, two doors east of Sappington's Hotel, where all kinds of

Gentlemen's and Ladies' Saddles Gentlemen's and Ladies Saddles
Harness and Trunks,
are kept constantly on hand and made to order.
My prices shall be as low as any establishme in the Valley, and work warranted to be equin point of durability and neatness to that man factured any where. Farmers and the public generally, are respectfully invited to call, an ming and judge for themselves.

Country bides in exchange for work.

September 7, 1863.

Diff AVIS, Ja.

POETRY.

"PRANK PIERCE A CO BY LEWIS DELA. Frank Pierce a coward? breathe 'Neath Freedom's hallowed al Old Bunker Hill will find a voice To cale back the lie.
The blood that it in that secret
Baptized our native land,
Has nerved warmed a craven ha
Or never a traitor's hand.

Frank Pierce a coward? let the
Forth from his ambush crawl,
Who, with corruption in his hea
'Thus bathed his lips in gall,
If, with a sceptre by his side,
And on his head a crown,
The deep damnation of the deed
Would strike the catiff down.

To catch the latest sigh
Of those who left New England homes, Frank Pierce a coward? No! the thought
Would freedom's soil profane;
The patriot sire of "seventy-six"
Lives in the son again.
His fame shall spread, long as our flag
In glory floats on high—
As long as Hampshire's granite hills
Look upward to the sky!

POLITICAL. EXTRACTS FROM Hon. Charles J. Faulkner's Speech.

DELIVERED AT READING, PA., SEPT. 4TH. The President of the day, Hon. James Buchan-EDWARD JACKSON. an, introduced to the crowd the Hon. Charles J. Faulkner, of Virginia, as the representative Congress of a pertion of the Tenth Legion of Vir-

ginia Democracy-which annunciation was received with immense and prolonged cheering. Mr. Faulkner said :- I thank you, fellow-citizens of Pennsylvania, for the cordial manner in which you have received one who is a perfect stranger to you. I thank you on my own account, and I thank you on behalf of the Tenth Legion of Virginia Democracy. * * * * Fellow Countrymen :- I have come from the

South in the same spirit in which the Roman student of old made his pilgrimage to the classic groves of Athens, to drink at the pure, und-filed well of Northern Democracy. [Cheers.] Istand in the midst of the firm, the unconquerable, the ever-conquering Democracy of Berks, [cheers] in the hearts of the Tenth Legion of Pennsylvania Democracy [cheers.] I have come here with no idle intent. I have come here with an object and for a purpose. I have come from Virginia to see with my own eyes and to hear with my own ears, how the men of Pennsylvania respond to the true principles of our great Federal compact. Virginia and Pennsylvania united in the field of party warfare, have so far proved themselves equal to a world in arms. From the foundation of the Government to the present hour the Republican party has never sustained a defeat when these two powerful States have stood shoulder to shoulder in the fight. I can then say to you with emphasis and power that Virginia is sound, -sound to the core, safe beyond dispute or cavil, and with untold thousands to spare from the ballot box .-The Scott column of Virginia, following the lead of false guides and treacherous consuls, is now fairly hemmed in between the Candine forks .-Any attnmpt to pass its Northern or its Southern defile must be alike fatal to it. On the South stands a Democratic host panting for the contest, and flushed with the hopes of anticipated victory. On the North, frowns the fearful chasms of abolition. No free soil triumph will ever flash its glories over that field of fight. Though Scott be a native of the Old Dominion, she knows him not in his present claim upon her sympathies. As

the spartan mother said to her recreant son who returned from battle without his shield, "go back and return with your shield or upon it." So does Virginia say to Winfield Scott. Return with the principles which I taught you before you left my soil, or return never more. So long as Scott headed our gallant army against Mexico, and fought in the true line of his profession, his march was triumphant, his career brilliant. But the Sampson of war has been shorn of his strength by the modern Delilahs of abolition; and if he should ever hereafter again, under the custody of the Philistine guardians acquire strength and power, it can only be, I fear, to pull down upon your heads and mine, and his own, the pillars of our Constitution. I have told you what the prospect of the campaign is in Virginia. It is equally safe in Pennsylvania? [Shouts, from the crowd-it is-it is.] If so then the Union is safe. the Constitution is safe, sectional agitation will be forever extinguished, and the plotters and conspirators against our peace will be driven to their obscure dens where the light of day will never

reach them. Freemen of Pennsylvania, if I cannot find patriots here, where can I go to look for them?—
If you do not love that Union and reverence that Constitution under whose glorious auspices you enjoy the unnumbered blessings which seem everywhere showered upon you, where upon this continent, are friends of the Union to be found? God, in his goodness, never gave to man a nobler heritage than that which you here possess; and every object that met my eye as the merry and tling car brought me in view of your luxuri-i fields—your well california farms—your

Your distinguished President has referred to

Your distinguished President has referred to me as being the representative of a portion of the tenth legion of Virginia Democracy.

In the centre of that great valley, there are some three or four prosperous and densely populated counties, which were originally settled almost entirely from this State, and to a great extent from this county. Although not elected as a Whig or a Democrat—but as an Independent upon the floor, at the House of Representatives, two of these counties. Like yourselves, your descendants in that valley are almost wholly and exclusively Democratic. A Whig as naturally perishes there as a sucker caught in one of your beautiful streams would perish if thrown upon its bank. Since the days of Thomas Jefferson, those counties have been called the tenth legion of Virginia Democracy. And well have they been so called, for it has been the 10th legion of the mighty Inlius of Democracy—the imperial guard of Napoleon—the reserved corps which has never yet failed to turn back the tide of diseaser and deleat—and to achieve certain and secure victory. Even in 1840, when the Republic seemed to reel and totter under the meddening and intunicating influences of political frency and heat cide—when Democratic Pennsylvania bowed her head.—Virginia such firm, but she stood firm solely by victure of this 16th legion of her Democratic army, My friends, I do not know whether that term is applied to you here, but in my State, the county of Berks is familiarly known as the tenth legion of Pennsylvania Democracy. Can't you propose it to you reselves to acquire a fame as imperiable he as that which attaches to your decondants in Virginia? Can't you resolve that Pennsylvania.

heedless enthusiasm for mere military renown? A thousand times has the taunt been repeated by your enemies from lip to lip, "Pennsylvania is safe for Scott—Pennsylvania has never yet cast her vote against a military candidate—stick up a men in uniform, put epauletts upon his shoulders and a plume in his cap, and dub him a General, and all Penusylvania will follow at his heela." and all Pennsylvania will follow at his heela."—
This is the language of taunt and sarcasm, in which the Whigs have indulged, which have led your Johnstons and your Stevens to propose for your acceptance for the office of President of the United States the Commander in Chief of your Regular Army. Now that General Scott does possess real, solid substantial, distinguished military merit, is not to be questioned by me. And it is only a subject of my most profound regret, that such exalted military fame should be seized upon by unprincipled demagogues and knaves as the means to advance their own selfish and mischievous purposes. But it is for you, my Fellow Citizens, to teach these blind advocates of gunpowder availability, that they have miscalculated der avrilability, that they have miscalculated dintellesses and firmness. That you can distillesses and civil

SEPTEMBER 21, 1852.

ty, as long as it coptinues faithful ples apon which it was originally leftereon and Madison, of Virginia, and by the two Muhlenburgs—por nobile fratrum—Rush, Dallas, Leiper, Lieb and others, of your State? Your enemies ascribe its power to causes not very flattering to haman nature, nor very honorable to American intelligence and patriotism. But examine its history from 1798 to the present hour, and you find that the true secret of its strength is to be found in its sacred observance of the limitations—the guaranties—the letter and spirit of our Great Federal Compact, I do not mean to say that within that period there have not been departures-very wide departures-from the true lautude and longitude of Constitutional interpretation. But I do mean to say that the Democratic party have sought to make the Constitution the polar star, by which the Vessel of State should be steered through the stormy ocean of Politics-and while the winds of faction, and the occasional mutiny of a portion of the crew, have sometimes diverted it from the true line of its direction, it has not been long before it has cognized the rights of the Southern man in the corrected its log, and placed the old ship, in the language of Mr. Jefferson," on the true Republican tack."

not ever make it the pre-

1st. That such State should remain sovereign and supreme in all matters relating to its own local interests, and should be the sole and exclusive judge of its own domestic institutions. * But there was another principle agreed upon, no less important than the first-and it was this, that inasmuch as our slaves might readily escape into the free States, a power should exist somewhere, that would enable us to reclaim them. This power might have been left to the States, in which the fugitive sought an asylum. and certainly every principle of good neighborhood, of fraternal sympathy, and of international courtesy would have required and justified its exercise by the State. But it was deemed most expedient to devolve that authority upon the National Government, because its jurisdiction was co-extensive with the limits of the whole Union; because it was a government in which the South could be represented, and upon which it could rely for a faithful enforcement of the provision and because it thereby relieved the anti-slavery feeling of any particular State from any responsibility in the matter.

Now, of the vast and overshadowing importance of this provision of the Federal compact to the South, no reflecting man can entertain a doubt. It is not the mere money value of the slaves who escape into the free States, which has aroused the united action of the South on this question. It is the fact well known to us, that if such a provision did not exist in the Constitution, and was not raithfully enforced, that a spirit of insubordination would very probably be infused into our slave population, that would lead to the most fearful and tragic consequences. Let no man then suppose that when the South assumes the position which she has done on this question, that she is governed by any mere consideration of dollars and cents, she is acting under the solemn conviction that upon the faithful execution of this plain and express guarantee of he Constitution, depend her domestic tranquili ty and peace. And we are forced to regard all men in the free States, who stimulates opposition to the fugitive slave law, and who seek to frustrate and nullify its provisions, as not merev violating an express obligation of the Constuion, but as seeking to enact that " Drama of Blood," which Governor Johnston, in his earlier and better days, charged to be the purpose of those who sought to embarrass the legal rights of the slaveholder. We are compelled to regard all such persons as enemies to the South, and as enemies to the Union. [Cheers.]

We of the South are in the habit of regarding the position of parties in the North, upon the fugitive slave law, as presenting an infallible test of Constitutional orthodoxy—and why? Because it is a plainly written provision of the Constitution-clear, distinct, positive-admitting of no evasion or equivocation, and the man who would nullify that provision, would strike down the whole instrument whenever it suited his purpose. Again, because the Supreme Court of the United States has solemnly announced that the Act of 1793 was delusive, and inefficient for the objects contemplated by the Constitution, and that we were entitled to a full and adequate remedy from the National Government. Now, I maintain that any party that would throw itself in direct opposition to the plain acquirements of the Constitution of the United States, and in opposition to the solemn adjudication of the highest judicial tribunal in the land, and do so for the purpose of waging a reckless and unprincipled warfare against our peace and happiness, cannot expected to command much of our respect es of any portion of the

spon this great and vital nate of the United States not one sin ern Whig Senator could be got to vote

Northwestern States. But this would lead me into too extensive a field of the inquiry. My object is to examine the courses of parties in this State, and to that I will for the present restrict myself.

That you will never cease to war will be Whigs of your State, until every right secured to us by that sacred compact, is fully recognized and conferred? [We will! the Constitution of the preserved! declared several voices Sturgeon and James Cooper—the first, a Demo-crat; the second, a Whig. Sturgeon, the Demo-crat, voted for the hill; Cooper, the Whig,

In the House of Representatives, the same state of things was exhibited. Of your twentyfour members, every Whig whose vote was re-corded—and ten are so recorded—was found in opposition to the bill. Every Democrat whose vote stands recorded, is found in support of the

In your State Conventions and County Conventions you declared—

Resolved, That the Democratic party of Pennsylvania are true to the Union, the Constitution and the laws, and will faithfully observe and execute, so far as in them lies, all the measures of cute, so far as in them lies, all the measures of compromise adopted by the late Congress for the purpose of settling the questions arising but of domestic slavery; and this, not only from a sense of duty as good citizens of the Republe, but also from the kind and fraternal feelings which they cherish towards their brethren of the slaveholding States.

Out I stoop to the hamiliating baseness of insingating cowardice against General Pierce, whom I know to be a brave man, chivalric in his conduct on the field of battle. Others may pursue that course which their feelings dictate; but as for myself, I would spurn the thought did it obstructed itself upon my mind."

P. P. stands for Frank Pierce, Paithful Again.

alay bolding States.

Again, at a subsequent convention, the following respiration was adopted:

Resolved, That the Democracy of Pennsylvania will maintain with fidelity and energy, the inithful execution of the Fugitive Slave Law; and that we pledge ourselves to use our best efforts to secure the speedy repeal of such portions

shall never again bow her head in a flind and of the "State obstruction law" as dejy the us of our jails for the detention of fugitives from labor while awaiting their trial, or inany other manner interfere with the constitutional rights of citizens of our sister States in relation to their

NO. 12.

property.

Most nobly have you redeemed your pledges to the Constitution and to your Southern brethren. Early in 1851, you did, in opposition to the unanimous vote of the Whig pirty, pass through both Houses of your General assembly, an act repealing the most obnoxious actions of the unconstitutional obstruction law of 1847.— But your sound and patriotic purposes were, for the time, frastrated, by the veto of Wm F. Johnston, the Whig Governor of your Sate. Did you pause in your patriotic exertions here? No. You nailed the flag of the Constitution to your mast-head and took an appeal to the seople of Pennsylvania. You re affirmed your determination to maintain the Constitutional rights of the South. You nominated the gallast Bigler as your standard-bearer, and you made a direct issue with your opponents on this question.always follows a faithful observance of the Conalways follows a faithful observance of the Constitution. The abolition forces were routed.—
The Constitution was maintained and Democrater was triumphant. And the repealing law thich Johnston vetoed, was again passed by a Democratic Legislature, against a solff Whig tote, and approved by a Democratic Governor.

Parkage one of the most striking illegislane.

of this distinguishing characteristic between the Northern Whig and Democratic parties is to be found in the course of William P. Johnston, late Whig Governor of your State. You will thus perceive how the same man may perform the functions of a political chameleon and reflect through his transparent skin, the color and complexion of the party to which he at the time be-

In 1837, Governor Johnston was a Democrat and a member of the House of Delegates of Pennsylvania, from the county or Armstrong. On the 27th of January, of that year, a petition was pre-sented to the House, praying the Legislature to grant the trial by jury to fugitive slaves. How did the Democratic representative of the county of Armstrong then meet this proposition? He denounced it in the following just and appropriate remarks. I can only take a short extract from his speech:

"Suppose, sir, we could legitimately act upon this prayer of the petitioners, (giving the right of trial by jury to the slave,) would it be politic in this House to do so? By the original compact between the States, Pennsylvania, has reproperty of his slave-and she has no right to pass laws which would embarrass the recovery ot his property. Can the owner of the slave be expected to undergo the delays of a jury trial, the procrastination of the law, and the expense incident thereto? It would almost amount to a positive prevention to the recovery of his legal right. and particularly when we take into consideration the fact that in many of the counties of the Commonwealth a large and respectable portion of the cuizens have conscientious scruples upon the subject of slavery, which would most effectually prevent the recovery of the slave. It appeared to him that if such an act was passed, it would virtually amount to the emancipation of of every negro who might be fortunate enough to escape the pursuit of his master, and put his foot in Pennsylvania. Such action would be the first act in that drama of blood which some men appear to be so anxious to bring upon the country. Let these infatuated and misled philanthropists pursue their own course, but he confidently hoped this House would refuse to endorse their errors."

Now, what was the course of this same Wm. F. Johnston in 1850 and 1851, after he had abandoned the Democratic party, and when he stood forward the embodiment and representative of Pennsylvania Whiggery? Is it not as notorious as any fact in the history of your State politics, that as the Whig candidate for the office of Governor, he denounced the fugitive slave act in the most unmeasured terms from one end of the State to the other, and especially the feature denying a jury trial?

The Democracy, guided by that overruling Providence which seems to prosper all its measures, and to connect in one destiny its triumphs and the glory of our common country, has selected a ticket which I can support with my whole heart. Unambitious of office, and yet ready to obey his country's call, in peace or war, whenever the public good demands it, Franklin Pierce dreampt as little of the high destiny which now awaits him, as Cincinnatus whilst toiling at his plough. No nomination, in the present condition of the country, could have been less liable to any sectional or personal objection, and none could have been bailed with more universal layor by the country. By birth and residence a Northern man, the South has unbounded confidence in him, because his whole public career indicates a statesman of the most enlarged and comprehensive American feeling. To use his own emphatic declaration, he knows"no North, no South, no East, no West, under the Constitution, but a sacred maintenance of the common bond, and a true devotion to the common brotherhood." This has been called the canvass of "Falsehood

and Frauds," and such it truly has been. Without resorting to falsehood, what could be said against Frank Fierce? At first, he was charged with being a drunkard-but that soon sunk into the kennel of loathsome and forgotten calumnies. Then he was charged with intolerance to his Catholic fellow citizens. But these very Catholics. promptly, rose en masse, with their reverend pasfor at their head, and pronounced the statement false. Then came the Foss fabrication, but that has now sunk to the Tomb of the Capulets. The Whigs have one fact left, and upon that, they exhaust all the powers of their wit and eloquence. General Pierce fainted on the battle field of Cherubusco!" Well, gentlemen the fact is so. We can't deny it. Gen. Pierce did faint on the battle field of Cherubusco, and yet the man who could reproach him with that fact, is destitute of an American heart in his bosom, and is no better than a Mexican dog. It is the proudest incident in the military history of Franklin Pierce.

One word more, and I am done. As I told von on the opening of my remarks, I came here to see with my own eyes, and to hear with my own ears, how far the Democracy of Pennsylvania mean to stand by the constitutional rights of the South. I know what politicians have said, and know what conventions have said; but I wish to hear from the people themselves, what they have to say. When I return to Virginia—to the for the passage of the bill.

In the House of Representatives, it received the vote of one solitary Whig member from the loss of the constitution is, and continues to be; a cardinal principle of Democratic faith ? - [" You may from the crowd, to which the whole meeting responded] Then, gentlemen, I goaway satisfied —I have an answer, not from politicians or conventions, but from the great masses of the people themselves, and you have furnished me an armor more imperishable than the seven fold shield of Achilles. [Mr. Faulkner took his seat, when three cheers were given for the speaker, and the 10th legion of Virginia Democracy.] WHIG DEFAMERS REBUKED -Colonel Haskill

whig elector in Tennessee, rebukes the whig de-famers of General Pierce in the following ner-

vone language:

"I would consider myself personally disgraced did I stoop to the humiliating baseness of insinuating cowardice against General Pierce, whom

Patriot and Fourteenth President.

W. S. stands for Winfield Scott, Weak Song Whig Swindle, and Won't Suit. By a new law of Massachusetts, if the keyernor declines issuing a warrant for the execution of a man sentenced to be bung, he remain.

BOOK AND JOB PRINTING OF EVERY DESCRIPTION, SUCH AS

BOOKS, PAMPHLETS, CARDS, BLANKS, HANDBILLE, LABRIS, &c., OFFICE OF THE SPIRIT OF JEFFERSON,

NG-A supply of Magistrates', Sheriffs', and Controlles' BLANKS—Deeds of Bargain and Sale and Deeds of Trust—Negotiable and Promissory Notes, &c., &c., always on hand.

GUANO.

Information having been solicited in reference to the swax, will prove of interest to our farmors : MOUNT VERNON, August 30th, 1869.

Mount Version, August 30th, 1863.

My Drag Sig: My business engagements must be my apology for not having sooner farnished you with the information you requested, respecting the use and application of Guano in this neighborhood.

More or less of it has been used here, every year since 1845, when we commenced with it, and I have never seen a worn out or poor soil on which it would not, if properly applied, bring good crops of wheat, corn and grass. The expediency of using it on the best and richest fields in Jefferson may be doubtful, but on your exhausted lands—and there doubtful, but on your exhausted lands—and there are some of this character in your county—on the slate lands along the Opequon, on the strip of arable land between the Shenandoah bottoms and the Blue Ridge, on the Pire Hills around Harpers— Ferry and generally on your corn-land wheathelds, Guano can, in my opinion, be used with unquestionable profit.

In applying it to wheat in the fall, the following course has been pursued with success. After ploughing the land, Guano in a finely pulverized state has been sown at the rate of two hundred lbs.

state has been sown at the rate of two hundred lbs. (three bushels) per acre on the ploughed ground, and immediately harrowed or lightly ploughed in. Another plan, which has been found to succeed just as well, is to harrow the land, and sow the guano, and wheat immediately on it and plough both in together. The Guano should be sifted and the lumps pounded. The silting can be done with a wheat Ian, by loosening the crank rod from the wheel or wings, so that they shall not turn, put in the finest riddle and pour in the guano at the hopper, and shake the riddle by means of the rod which is still lastened to the riddle crank. The fine Guano will run down, and the lumps will be thrown or roll were at the tail end of the fan. They can then be taken up and pounded.

If the weather is windy, the Guano should be slightly moistened, otherwise great loss will occur from its blowing off, and moreover it will not be regularly distributed on the land. The damping of the guano can be done with a common watering of the guano can be done with a common watering pot with a sprinkle, or if this is not at hand take a good brush broom and dip in a barrel of water and sprinkle the guano, having it turned over during the operation until it becomes damp, not wet. When plaster is mixed with the guano, a bushel of plaster to three bushels of guano will be found enough, many persons only putting half this quantity of plaster. There is a great difference of opinion as to the utility of combining plaster with guano. For the arguments pro and con, I must refer you to the American Farmer for 1851. Without entering into the discussion, I will simply give my own experience after having used it for nearly seven years.—My experiments have been made with some care, to test the matter for my own satisfaction. I have perceived neither an injurious nor-beneficial effect from the combination. pot with a sprinkle, or if this is not at hand take a

from the combination.

Guano in this neighborhood has generally been applied to land that would yield less than fifteen bushels of wheat per acre, and sometimes to land that would yield none. The increase of crop from the use of guano has varied from ten to fifteen or known an application of 200 lbs. of Peruvian guano to produce a smaller increase than ten bushels, and it almost ensures a good crop of clover after the wheat, if clover seed is sown. Guano is sometimes sown before the land is ploughed and then turned under. It acts admirably when applied to Indian Corn in this way, and it may do for wheat on corn land or on a very light or sandy soil. But I think you will find it not advisable to apply it to wheat, in this way, on fallows or on stiff soils.

Guano like other putresant manures is temporary in its action, but it must be applied in very small quantities and in a most unskillful and slovenly manner when its effects are exhausted in a single season. Two hundred pounds well pulverized and sown on the ploughed ground and neither harrowed or lightly ploughed in as soon as it is sown will do more lowards ensuring a good crop of wheat and a succession of clover than any other manure in reach of the Former. From three to four hundred pounds ploughed under will in any, but very bad, seasons produce a good crop of corn, wheat and clover .believe it is a maxim in your county that if a man does not improve his land with a good crop of clover, he can blame neither soil nor season. Out of many that could be adduced, I will men-

tion a single instance to show that Guano is not when properly applied, exhausted from the soil in a single season. In the summer, and fall of 1848, a gentleman, whose name, as I have not consulted him, I do not feel at liberty to mention, ploughed a field of thirty acres for wheat. After harrowing the land, about three hundred and fifty lbs. of Pata-gorian Guano, which cost him \$40 per ton, (Peruvian was then \$60) was sown, the wheat sown on it, and both ploughed in together. I have known this field for a long time and had frequently seen it in cultivation before, and I had never seen more than two or three bushels of wheat or five of corn grown on it.

Upon the richest lands of Loudoun and Jefferson, and I am pretty well acquainted with both counties, I have never seen a more luxuriant growth of wheat, than was upon this hitherto barren field, in May, 1849. It was however prostrated by a storm before the heads were filled and the yield was only eigh-teen bushels per acre. In 1850-'51, two tons of hay per acre each year were taken from the land. I have not learned the result of this year's crop of Hay, but from its appearance in the spring, there can have been no material falling off in the yield.— No other manure than the first dressing of Quano has been applied to the land .-There will be between five hundred and one

thousand tons of Guano used in this county. (Fairfax,) during the present year; and old fields, that no one would have dreamed of disturbing a few years since, are now being cleared, enclosed, and brought into profitable cultivation. Facts like these speak for themselves, and go to show that Guano is the cheapest, the most available and the most efficacious manure at present known to the Farmer; when properly applied, that its effects are by no means so evanescent as has been sometimes supposed; and that the judicious Agriculturalist upon medium or exhausted land, must seek i's aid, if he expects to keep pace with the great movement now going on for the improvement and ameliora-Let me advise you, in conclusion, if you use Guano, to use the best Peruvian. From what I

have seen of Patagonian, it cannot always be relied on. I am very truly yours, &c...
JOHN A. WASHINGTON. DR. R. S. BLACKBURN.

P. S.-Let me caution you against using lime or ishes in combination with guano. Either will effectually destroy the properties of Guano that render it valuable. RAIN IN AUGUST.

Every body is aware that an extraordinary quantity of rain fell last month, but, as few know the precise inof rain fell last month, but, as few know the precise increase over that of the same month in preceding years, we have taken the trouble to ascertain it from the record kept by our friend H. B. Stratt. Angust of 1849, 31 inches; of 1850, 42 inches; 1851, 42 inches; 1852, eight inches. There were fifteen days on which rain fell, exclusive of the days that were merely cloudy. In 1850, 311 inches fell from January to the 1st of September; in 1851, 302 inches; 1852, thirty eight inches. The average quantity of rain in a year is from 42 to 45 inches. The fall of last month, therefore, was up to the rate of ninety six inches per year. And yet August in one of our dryest months.—Winchester Republican.

Mr. JOSEPH MORROW, a very estimable gentleman, living at the White House, in this county, met with quite a serious injury, in consequence of an accident, but it appears that Mr. M. was thrown from a cart, his head striking a stone, which produced insensibility. It s supposed the cart passed over his body, but there being no one present when it occured, it is not known .-We have not learned to what extent Mr. M. has been injured, but hope a few days will suffice to restore him o his wonted vigor.-Free Press. THE SWEET SPRINGS.—This celebrated

Monroe county, Va., was sold on the 18th instant, under a decree of the Court of Appeals for \$54,550. The purchaser is Oliver Beirne, Esq, of same county. The large brick hotel on the premises was built in 1827, at a cost of about \$60,000. DROWNED .- Dr. R. C. Meffit, attached to

watering-place, with a farm of 648 acres, in

Captain Shaw's new company of Texas Rangers, was drowned at San Antonia, on the 5th, while bathing on the river.

FLOUR MILLS have lately been erected in England on the Paris plan improved, which, in twelve minutes after the wheat is taken in, sends forth the flour fit for market.

CHARGED WITH MURDER. - Jas. McIntyr las been committed to jail at Clarksburg.
Va., charged with the murder of George Cottrill, his brother in law, by cutting his throat with a butcher knife.

Lufalo, was made last week at \$100 per meh.

MORDECAI COOKE, & Norfolk City TIMOTHE RIVES, of Prince Scorge.

A. HUGHES DILLARD, of Henry WILLIAM C. FLOURNOY, of Prince Edward JOHN GOODE, Jr., of Bedford. ROBERT G. SCOTT, of Richmond City, HENRY A. WISE, of Accomac. ROBERT L. MONTAGUE, of Middlesex. JAMES BARBOUR, of Calpeper. JOHN RANDOLPH TOCKER, of Frederick. JAMES McDOWELL, of Botetourt. JOHN B. FLOYD, of Washington, MORTIMER II. JOHNSON, of Taylor. ZEDEKIAH KIDWELL, of Marion.

PUBLIC DISCUSSION.

One of the most interesting and exciting dis cussions which has ever taken place in our county on political topics, occurred at our Court-House on vesterday, being Court-day. The Hon. C. J. Faulkner led off in a speech of two hours, and was replied to by Mr. Merrick of Bal timore. The Hon. Henry Bedinger then spoke for one hour and was replied to by Mr. Causin of sewer through which the garbage of Edss and Annapolis, in a speech of an hour. The Electors, Mesers. Tucker and Boteler, closed the dis- | fitting vacuum. The force of public sentiment, cussion, a large and interesting audience re. and the fear rather than the sen e of a just retrimaining until the last word had been spoken and bution, at length forced even the Richmond three hearty and enthusiastic cheers given for Whig to strike from its mast-head this vile ca-

Pierce and King and Scott and Graham. The lumny and most male ions and disgrace intesting discussion commenced at 2 o'clock and termina der. As with the Whig, so with most of the nated after 9 P. M., and however much we might | press of the State, save and except our neighbor desire to present a summary of its interesting of the Pree Press, who still bears sloft the evifacts, the time at which our paper goes to press dence of its own shaine, and the desperation of renders it utterly impossible for us to do so. The its own cause. You have flung the battner to champions upon both sides acquitted themselves . the breeze, and let it there remain until the ides with great credit-doing justice to their party, of November, to receive the execuation and conand honor to themselves. With such champions 'tempt of all just men. as Faulkner, Bedinger and Tucker, can any Whig have the cool audacity to claim a triumph

in a forensic encounter. With no desire to detract aught from the Whig champions, we may nevertheless be permitted to say, that the Democratic speakers erected a for- ing was addressed by John T. Gibson, Esq., of tress against which all the Whig missels fell Jefferson, John Blair Hoge, Esq., who was reharmless at their feet. We congratulate the De- cently appointed the Whig elector for Berkeley, mocracy of the county upon the auspicious re- but who reguliates the nomination of Scott, and sulis of the debate, and have no doubt it will intends to take his element voice in behalf of greatly enure to the interests of our party in the Pierce & King, as also the Hon. Charles James cracy at the North on the compromise, and the coming canvars.

HOW STANDS VIRGINIA?

In the vain hope of galvanizing the defunct corpse of the Whig party, there seems to be a regular and systematic attempt being made to descri her that she has been redeemed and regive out the idea-that by some legerdemain, goodold Virginia is about to be cut loose from her moorings, and is to be driven madly into the whirl pool of Whiggery. The great defeated Geo. W. Summers, whose election was certain and whose defeat was impossible, was the first to prognosticate this result, which remarkable prediction it who has just made a tour of Western Virginia, visiting perhaps some half dozen counties. The intelligence has been communicated to Washington that Virginia is to be regenerated, and the Executive Committee have made a demand upon the Whig merchants of Richmond for \$3000, to accomplish the great work, giving a summary of the number of " picture books" and other Whig trash which has been scattered through the State, to the amusement of the Democracy and the dis gust, if not the disgrace, of every honorable Whig in Virginia. Now, this effort to build up a hope among the Whigs of the Union of carrying Virginia is an old trick, and has been tried at every successive Presidential election for 20 years .-Since the contest between Andrew Jackson and John Quincy Adams the Democratic party of Virginia have never been as strong, as they will prove themselves to be in the present contest .-The extension of the right of suffrage, which has been mainly brought about by Democratic effort has added immensely to our strength in Western Virginia and the Valley, whilst the Abolition proclivities of the Whig party have driven from its support almost the entire East. The Democratic party of the State, every where, are united, energetic and enthusiastic, with leaders who are the exponents of Virginia sentiment and feeling, and to whom they can point with pride and pleasure as men around whem they will be proud to rally ia November next. Talk about Scott and Seward, or Seward and Scott carrying Virginia !-Why the man who has the bold audacity to proclaim so great an absurdity, should be confined to the madhouse as a fool or a knave.

MAINE ELECTION.

The election for Governor, members of Congress and the Legislature took place in Maine on Monday week. The Democrats have lost ground in this State, owing to the fact that there was really no element of national politics involved in the issue, all being absorbed, divided, and confused by the Maine liquor law. The whole party, however, are unitedly and zealously in favor of Pierce and King, who are certain to carry the. State by a large majority.

There is no election for Governor by the people. Dr. John Hubbard was the regular Democratic candidate, but Chandler, also a Democrat, was run in opposition to the liquor law, Crasby was the . Whig nominee, and Holmes the abolition candidate. The Democrats lost a member of Congress in a district where they had two candidates. The congressional delegation is three to three. The complexion of the Legislature is thoroughly Democratic.

COUNTY COURT.

ed together on vesterday, to take action as to the tax upon the High Sheriff of the county, which | siding. the Legislature gives to the Courts the rights to impose. Upon consultation \$500 a year was fixed upon as the amount, which the Sheriff for the ensuing two years was directed to pay.

We, by request, have had the pleasure of seeing the gold Medal awarded to our young triend, John A. Straith, son of Dr. J. J. B. Straith of this place, for the highest degree of proficiency in the branches taught in the George town Classical and Mathematical Academy. The Medal has this inscription on the front; G. C. N. A. Master's Medal."

Reverse "John A. Straith." We deem it proper to state that several Silver Medale was awarded to the students for various degrees of merit. Master Straith was also solected to deliver the valedictory, which has been en of as a production of namenal merit, and ed in the Institute as a mark of further

rates our treets, one might be led to suppose that our life community was in a state of high party excipment, and men work ready to desert their ordiney avocations to enter the exciting arena of griy politics. Such, however, is not the case. The Demograts are a scool as cucum-bers—laying low and watching the corners. The Whins would desire to infuse, if it were possible to be effected, some of the Whig spirit of 40 cr '41, but fley might as well hope to resurrection ize"Old Whitev." the definet emblem of their party to B18. A While pole was erected on Saturday, aready giving signs of Northern at raction, andalso hung across the street from the Market-huse to the Jull, a Whig Banner. S multaneous with its folds being flung to the breeze, the Democratic boys, not to be caught loz ing, unfulled the beautiful Banner of Democracy, with its dosen leaders inscribed in characters so large, that he whe rous might read. A flag was also placed in a conspicuous position at the Court Monday morning, bearing the inscription, " Hon, Charles: J. Faulkner, we honor him for his consistency," which has considerably disgruntledmany of his former Whig friends, though we hear it charged that it was placed there by Faulkne Whigs. NO SEASE OF SHAME.

Our reighbor of the " Free Press" manifests a determination to affere to a favorite maxim of the Whig press, that a lie well stuck to is as good as the truth. In the progress and inception of the Poss slander, (the most upost and dishonerable act ever perpetrated by the Whig press of the South.) the Free Press was but the echo and sponsor of that most scarrilous sheet, the Richmond Whig, and the Whig the filthy his aboution cohorts found a rendy and cost be

HEDGESVILLE MEETING.

We learn that a large and enthusiastic meet ing of the Democracy convened at Hedgesville, Berkeley county, on Suurday last. The meet-Faulkner and John E. Norris, the County elector. Be kelley promises to roll up a Deprocratic vote in November that will astonish the natives. Jefferson, so long cheek by jowl with Berkeley in the old Federal heresies, designs not now to

THE VOTE OF OHIO.

Horace Greeley, the abolitionist, has been stumping in Ohio for Gen. Scott, and on his return gives rather a glowing view of Whig prospects through his paper, the New York seems has been verified by the immortal Botts. Tribune. He says that "" if 20 000 votes are cast for Hale, at least 16,000 of them will be cast by men who were formerly Whigs;" and he

" In view of the blinding mist which has obscured the vision of a large share of her most intelligent voters' impelling them to do indirectly he work of the Slavery Propaganda while anxiously intent on resisting it, and the superhuman efforts to drive back the Irish voters into the fold whence they are desirous of escaping, the struggle will be a honor if they carry (sa we trust they will carry) their State for Gen. Scott in No

This is tantamount to an admission, on the part of the strongest Scott Editor of the North that Ohio will cast her vote for Pierce and King. So will New York and Pernsylvania.

HEAR THE HERO, GEN. BUTLER.

Gen. Wm. Q. Butler, the hero and statesman, in a letter of the and August, to a Committee in Kentucky, says of Gen. Pierce:-The miserable attacks made upon him by party rapcor, have but served to call forth both friends and political opponents, volumes of testimony to his patriotism and worth which cannot be re-

I served three sessions in Congress with Gen. Pierce, and know him intimately. He is, in the righest sense of the term, an accomplished American gentleman. He possesses a bold, inquisitive mind, which has been well and judicious. ly trained, not in those it stitutions whose scholars are graduated, but by the study and practice of the law, and by nine years service in the two houses of Congress, where the service of government is best learned, and statesmen formed under old and patriotic teachers. In short, permit me to say, that I know of no man who would administer the affairs of the nation with more filelity, and but few, indeed, with more ability than !

THE CANAL.

The Cumberland Journal says the breach in the canal near Edwards' Ferm has washed its bottom out to the depth of 10 or 12 feet, and that it will require two weeks to repair the damage. MILITARY VISIT.

The Washington Light Infantry, a beautiful Military corps under the command of Captain TATE, paid during the last week a visit to Wincliester, where they were most belittingly received and hospitably entertained.

IJ John McDowell, Esq., llaving resigned his office as Cashier of the Bank of the Valley at Romney, which place he has held for a number. of years, Wm. At Vance, Esq , has been elected to supply the vacancy.

IF Mr. FREAMER, better known as the "Mustang" correspondent of the New Orleans Delta, recently murdered by the Indians in California, The Magistrates of the County were summon. was a native of Hagerstown, Maryland, where they cannot break his silence. he has a father, mother and other relatives re-

> 13 On Friday the 10th inst, our Circuit Court convened, Judge PARKER presiding. On Saturday, Benj. Bartleft was convicted of passing counterfeit notes, and sentenced to two years confine-ment in the Pendentiary. William Perry, E. q., to be sold at all the Post Offices, at the price of appeared for the prisoner; Alfred P. White, the stamps now sold, with the very small addi-Eng., for the Commonwealth.

Harvey Lewis was on the same day, atraigned on the charge of having advised certain laves to abscord; and on Monday, morning, the jury brought in a verdict of guilly, and confinement.

wealth .- Romney Intelligencer. BT Mr. Hale, who was numinated by the Free Soil Convention of Pittsburg for the Presidency. has written a letter to Gen. Wilson accepting the nomination. He says he has no answer to make to questions regarding his opinions in variety the size of Switzerland. Soil Convention of Pittaburg for the Presidency, ous appiects, a risk to a serious of in the

THE DISCUSSION IN BERKELEY.

lowing account of the discussion at the Berkeley

Court on yesterday week : The largest crowd we have ever seen at the Court House, assembled there on Monday last, to hear the speech of Hon, C. J. FAULERER, who appeared here for the first time, in his District, to vindicate his own course is advocating the election of Pierce and King.

The views expressed here by Mr. Faulkner, but Monday, in the general, conform to those contained in his speech made on the floor of Congress and delivered at Reading. But in commencing his remarks he referred to the systema. tic assaults upon him by the While press in his District, and throughout the country. These grew out of the fact that he chose rather to be guided by his own consciousness of right than to a sacrifice of his consistency in yielding his support to General Scott, who owed his nomination to the Northern enemies of the Constitution and who was brought forward solely on accoun of his military renown. Mr. Faulkner sa'd amidst the low and abusive attacks made upon hlm, and the charges of being a traitor and an appetate, it had remained for the Whig paper of his own county to indulge in what he regarded as a private reflection, but which had been promptly disclaimed by the editor when he de-manded the author. Whilst he did not object to a scrutiny-into his political conduct, he declared that he who undertook to trespass upon his personal relations would do so at his peril. In this connexion he spoke of various reports that had been circulated about him amongst others that he would not speak to the people of his county and district in this canvass. So far from enter-

taining any feelings of this sort, he had determined; on the present occasion, to address the people if he had to be carried to the Court house on a litter and held up while he spoke. Mr. R. repelled the idea of apostacy by showing from the late Whig Baltimore p litical principle wh

they professed to admire.
In the course of his remarks Mr. Faulkner

trines it contains as those of

ferred to the efforts made by the Whigs to get some one to reply to him, and, as some of them said, to skin him. He said that Gen. Cullum had been invited to this district, but declined coming, saying the Whigs might hoe their own potatoes; but Mr. F. did not, as asserted by the Gezeite, say that Gen. Cullym had no fancy for Throughout, the speech of Mr. Faulkner was one of the most able, argumentative and effective we have ever heard. Mr. Boteler, the Whig elector of the district. undertook a reply, but it was soon evident that was merely speaking against time. He lauded Gen. Scott for his military exploits without owing him to possess the qualifications for the Presidency. He tried to prove his soundness on. the compromise by the testimony of different individuals, but failed to produce one word from Paulkner, proving the soundness of the Demorottenness of the Whig party, Mr. Boteler attempted to refute by citing a number of resolutions passed by county meetings of Whigs in the North, but he did not pretend to tell why it was that but three Northern Whig members of Congress could be found to vote for the furtive slave law, not one of whom was friendly to the nomination of Gen. Scott. Seward's sopport of Scott he thought no objection so long as Pierce was supported by John Van Buren, &c., notwith standing they now advocated the maintenance

of the fligitive slave law, which is opposed by a majority of those in the North who favored Scott's nomination. In regard to the compromise, Mr. Boteler contended that the Whigs of the North were not more unsound than the Southern Democrats, seeming to forget that the fugitive slave law, about which there is no difference of opinion in the South, was the only repealable feature in the adjustment-and this lutile argument he deemed a sufficient answer to the abolitionism of Northern Whiggery.
This point in Mr. Boteler's speech was replied to by Mr. Bedinger, who having been alluded to i-th as one of the unsound Democrats of the South. explained the difference between the North and South on this question. Mr. Bedinger also de-

scribed the speech of Mr. Faulkner as a bomb-

shell in the Whig camp, and told the Wings I

they did not hurry and join the Democratic

ranks they would be so full that they could not Mr. Botelet evidently felt his misfortune in encountering Mr. Faulkner, and it is probable this ed him to turn his attention to what he called a lander upon him by the Democratic press of this place. He said it was not correct that he had boasted he would demolish Mr. Faulkner .-If this be a slander, Mr. Boteler must blame it upon his own friends. We think the intimation irst came from the Gazette; at any rate it was generally talked of by the Whigs, who are reponsible whether he is censurable or not. But he would boast of having plenty of ammanition for Mr. Wise, no one could be surprised if he expected to demolish Mr. Faulkner. Since s speech, Mr. Boteler is as much slandered by is friends here as he was before. They slander

in most grossly and wilfully in charging him with not only answering Mr. Faulkner complete-, but in falsely accusing him of routing the hole Democratic forces. TEMPERANCE DISCUSSION.

According to notice, a meeting was held in repherdstown; on Saturday last, for the discussion of the Maine squor law. The meeting was very largely and much interest manifested. R. H. Lee, Esq , introduced a resolution embodying his views, which he supported in an able manner, portraying the evils of Intemperancesentiments which received the sanction of all. Hon. Henry Bedinger followed in an exceedingly eloquent argument, directed principally against the Maine Liquor Law, for the discusfion of which the meeting was called. He exabited, in a masterly manner, the odious features of the Law, and carried conviction to the minds of those who were not previously convinced, that the present lawrof Virginia upon the subject, if enforced, as they can be, are sufficientestringent. No vote was taken, but a very rge majority of those present were undoubted opposed to the Maine law. This majority

imprises in its numbers, the staid and-sober

citizens of the town and neighborhood, to a large

extent, men who are Temperance men, but not

Maine Louor Law men! MR. WEBSTER. The Boston Courier says, Mr. W writen no letters upon the sidential Election, nor will h days." His friends have volunteer, it. All speculation and threat the part of Mr. Webster's enemies are use

STAMPED ENVELOPES By a provision in the new postage law the Post Office Department is to cause envelopes to be made, with suitable water marks on the paper, identifying them as official, and with a

ENLARGING THE AREA. It is said that the tract of land lately brought in a verdict of greaty, and configement in the Penitentiary for two fears. R. W. Varden, Esq. counsel for the grisoner; A. P. White, Esq., and And Hunter, hiq., for the Common wealth.—Roseness Intelligence. almost equal to the area of England, Ireland and Scotland put together. It is ten times as large as Holland—nine times the size of Bel-

a crumbling to pieces from its own else." What does "An Old Whig," thus endursed by the Central Scott organ, sag? He

boldly declares that the nomination of General Scott "virtually dissolves the Whig party" and that it must certainly lead to "a free soil or abolition party established as the great party of the free States," and that the " real intention of the ruling spirits in that (the Whig) Convention was, by the nomination of Gen. Scott, and the re- to avow opinions contrary to theirs. jection of Mr. Webster and Mr. Fillmore, to destroy the national Whig party." In publishing this strong article, the Repub

"The Whig party have done, not certainly as we desired, but as all parties have done, and will to do through all time, when playing for such a stake as the Presidency. They thought General Scott stronger than the party-that be would get all the Whig votes in the country, and many votes besides among men with whom the iment would be stronger than that patriotic sentiment would be stronger than that of party. His deeds in war have been of that kind which the le men and carry their heart and

its," Seward, Botts & Co. ? Before reading the masterly views of "An Old Whig," we ask Southern Whigs to peruse the following circular of Daniel Jenifer, E.q., of Maryland, a Whig, who served with distinction, in Congress and in diplomatic service abroad .-He, too, patriotically rises above party, repudiates General Scott's nomination and his acti Southern tricky associates, and along with Toombs, Gentry and a host of able Southern Whigs, proclaims the conclusive reasons why he cannot sustain the Seward ticket. With the moral force of all these Whig demonstrations bearing down upon the Scott ticket, is it not madness the Scottites to expect to carry a single Southern State for Scott? Their strongest men are not only engaged in repudiating their ticket, but are furnishing powerful weapons with which to drive from the field the co-workers of Seward, Greeley

and Thaddens Stevens: HON. DANIEL JENIFER'S LETTER TO A FRIEND. PORT Tenacco, Md., Aug. 10, 1852.

My DEAR SIR: Yours of the 6th inst, is about the 15th letter I have received of similar import, desiring to know "whether it is my intention to support the nominee of the late Whig National Convention for President," &c. Imnediately after the adjournment of that Convention, I addressed a letter to the President of the Convention, stating the reasons why I could not concur in support of that nomination. That letr was delayed being sent as directed, from deence to the opinions and wishes of friends fork iom I entertain a high regard. Finding from your and other letters that my silence has been interpreted, and that I cannot remain in quiet tirement without being subjected to unjust animadversions, I will trankly tell you what are my mions, so as to leave no doubt whatever as to my course. Allow me here to premise that re are many, very many, who agree with me in opinion, who are restrained from expressing embers of the Wing National Convention, mem, bers of Congress, and others representing a Whig

The National Whig Convention having nominated a candidate for the Presidency to whom I cannot, with the opinoins I entertain, consistently give my support, it is due to myself, to you, d to the friends with whom I have so long acted, to assign, briefly, the reasons which induce the to differ from them. I need not say to you, or any other of my political friends, that I have ever been a consistent Whig, (not an ultra one) and upon all occasions, when principle was not' involved, have yielded my personal preferences to the better judgment of the mejority. In every Presidential election, since 1828; ave gone with my friends in support of the nominee, though not of my own choice. From that period I have been an ardent, devoted friend to Henry Clay, and preferred him to all others; still I gave a zealous support to General Harrison and General Taylor; in doing which there was no sacrifice of principle; it was a preference of men, acting upon and entertaining similar principles. Their opinions had been expressed, and were known prior to their nomination, to be

in accordance with the views of those who nomi-Long prior to the meeting of the National Conention in June last, it was well understood that o candidate would receive the support of the South unless his opinions were known to be in favor-of the compromise measures, including the agitive slave law, as a final settlement of those

bsorbing questions. Discarding all sectional preferences, the South resented no southern candidate for the Presideney. The opinions of every man, who was looked to as a candidate for that distinguished stan, were known, sare one. Those of Alr. Webcorded, forming the basis of the platform for which they had been denounced, and, as far as fanaticism could effect it, sacrificed. Not so with General Scott; his position precluded him from entering into the contests of the day, then shaking the Union to its centre. His opinions ipon those questions were not known-theyvere anxiously desired and looked for, Some of is friends, who had access to him, expressed heir confidence in the soundness of his views upon the compromise and fugitive slave laws.— His claims were zealously arged by friends from the South and from the North, the latter of whom

tion, rose to distinct. The course pursued by his frienc's in the Convention was not calculated

to do away those unlavorable impressions.

Had General Scott, before the meeting of the Had General Scott, before the meeting of the Convention, come out with the frankness of a soldier, as was expected of him, and made known his opinions, he would have thrown off the incubus which oppresses him; he would have cleared bunself from the noxions vapors which surround him, would have added to his gallant military career from Lundy's Lane to the city of Mexico, by which he has won for himself and his country, imperialiable laurels, and he might have received the support of the Union Whigs throughout the country. By adopting a different course, he has lost that of many who would have given him a generous support, though not their

The object and delight of the free soilers and and Mr. Fillmore, because they had advocated and carried into effect the provisions of the com-Whis party is crumbling to pieces from its own tottenness—from its ready eagerness to sacred fice principles for the sake of availability, the spouls and power. To prove our position, we need go no tarther than the pregnant admissions of the platform, still voted for Gen. Scott, and his "acceptance" of it has made no change in their views. Hence it is clear that they have expectations from his election, which may or may not be realized. It is deeply to be regretted, that he who has gained for himself so envited, that he who has gained for himself so envited, that he who has gained for himself so envited, that he who has gained for himself so envited, that he who has gained for himself so envited, that he who has gained for himself so envited the wholes are allowed in war, and also rendered civil services, should now, be placed in a distrustful position. Under all the circum-Whig and a gentleman who can be nothing a distrustful position. Under all the circumstances, I look upon the nomination of General Scott as unfortunate for himself, unfortunate for the Whig party, and, should be be elected, unfortunate for the country. Entertaining these views, I should be unworthy the generous confilence of my friends, if I suppressed the expression of them-although I am aware in doing so,

I subject myself to the attacks of those who, lov-ing party more than principle, consider it a vir-tue to denounce every man who has the temerity Political party ties, of long standing are amongst the strongest which bind men together, and most difficult to be dissevered. No man teels this more than I do. Having received so many lic virtually agrees with the writer. That paper evidences of confidence from my political friends, to whom I am so much indebted, it is with deep regret I find myself compelled to differ with them now. I would greatly have preferred remaining silent; but I have no alternative-either to

be misrepresented or to speak out—and you well know that it has been my habit, since I first took part in public affairs, when properly called on, to express my opinion of political men and measures, regardless of consequences. All I ask, is that you and other friends will extend to me the same charity for my opinions that you have a ht to expect for your own. Pruly yours, DANIEL JENIFER.

> PARTIES AND PARTISANS. the Washington Republic of Sept. 7th.

read with pleasure your article published a days and under the above heading. It sugged a train of thoughts which I should be sed to lay before your readers, if you will ar indulge a distant subscriber and an old

It is true that a party is "a body of men united or promoting, by their joint endeavors, the national interest, upon some particular principle in which they are all agreed." The duty imposed upon such a party, in order to insure success, is constant vigitance. It is in a position of perpetual hostility to its opposing party or parties. Severe and ardious contest is essential to its success-nay, to the continuance of its own existence. Now, we all know that the active men of every political party are comparatively few in number. On these few devolves the duty of managing its affairs; they have to bear the burden and heat of every day. Of them arduous labors and great personal sacrifices are unceasingly demanded. The vast numerical majority f every political party are engaged in their own personal affairs, attending to their private busiless, from which, except on special occasionssay election days and occasional public convocations-they will never consent to be drawn .-Now, what I maintain is, that those men who do and receive the hard blows in party conflicts, have claims upon the party for whatever emoluments and honors it has to bestow. I do not mean that any party claim can compensate for the want of proper qualifications faithfully and intelligently to discharge the duties of the office to which a citizen may aspire; but what I mean is, that where there are such qualifications, the men who have mingled in the party contests are to be preferred in the distribution of official stations. Fidelity to its own members is an ingredient in party organization indispensable to its existence. Let any party strike out this principle, and declare that individual services and sacrifices give no claims on a party for preferment,

and it will soon see that none will perform services and make sacrifices for it. The avowal of such a determination by any party would be an Thus far, Mr. Editor, we do not, Bam sure, disagree. But now I propose to make a personal application of these remarks. The Whig party disregarded the principle to which I referred in nominating General Harrison and rejecting Mr. Clay. We succeeded in electing our candidates, but the Whig party was weakened; its power for accomplishing great objects by force of its from the delicacy of their position, having been organization was diminished: Careful observers saw the result, and deplored it. In 1844 the pristine wigor of the party was restored by the nomination of Mr. Civy. The exertions to elect were invigorating; but the party was defeated in the State of New York, owing to causes not necessary to enumerate. But after that election the party was united, and never better able to do good service to the country. Then came the omination of 1848'of General Taylor. In masing this nomination, the principle of party fis delity was sacrificed; General Taylor had no claims whatever on the Whig party. With deep reluctance the nomination was accepted by the party; and again, owing to divisions in the De-

nocratic ranks in the State of New York, the Vhig nominee was elected. This nomination elaxed and weakened party ties, and produced eart burnings and distrust. Now we come to the nomination of June, 1852. w which Gen. Scott's name was put before the

Three names were before the convention -General Scott was always nominally a Whig, but excluded by position from taking any part in party conflicts. Mr. Fillmore was the actual President. Mr. Webster and Mr. Clay, for the last twenty years, have been confessedly the leaders of the Whig party, doing the most service, giving and receiving the hardest blows in that service. - Mr. Clay was not in a condition to be a candidate, and Mr. Webster, therefore, wasthe man entitled upon party principles to receive the nomination. He had earned the claim; more than thirty years of public service had rendered him the greatest American statesman, and the oldest and most conspicuous then on the stage of action. Neither of his competitors could compare with him in the amount and value of services he had rendered his country AND er and Mr. Fillmore, were expressed and re- THE PARTY. It was not doubted that Mr. Webster deserved the nomination; he had worked ong, assiduously and faithfully to deserve the honors of his party, and to qualify himself for the highest distinction that party could confer upon him. He has gone with unsurpassed ability through the various preliminary official grades. In the neutral course of things it was the last time his country could reward him. Under these circumstances his claims were rejected he was

thrown out and laid on the shelf. Now, what I affirm, with great respect, is, that this act, proving that infidelity to party obligaions is not temporary, but the stiled rule, virquide and lead that party, will ever et his fortunes with that party. It is etal Scott is elected, its exist-clarged in a dying state, but it sure to die. It Gen. Scott is not patty is not only ended but disgraced; re hold up its head under the h it has long borne with honor and

What will follow? Precisely what was intended by those who have de iberately placed the party in this position. There will be a freesoil or ab lition party established as the great party of the free States, and another party in favor of southern rights. This is a certain consequence of the present state of things. I leave it to others to suggest the remedy, if, indeed, there be any remedy. To me it seems that the case is irremediable.

The Whig party decides that no party services and sacrifices, however great and distinguished, can be rewarded by the highest honor in the gift of the people—the scryice entitled to that honor must be performed in the camp. The Clays and the Websters of our party, if any such there shall be, must be content to have the highest aspirations of their ambitton gratified by an appointment under a military cristian. est aspirations of their ambition gratified by an appointment under a military chieftains. But there will be no Clars and Websters in future time; there is nothing to excite and gratify high ambition in the path of the statesman.

What prompts the soldier on the field of battle to the highest deeds all daring for his country? Primarily, of course the love of that country; but the desire of political promotion is, we all know, not without a powerful influence in producing the results. The army is an organized body for the protection and delence of the country; but let it be understood that deeds of vaforious and high emprise are not to be rewarded by official promotion, and low efficient will your army be? What conquests will is win ? We must deal with men as they are:

Gederal Scott his cone great military services for his country; he deserves the highest mention he holds. I was in layer of creating a highest mention he

made by law for that office, once filled by Wash ington; and then suppose that the President and Senate had, upon consultation, come to the con-clusion that Daviel Webster, as a reward for his civil services, be made heutenant general; hav would the conqueror of Mexico have relished that nomination? Very much, I imagine, as the great statesman of the country would relish he nomination to the Presidency.

I am very much afraid that my

Scott, in the event supposed, would ask - Where shall I go?" And if he could answer this question satisfactorily to himself, would decide that he had served the country, as long as patriotism required, and was at liberty to resign. As to Mr. Webster himself, nething becomes him, in my judgment, but prolound silence --What can be say? It is poor consolation to tell im that he is too elevated for the office; that the people cannot appreciate him? It is an insult to say you are too supopular; for the number is ready-how can you know that ? You never gave me a trial; and as to indications of unpopularity, short of an acidal popular canvass, you can hardly expect me to see them, when thou-

ands crowd around me wherever I go.
There are consideratons which I should be most happy to discuss, if this communication had not already been unreasonably extended, which prove conclusively to my mind that the real inention of the ruling spirits in that convention was, by the nomination of General Scott and the rejection of Mr. Webster and Mr. Fillmore, to destroy the national whig party.

AN OLD WHIG.

SCOTT'S PAY AND ALLOWANCES.

We have beard much complaint made about Mr. Moriwether, the new Senator from Kentucky. by the Whig press, for the call made in reference to the sums of money paid Gen. Scott from the p: "lic treasury, and also the amount received by Gen. Pierce. The same call was made by the Whigs when Gen. Cass was a candidate, and this grumbling on their part only goes to show that they don't wish to see the General's peculations exposed. Gen. Scott, however, is a candidate for a high trust-the highest known to our laws -and it is nothing but right that the people should know how to appreciate his honesty in the arency heretofore committed to his care, before they place him in a position of greater responsi bility. . The call was made to elicit facts for the people; and these facts we have in the figures

Regular pay and allowance to Gen. Scott. Through 2d Auditor's \$201,509 71 Office, Through 3d Auditor's

Extra allowance to Gen. Scott. Through Register's Office, Through 2d Auditor's 14,737 93

Through 3d Auditor's Amount witheld without warrant of law, Amount unaccounted for,

Regular pay and allowance to Gen. Pierce. Through the Register's

\$17,190 78

3,182 62 Office, Extra allowance to Gen. Pierce. Through Register's office Norming, 2d Auditor's office, 3d Auditor's office. Amount illegally withheld,

unaccounted for,

Through 2d Auditor's

We have not room for the whole report given in the Union, but enough is stated to show that there has been fraud practised by General Scott which he has failed to account for. One of these items is contained in a balance of \$12,873 03 out of a sum of \$30,000 placed in his hands during the Mexican war. There are other items, allowed, whilst, receiving full pay as Major General of the United States army, and unwarranted by law, amounting to \$7.885 19, besides numerous sums lor extras, which to say the least of them, doubts are entertained as to their moral legality. Let the ople ponder over these facts well and decide

But how stands Gen. Pierce's account. He received for ten years service as Representative and Senator in Congress, including mileige, \$16,808; and as District Attorney of the United States for New Hampshire from April 1, 1845, to Feb. 28, 1847, 8383 78; and as pay or services rendered in Alexico as a Brigadier General, \$3,182 62; extra allowances, money withheld and unaccounted for normso! We leave our readers to draw their own inferences Democratic Pla form.

THE GREAT SWEEPSTAKES OF 1852.

FOUR NAGS ENTERED. The entries to the Presidential race track four mile heats, fifty million sweepstakes every year for four years, are now complete. Four nags are on the turf-one is a regular old war horse, a little stiff in the joints from bad management, and somewhat troubled with the Botts. He is, however, full of plack, though good judges say he holds his head too high for a four mile circuit. Opposed to him is a young horse from the Granite Hills, clean limbed, light bodied. head well out, buts his feet square to the ground with a springy motion, has run well upon the quarter stretch, and has all the points of good wind and bottom. Old sportsmen dre betting on him two to one, against the field. The third horse is the old Detender from Mussachu-

"In truth he is a noble steed.

A Tanar of the Ukraine breed." But he has been sadly neglected and knocked up by hard drudgery as a dray horse. He fires up with wonderful energy, notwithstanding, at the tap of a drum; and as it was impossible to hold nim back at Baltimore, it has been determined to give him a chance, although at the great disadvantage of being next to the outside. But outside of all comes the jolly Free Soiler from New Hampshire. He is a lively, blackish colured, woolly horse, good deal of wind and gas. but not much bottom; rather heavy in flesh for a long heat, but full of deviltry. Every body believes he will run foul of old Chippewa or Young Hickory from the start, and throw one or the other of them, all of a heap, before the race is over. It is very much feared, from a bad habit of his jockeys, that he will give old Chippewa a horrible full in turning the short corner of Ohio, in fact, we have reason to fear, that at various points of the course, the old Massachusetts bay, as well as Free Soiler, will jostle Seward, the rider of Chippewa, very roughly, so much so that the knowing ones refuse to bet upon either the regular Whig horse or his rider. But,

Dropping the parable, each of the four candidates before the people is a remarkable man. Gen. Scott is the greatest military chieftain, and can produce a longer catalogue of killed and wounded than any hero in the Union. Mr. Welster is immeasurably the most learned and powerful constitutional statesman of the day. Gen. Pierce is, by all odds, the most sagarious and sure-footed politician of them all, while Hale is the most notorious wit and joker that ever split the sides of the old fogics of the Senate with a roar of laughter. Thus we have the perfection of military science, the perfection of statesmanof military science, the perfection of statesman-ship and diplomacy, the perfection of political buffoonery and ground and lofty tumbling all in the field together. The struggle is becoming in-tensely interesting, and in a few short weeks we shall be able to see what will be the result. It looks had for the Seward interest, but it may im-prove. Let us have hope, and whip up.

WHIG ARGUMENTS.

A Whig, writing about a Scott meeting in Pennsylvania, describes the following as one of the attractions of the occasion:

"An immense soup bowl," on wheels, containing a band, glee club, with flags, banners, and three or four live coops, left here, drawn by taining a band, glee club, with flags, banners, and three or four live coons, left here, drawn by six gray horses, for Washington, Pennsylvania, followed by a wagon sixty leet long, containing some one hundred delegates, drawn by thirty-one elegant horses, each beating a flag with the name of one of the States.

There is a and degeneracy exhibited in this sort of distinguishing Whig frivolity. The Water

In accordance with the the State Central Committee a in the Court House, on Friday the ember, for the purpose of appoin Committee for Jefferson County, such other measures as might be des ry to promote simultaneous and con tion among the friends of the great To-

TEMPERANCE MEETIN

On motion, Dr. R. S. BLACKER called to the Chair, and A. G. M. pointed Secretary.

Lawson Botts E-q., then arose and he object of the meeting as set g On motion, the chair apointed a consisting of Lawson Bons Erg. R. H Rev. P. Eletcher, Dr. Alexander, Dr. Thos. Johnson, whose duty it was in a centlemen living in or near Charles

able persons to forma Central Con ferson county, and also to fill any might occur in said Central Com be the duty of the Central Comm rate with the State Central Come tain local Committees in different county. They then retired and nomin following gentlemen as suitable pers said Committe: N. S. White E.q., The son, Jas: McDaniel, Dr. G. F. Masper C. Moore. On motion, they were do Rev. P. Fletcher then gave to the the Memorial prepared by the State Con nittee, which memorial is to be present Legislature of Virginia, at its next Se

The memorial was then read, and on an dered to be published in the papers of ty. The memorial is as follows. TO THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF VIEW The undersigned, citizens of Jeff. espectfully petition your honorable hele he present session, to effect the mode. the license system, herein set forth, beta we do that the present law is detective the county and corporation courts, are w ed with discretionary power, as to be all

In Winche of his fathe RIELY, of

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cense in opposition to the will of a main voters of a county or corporation. That upon the application of twester. oters, of any-county or corporation be opened at the next ensuing election gates to the General Assembly, for the f recording the vote of the qualified favor of, and against, the granting of the sale of intexicating liquors by the corporation courts. Il a majorily vole ly, said courts shall have no never cense, and if a majority vote affirmation be in their discretion to grant or walking courts shall require of all persons of cense, under this act, bond and security quate penalty that they will not sell in iquors to any minor, colored person, or me drunkard, and shall, on seeking tenexal license, make outh that they have not said rersons, during the preceding year; and be lawful to seize, conf scate and destr quors offered for sale in any county or corne where licenses have been refused in acr with this act, upless said liquors are fers nal, sacramental or mechanical purposts Your petitioners cannot doubt has quests are entitled to, and will receive

ever pray, &c. The meeting then adjourned. R. S. BLACKBURN, Ch. A G. McDASHEL, Sec'y. ADJOURNED TEMPERANCE W

vorable consideration, and that your ad

correspond with the importance of the

the will of the people. And your pe

According to adjournment the friends perance met in the Court House, on las evening, to dispose of the resolution wh been under discussion for several weeks The Chairman and Secretary of the meeting again filling those offices. The resolution was then read by the and after considerable discu-sion, between sis Hunter, Botts, Eggleston and Lee is lution was again read, and a vote takes. jority voting in Tavor of the resolution carried, and was so decided by the Chan W. Beller appealed from the decision of and called for a division-whereupon to

sion of the chair was confirmed. There was as follows: Resolved. That the traffic in intoxica paors as a beverage is not only usees olutely injurious to society-a dram physical resources-destructive of happiness, and a fruitful source of i and crime : that experience has show ly of all attempts to ficeuse it, and the vernment to derive revenue from the hat which is morally wrong; that the duty of a State to protect her citizens and covers the evils which grow out of the fie; and that the passage of a law probi altogether, and entercing such prob other penalties, by the confiscation and tion of the article itself, when illegally exposed for sale, would be legislation principle, wholesome in operation, and be desired, so scon as it can be a cent

a majority of the voters of-Virginia area of its enactment. The meeting then adjournal, and resol to a precinct meeting, the object of whi to elect a precinct committee to act hi with the central committee for Jefferson appointed at a meeting held in the Court li on Friday morning.

On motion the Chair appointed Laxion! Wm. A. Suddith, Rev. Mr. Eggleston, Rawlins and It. Hudson to report a cons They reported the following gentlements ble persons for that commisce: Thos. I Join P. Brown, Lawson Botts, A. G. Mell John J. Lock, Dr. R. S. Blackburn and flen

The report was then adopted. R. H.Ja arose and explained the origin, nature and of the memorial, which had been placed hands of the county central committee. being no other business the meeting all R. S. BLACKBURN, C

A. G. McDANIEL, Sec'y.a MASONS' HALL, CHARLESTOWS Sept. 20th, A. D. 1852, N. L. 58 At a Convention of the Committees Subordinate Lodges of the 17th Masonic trict, under the jurisdiction of the Grand la of the State of Virginia, to take into con tion the best mode to carry out the resul Grand Lodge of Virginia, at its last Grand publication, in relation to a proper celebral the Centennial Anniversary of the laibab

dur late illustrious Brother George-Wash D. G. M. Louis FRY was called to the and B. W. HERBERT appointed Secretary The following committees appeared as swered to their names: Excelsion, No. 54-Represented by Louis Fry. Mount Nebo, No 91-Brothers L. C. Ils

and J. P. A. Entler. Triluminar, So. 117-Bro. John G. M. Equality, No. 136-Brothers A. S. Chi and Alex. Newcomer. Charity, No. 111-Bro. Geo. Mauzy. Malia, No. 80-Bros. James McDanie, I A: Redinan, and C. G. Stewart. It was moved and carried that each Lot ntitled to one rote.

Martinsburg was selected as the mes place to have the celebration. On motion it was-Resolved, That a committee be appoint he various subordinate Lodges—thus, fire bers from Equality and one member from the other Lodges, to wit: Equality, No. 12 Bros. Hunter, Chambers, Van Doten, Math and Heagden. Triluminar, No. 117-Minghini Excelsior, No 54-B. Gilbert.

No. 80-J. R. A. Redman. Mount Neby 91-J. P. A. Entler. On motion it was-Resolved, That the newspapers town, Martinsburg and Shepherdstowa !

On motion the Convention adjourned LOUIS FRY, Chairm B. W. HERBERT, Secretary.

WONDERFUL ESCAPE FROM DEATH. Marling, L.q., the editor of the Nashville recently wounded in a renconter with Gencoffer, of the Nashville Banner, is recoved

hysicians having succeeded in extracting all from his neck. The Union says of his nose, passed immediately above the and was found lodged in the back part of the about two inches behind the ear, near the of the skull. It seems a miracle that a risk should be driven entirely through a man standard the ear, a distance of 6 or 8 inches, without and fatal inches. The bullet entered his face a little to

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Dr. R. S. BL.

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BLACKBURN,

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av themselves under the banner of Pience and King, and the Constitution and the Union. Mr. TICKEE is a bold and elequent champion of Democracy, and, considering his youth, it is doubtful whether the Democratic party has an abler champion in the State.

MARRIAGES. On Thursday last, by Rev. DAVID THOMAS, Mr. 1400B D. COPENHAVER and Miss MARY A. SELLER, daughter of Mr. Adda Beller—all of rkelev county -

On the Bridge, at Harpers-Ferry, on Sanday, 4th isstant, by Rev J. F. PRICE, ADOLPHUS TOMLEN and Miss MARY MERCER—both of Londonn county, On the Bridge, at Harpers-Ferry, on Monday, 5th in lant, by the same, Mr. ARCHIBALD DULANEY and Miss LOUISA V. CARPENTER—both of Madion county, Virginia. on county, Virginia.

In Martinsburg, on the 16th instant, by Rev. Mr. THOMAS, Mr. JESSE BRILLHART and Miss ELIZ. SCANIKER, daughter of ADAM SCANIKER—all of

Berkeley county, Virginia. At Auburndale, Mas achusetts, on Tuesday, 31st nltimo by Rev. Mr. HUNTINGTON, Mr. ISAAC T. BURR, of Boston, and Miss ANN FRANCES, daughter of Compour Haudon, of Martinsburg, Virgin:a

DEATHS. On the 6th instant, Mrs. REBECCA D. CLEVIN GER, e-moort of Alfred Clevinger, and daughter of the late Joseph Grantham, in the 41st year of herage.

In Reading, Pennsylvania, on the 24th ultimo. Mr. VENPORT ORRICK, formerly of Martinsburg, in 53d year of his age. In Winchester, on the 11th instant, Mrs. SARAH MARCII, consort of Mr. HENRY MARCH, in the 65th bare with christian fortitude and resignation to the

In Winchester, on the 13th instant, at the residence his father in-law, SAMUEL RAY, ADDISON B. BIELV, of Baltimore, aged 42 years. A large circle of relatives and friends is left to banent a severe loss. In Winchester, on the 27th of August, of bilious in erand niscteen days, youngest son of Rev. George W.
and Scotta Ann Drems, of the Virginia Annual Conleteace Metholist Episc pal Church South.

Providence permitting a protracted meeting will be hell in Elk Branch Church, commencing on Friday acal, the 21th instact, at 11 o'clock, r. ht. eptember 21, 1552.

Religious Notice.

An Episcapal Association will commence at Kable-orn, on Wednesday n xl, 22d instant, and continue shout the week. Services, morning and night, on services commencing at 11 o'clock. [Sept. 21.

The Markets. BALTIMORE MARKET.

Review of the Baltimore Markets

which number 9 U were sold to city butchers, and 50 were left over un-old. Prices ranged from \$2.75 to 3 of on the hoof -equal to \$5.5) a \$7.00 net, and aveing 33.25 gross.

3.25 gross.

We quote at 7.75 a \$8.00.

The sales of the week comprise about 5100 Bio, at \$7 a 91 cents. ny at \$4.25 and closed on Friday at \$4.15%. City Mills - We quote at \$4.25. Coax Meat. -Sales at \$3.50 per bbl.

The inspections for the week are - Flour : 23,030 1.1s and 157 half barrels. Also, 1673 bbls. Commeal. WHEAT. - To-day we quote good to best new Mar fan reds at 87 a 20 cents with sales -white 20 a 100 Conx -- Sales of white at 63 a 61 cents, yellow at 67 Ukrs - We quote Mary land at 30 a 33 cents. Grano - Peruvian 42 a \$43; Patagonian 22 a \$25

Morasses,-We mote new crop New Orleans at 29 PLATER .- Sales at \$2 57! per ton. Bloos - We quot Shoulders at 31 cents, Sides 10; Lian. - Ne quote at 11 cents in bbls., and 12 cents per lb. in kees. Wood. Small sales at 23 a 25 cents per lb. for un tashed, and 32 a 35,cts, for washed.

Winterst. - We note small sales at 23 a 24 cts, per [The papers of Monday note botchange since Friday; in the price of Flour, Wheat, Cattle or Hogs.] ALEXANDRIA MARKET-Saturday, Sept. 18.

Fines.-Store price \$4.25-wagon and car price, Grain - We quote red wheat at \$5 a 90 ets., white 20 a 25 cts. Corn is firm we quote white at 59 a 61 cts., cllow at 62 a 63 cts. Outs 34 a 36 cts. Cloyerso -it is selling by the single ton of 2,000 lbs. TE2 - Cargo price about \$3-retail price 3 50. Borr Garres.—The supply is better—and the prices other firm r. We quote at 3 to a \$3.50 per 160 lbs. toss. Live Hogs \$5.00 a \$5.25. Lambs \$2.25 a 2.50,

Winchester Market.

For the Week ending Sept. 16, 1852.

Articles.	Wagon Price.			Store Price.		
BACON.	10	2	11	11		12
FLOUR.	375	2	3 15	4 00	B	4 25
FLAXSEED,	57	2	90	1 10	a	UCK
FEATHERS.	45	2	-00	40		45
GRAIN-Wheat.	75	2	80	75	2	0 80
Oats,	23	2	31 -	33	2	37
Corn.	40	2	45	50	2	00
Rye,	60		65	65	- 2	70
LARD.	6	2	SI	9	2	10
PLASTER.	The second secon	2	AND THE PARTY OF T	00 0	252	O

Dr. A. W. GRAY OFFERS his Professional Services to the citizens of Charlestown and its vicinity .-He will be found at his office, (the one formerly occupied by the Rev. Mr. Dutton,) or at Carter's Hotel, unless professionally engaged. September 21, 1852.

Valuable and Productive JEFFERSON COUNTY FARM FOR SALE.

THE subscriber intending to leave the county. offers at Private Sale the Farm on which he resides, located near Lectown, about five miles from Charlestown, the County seat, and about it miles from Shepherdstown, 23 miles to Cameton's Depot, on the W. & P. Railroad, 5 miles

from KerneysvilleDer of on the B.& O. Railroad. The said Farm contains 210 3-4 ACRES. of first-rate Limestone Land-Ithas been cultivated for the last nine years chief-ly with a view of improvement, and is now in a highly productive condition. There is about 60 ACRES well Timbered, and a large quantity of good Locust. The Improvements consists a GOOD LOG HOUSE, with a Brick

Addition attached, and a Brick Wing,
30 feet long; a first rate Brick Smoke.
House; good Corn House. Also a
never failing WELL of Limestone water.
The place is well supplied with Fruit, there being a YOUNG ORCHARD, just ed last Fall. The locality, style, and condition of this Property render it very eligible for the terms at which it will be dis-The Terms will be made known on application

o the subscriber: JAS. HENRY ALLSTADT. Lectown, Jeff. co., Va., Sept. 21, 1859.

TRUSTEE'S SALE

TRUSTEE'S SALE.

By Virtue of a Deed of Trust, given by Joseph L. Dillow, in favor of Philip Coons in which I am trustee, and by written consent of the parties, I am authorized to sell, the parties, I billow's residence, on Philip Coons Mountain Retreat farm, two miles above Harrier Ferry, on the south side of the Shennudual inter, all the property mentioned in said deed except the real estate, viz:

4 Horses, I three house Waron:

1 four-horse Waron, 2 pair Wood Ladders:

2 pair Stretchers, 1 pair Shelvins;

1 Cart, 1 extra Waron Wheel:

3 double Showel Ploughs, 2 single do. do:

3 Burshear Ploughs, 1 Jackscrive;

3 sets Waron Gears, for wheel horses;

4 do do for leaders;

1 Windmill, 1 Sow, 5 Shorte;

1 Catting Box, 2 four-prong Tokis.

There cash. No import to be removed the unitered sell the terms of sale are not compiled with.

By-Laws and Reculations The Corporation officers of Charlestown, de-irons of subserving the public convenience and accessity of the town, which it is believed a well ordered and regulated Market will afford, have a-dopted the following By-Laws and Eegulations, a strict adherence to which will be enforced against all offenders and violators of their provisions; 1. Be it enacted and seclared by the Trustees of the town of Charlestown, that it shall not be lawful

for any person, on any day which now is or here-after shall be set apart for market day, within the town of Charlestown, to buy or sell any kind of flesh, fish, fowl, butter, cheese, fruit, vegetables, eggs, or any other articles of marketing, at any other place within said town, thus the market house, until after nine o'clock in the morning; and f any person do or shalf sell or buy any articles marketing at any other place within the said town before the hour aforesaid on any of the days alore before the hour aforesails on any of the days afore-said, in any year, such buyer and selfer shall each forfest and pay one dollar for every such offence, to be recovered with costs before the Mayor or Recorder of Charlestown, or any magistrate of Jef-lerson county, one-half of which shall go to the informer and the other half to be applied by the Trustees to the benefit of said town.

2. The board of Common Council shall annually appoint a market master to superintend the Charlestown market, who during his term of office shall faithfully perform the duties of market mas-

3. The Market Master of the market upon the application of any person, or upon his own suspi-cion, shall weigh in the scales and by the weights of the market, any butter brought to market for sale in rolls or prints, every which roll or print is alledged by the owner to weigh half a jound, or upwards, and it any such foll or print shall be found lighter than the weight alledged by the owner or vender, it shall be lawful for the market master to seize the same and condern it for the benefit of the town: Provided such scizure and condemnation are made previous to any sale thereof.

shall be the duty of the market master of

the market, at all times to attend to the execution of the laws concerning the market, and to inform against all persons witom he shall know to have een guilty of any breath thereof, or whom he shall be informed of having been so guilty, and particularly the offences of buying and selling provisions at any other than the market place.

5. If any person shall think himself or herself aggrieved or defrauded in the weight of any quanity of meat purchased of any but her in the market place, such person may apply to the market master of the market, whose daty it shall be upon such application, to try the weight of the meat so purchased; and if upon such trial the same shall be found o light, the butcher shall for every such offence torfeit and pay a fine of one dollar, to be recovered with costs and applied as aforesaid.

6. Market shall be held every week on Wednesday

and Saturday. The market master shall even the market from October 1st to April 1st at 5 o'clock, A. M., and close at 9, and from April 1st to October it shall open at 4 A. M., and close at 8 o'clock. And no person, before the opening of the market, shall buy, sell, engage, negotiate, or bargain for any thing to be exposed in market mar in market, under a penalty of \$1.

7. The market master shall take, and during his continuance in office shall beep in his possession, care and charge, the market house of Charlestown; he shall, at least twice in the week, on doys preceding the market, cause to be clean swept the market house, and all dirt, snow, filth, or rubbish to be removed therefrom.

8. It shall be the duty of the market master to attend market during market hours, to enforce the rules and From the Baltimore Markets

From the Baltimore American of Saturday.

From the Baltimore American of Saturday.

Rest Cattle.—The number of Cattle offered at the des on Mon lay amounted to 950 heal of breves, of inch number 9 0 were sold to city butchers, and 50 such stall or his agent, sell most in a pollar or measure.

such stall or his agent, sell jurat in smaller 9. The market master shall have power, at the request of either party, to divide any dispute arising at market, touching the weight or measure of any article 10. It shall be the duty of Market Master to give notice of the time of opening and closing the market.

11. All fines or penalties which are provided for in the By-Laws and Regulations of this Market, shall be, and are hereby declared to be recoverable, before the Mayor or Recorder of the Corporation, or any Justice of the Peace of the County, the cause being tried on the same day which the offence has been committed. Pro-vided, application has been made by the Market-Master,

and the party offending has refused to pay, the penalty imposed. Teste, Sept. 16, 1852. Clerk of Corporation. COMPANY ORDERS. FEXILE-Halltown Company will parade at its usual place, on Saturday, the 2d of October, at 11 o'clock, A.M. Also the North Bo livar Comeany, on the some day, at McCoy's store, at 2 o'clock, P M The Shepherdstown Battalion will parate in front of J. Entler's Hotel, Saturay, October 9th, at 11 o'clock. The Leetown Company will parade at Leetown, Saturday, October 16th, at 11 o'clock. Also the Smithheld Company, in front of

Smith's Hotel, on the same day at 2 o'clock. The two Charlestown Companies will parade in Charlestown, Saturday, October 23d, at Mrs. Holl's, at 11 o'clock, the other at the Market-House, at 2 o'clock. The Kabletown Company will parade in Ka-

bletown, Saturday, October 30th, at 11 o'clock. By order of the Colonel: J. W. ROWAN, Adit. 55th Regiment of Vagina Militia.

September 21, 1852. PAY YOUR TOWN TAXES.

To the citizens of Charlestown. FRAHE Corporation Tax is now due, you wil I therefore be prepared to pay when called on as I have but little time to collect them and money is much wanted, C. G. BRAGG,

September 21, 1852. Collector. ESTRAK BULL. STRAYED from my residence in July last, a white Yearling BULL, with spots on his side, large horns, and no ear marks. A reasonable reward will be paid for his recovery.
Sept. 21, 1852. 3OHN M. COYLE.

WANTED.

BOY, 14 or 16 years of age, in a Hardware, A Iron, and Grocery Store-one from the country that can write a good hand, is willing to devote his whole time and attention to business and will engage from 4 to 6 years, for a moderate compensation. Address, with recommenda-tions enclosed. T. RAWLINS & SON. September 21, 1852.

Flour, warranted as good as the best or returned. For sale by Sept. 21. T. RAWLINS & SON.

Foxwell Wheat. HAVING been appointed agents for the sale of the productive Wheat, we have now on hand 100 bushels, with accompanying certificates, to which we invite the attention of farmers. Sept. 21. KEYES & KEARSLEY. Sweet Polatoes.

50 BUSITELS prime Sweet Potatoes, just received by

KEYES & KEARSLEY. Sept. 21. FOR SALE. WE have a complete set of Mule Gearing for sale, entirely new, suitable for either nules or horses. They are of the best make and material. We will sell them on time as we

have no use for them.

BLACKBURN & GO.

August 24, 1852—tf. N DARLY. THE RICHARD SEWELL.

No. 324 Market Street, two Doors

East of Howard Street, Baltimone. Sept. 13, 1859-19. Schiedam Schuapps.

THIS Gir has been imported expressly for Medicinal purposes, and is recommended by physicians as a tonic in cases of extreme debility. For sale in bottles by Sept. 14. H. L. EBY & SON.

Pale and Dark Brandy, very superior, just received from Philadelphia, with a superior Old Whiskey from same market.

Sept. 13. H. L. EBY & SON.

O'UR stack of Ladies 'Shees Goods, for fall use is now complete, have grind acceived Pink.
Blue and Mole Colored Mouslins; Cashmeres and Alpacas.
Sept. 1439 HOCK, CRAMER & LINE.

CATTLE SHOW

AGRICULTURAL AND HORTICULTURAL EXHIBITION

Valley Agricultural Society Va., on the 20th and 21st of October, 1852.

The second Annual Exhibition of the Valley Agricultural Society of Virginia, will take place on Wednesday and Thursday, the 20th and 21st of October next, half a mile from Charlestown, in a beautiful grove enclosed by the Society for

The Society, encouraged by the success which

attended the first Exhibition, is stimulated to tenewed exertion to have the present one on a much more extended scale. The officers pledge themselves that no exertion, on their part, shall be spared to give increased satisfaction to all. and most especially the ladies; for, without their attendance, no matter however well all other departments may be filled, that one will be wanting, which has never yet failed to bring with it success and prosperity. Therefore, we say unto them, especially, not only to come themselves, but bring with them every thing which pertains to their department. Be not deterred from bringing them because you may presume others may be there, which may prove superior

to your own; it is only by comparison that their relative merits can be determined. Let every member of the Society send something to be exhibited, and do not again do, as many did last year—go from the Fair, saying to themselves, "I have a much better cow, sheep, hog, or other articles at home." It was a contradiction upon their part, if they had, they would bited them. Now, we say to one and whatever you may have will for a fair and honorable of feated, you will enjoy the knowing that others had

articles, and were more en

yourselves. To the manufacturers of 2 ments and Tools, we extend a to be present. Your interests the propriety of making a good various machinery. It is the through which you can make kn mer, their various advantages. If you fail) make the exhibit, and thus deprive the farmer of comparing them with others, it will be construed into an acknowledgment, on your part, of their pleriority. We say to you be present with your machinery, and show to the world, no matter low others may diller as to their relative merits. that you are neither ashamed nor alraid to compare the workmanship or test the advantages of

Farmers of the Valley of Virginia! in the adcancement of the agricultural interest, each one of us owes a duty to all the rest. Let us now try, and prevent any of us from being the last to

> President. L. W. WASHINGTON. Vice Presidents.

A. R. BOTELER, of Jefferson, THOMAS F. NELSON of Clarke. RICHARD BARTON of Frederick. CHAS. JAS. FAULENER of Berkeley. Dr. R. S. BLACKBURN, Corr'g Secretary. R. W. BAYLOR, Secretary and Treasurer.

JAS. L. HOOFF, Assistant Secretary. Board of Managers. ames D. Gibson, | Francis Peters, Martin Eichelberger, P. P. Pendleton, Wm. G. Ferguson, George H. Tate, Maj. Thus. Briscoe, F. M. Eichelberger. Committee on Reception of Strangers. r. W. F. Alexander, | John T. Gibson, James W. Beller, Lawson Botts, N. S. White. R. H. Butchef,

Order of Exhibition. On Wednesday, at 2 o'clock, P. M , the Judges will enter upon the performance of their duties it inspecting, and awarding premiums. On hat dry mone but Members of the Society and the Judges will be admitted on the ground. At 3 p'clock, on the first day, the Ploughing Match will take place.

On Tilursday morning, at 8 o'clock, the gates vill be opened to receive visitors. At 120'clock, in the same day, the address will be delivered. Immediately after the address, the reports of the Judges will be read, and the premiums awarded and distributed." Regulations.

All Members of the Society, and all who shall scome Hembers will be furnished with badges, which will admit the person and ludies of his tamily at all times during the continuance of

Admittance to a single person, 25 cents. All Exhibitors at the Pair must become memers of the Society, and must be the bona fide owner of animals or articles exhibited. In evev instance where ownership is disputed, the remium will be withheld until the Executive ominittee shall decide the question at issue. No animals or articles entered for exhibition, can be taken away before the close of the Pair, acept by permission of the Executive Commitce; and no premium will be paid on animals or rticles removed in violation of this rule. Animals and articles entered for exhibition vill have cards attached with the No. as entered at the business office, and exhibitors must, in all cases, obtain their cards previous to placing their stock or articles on the show grounds,

otherwise the Secretaries will not be responsible for any omission of articles furnished in their list to the respective Judges. The Judges are requested to hand in their reorts and awards on the afternoon of the 20th. or 6 o'clock, to the Secretary of the Society, in order that he may arrange the premiums for distribution immediately after the address on the

The Marshal of each department will take special charge of the matters within his department, and will attend to their accommodation and arrangement. At the appointed time he will get Judges together of his department, and point out all subjects for their decision, and when their duty is discharged will get their report and return it to the Secretary.

List of Premiums.

DURHAMS MARSHAL-HENRY SHEPHERD. Judges-Dr. J. H. Taylor, Roger Chew, W. H. Norris and Joseph Grape. For the best Bull 3 years old and upwards, \$5; best Bull 2 years old, 2 50; best Bull 1 year old,

2. Best Cow 3 years old and upwards, \$5; best Heiler 2 years old, 2 50; do. 1 year oid, 2. HEREFORDS. For the best Bull 3 years old and upwards, best Bull 2 years old, 2 50; best Bu 2. Best Cow 3 years old and spwan

Heifer 2 years old, 2 50; best AYRSHIR Judges-J. C. R. Taylo Washington and For the best Bull 3 years of best Bull 2 years old, 2,50; best

2. Best Cow 3 years old, 5; best la old, 2 50; best Heifer I year old, 2. Natives or Grades. DAILY & Co.,

MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN

CERT OF THE DEST Built 3 years old and upwards, \$5.

bes: Built 2 years old, 2 50; best Hall 1 year old, 2. Best Cow 3 years old, 5; best Heller 2 years old, 3 50; best Heller 1 year old, 3.

HALF-BRED RAISI'S.

Marshal — Jons A. Thomson,
dges — G. E. Kemble, A. S. Dandridge, C. S.
Taylor and R. B. Washington For the Best Bull 2 years old, \$5; best Bull 1 year old, 5; best bull Calf, under 12 months old, 2; best Heiler 2 years old, 2 50; best Heiler 1 year old 2 50; best heiler Calf under 12 months old, 2.

best Fat Heiler, 2 50; best slaughtered Mutton, 2; best lot of Live Matten, not less than five, 5.

MARSHAX—BESJAMI MORGAN.

Judges—T. G. Baylor, G. D. Mosre, Ralasm
Usborn, G. W. Ranson and Ebon Prost.

For the best fine Wool Back, \$2.50; heat pair
of fine Wool Ewes, 2.50; best pair of fine Wool
Lambs, 2.50; best Long Wool Back, 2.50; best

pair long Wool Ewes, 250; best pair long Wool Lambs, 250; best Buck of mixed blood, 250; 2d best Buck mixed blood, 2; best pen of Lambs, not less than five, 250; best Buck, of any breed, 500; best South down Buck, 250; best South lown Ewe, 2.50; best of South down Lambs

SWINE.

MARSHAL—J. H. McEndres.

Judges—Thos. Rawlins, W. H. Conklyn, Charles
H. McCurdy, Daniel Moler and Alfred Ross.
For the best Boar 3 years old, \$21; best Boar 1
year old, 2; best Sow uvet 2 years old, \$21; best Sow 1 year old, 2, best lot of Pigs, not less than five, and under Gunomins old, 4; best pair of shoats under 1 year old, \$21; best Sew and Pigs, 4.

HORSES.

Marshal—Grenge W. Sappington.

Judges—Win. Crow, 1. P. Lylles, John H. Campbell, Dr. V. M. Butler and Dr. G. F. Mason.
For the best Stallion for heavy draught, \$52; best

For the best Stallion for heavy draught, \$5; best brood Mare for heavy draught, 5; best Stallion for quick draught, 5; best broad Mare for quick draught, 5; best Stallion for saddle, 5; best broad Mare for saddle, 5; best broad Mare for saddle Horse, best pair of Matched Horses, 5; best saddle Horse, Mare or Gelding, 3; best pair of a raught Horses, 3; best team of draught Horses, not less than six, 5; best 3 year old filly or colt, 3; best 2 year old filly or colt, 2; best 1 year old filly or colt, 1; Brackwares will be required to have colts by their sides.

MULES AND JACKS.

HICOLTURAL IMPLEMENTS.

MARSUAL-FRANCIS McCORMICK.

O'Bannon, Wells J. Hawks and Jos. Myers!

Oz Yoks, Grain Cradle,

MARSHAL-JAMES GRANTHAM.

Judges-Champ Shepherd, Charles Lee, George D. Wiltshire, Daniel W. Sowers and George

CLASS No. 3.

MARSHAL—COL. FRANCIS YATES.

Judges—Geo, Isler, Jacob Wagely, Edward Haines.

For the best Wheat Thresher and Horse-power,

Hay or Straw Cutter, Fodder Cutter and Grinder,

\$5; for 2d best do., 2; for Fanning Mill, 250; for

PLOUGHING MATCH

Judges-Geo. W. Eichelberger, Geo. B. Beall Richard Henderson and John C. Wiltshire.

DAIRY, HONEY AND FRUIT.

Ridenour and C. H. Lewis.

than 5 lbs., \$2; 2d best, 1; best Cheese, not less

For the largest assortment of table vegetable

HOUSEHOLD MANUFACTURES.

Judges-B. T. Towner, James Hurst, M. Helm

and H. Keys.

For the best Quilt, 32; best Counterpane (yarn.
2; 2d best do., 1; best Hearth rng, 1; best Counterpane (cotton,) 1; best pair of home-made Blan

kets, 2; 2d best do., 1; best home-made Carpet; best piece of fulled Linsey, 1; best piece stripe

Linsey, I; best home-made Soap; best home-made Bread, I; best Pound Cake, I; best Spunge Cake

1; best specimen of Pickles, 1; best specimen of Preserves, I.

BACON HAMS.

MARSHAL-JACOB MORGAN.

All competitors for premiums, are requested to have their Hams cooked and brought to the exhibi-

tion with the skins on, and to state manner of curing FLOWERS.

MARSHAL-J. R. A. REDMAN.

Judges Ambrose Ranson, Jerr. Harris, T. C. Sig-afosse, J. S. Moore and Wm. T. Daugherty. For the greatest and choice varieties of Flowers,

\$2; do. variety of Dahlias, 1; do. variety of Roses 1; do., handsomest Boquet, 1.

best bushel of Rye; best bushel of Oats; best bush

el of Timothy seed; best bushel of Cloverseed; best bushel of Irish Potatoes. No one can be a

competitor for these premiums who is not the actu-

at producer of the article contended for.

Each separate kind or parcel culered, will be considered as entered only to compete with samples of the same kind. The best article of each kind to

take all the others of the same kind as a premium DISCRETIONARY PREMIUMS.

Manshat J. F. Hampanck.

Judges Col J. W. Ware, Horace Brooke, E. M.

HAY. Hay will be furnished for all animals entered for

Hay will be formished by all animals enfered for premiums.

From the great liberality heretofore extended by Railroad Companies, upon occasions of this kind exhibitions may calculate out having animals and articles intended for exhibition, transported free of costs and visitors will be able to procure the round trip tickets at half price.

September 14, 1853.

To the citizens of Jefferson county
M ESSRS, YOUNG & VANANDA will
M Trit on the citizens of Jefferson county
during the present month with a fine is ellected
at HAVES, money which are Ref. Good ish
History of All Nations, History of Additions
Life of Zachary Favior, Wild Senors of a Honey
ter a Life Life of Rossyth, Old Religious Amaiet
Golden Steps live the Loung Life of Heavy
Clay Life of General Scott, Phirmen servety sho
Heart Family Bibles, Poeket ditto, Rosmy, Dic

petitione in 16 to stall

handsomest Boquet, I. SWEEPSTAKE PREMIUMS.

MARSHAL-JOHN SELDEN.

CLASS No. 2.

For the best Single Shovel Plough,

Harrow

Roller,

For the best Wheat Drill,

2d Wheat Reaper,

Churn, 1; for Hay and Dung Porks, 1.

Farm Wagon,

Corn Sheller,

Cob Crusher

For the best Horse Cart,

For the best Plough,

1; do. of Grapes, 1. VEGETABLES.

best peck of Tomatoes, 1.

2d best do., 2; 3rd best do., 2.

Double do

Corn Planter,

Horse Rake.

Sanital Prize 35,000; 8. 2 of 1,000 - Tickets \$10. \$1,825,824 ON SATURDAY, Sept. the 25th, will be drawn grand consolidated Lottery, Class W .-In this Lottery every Ticket is a prize. Capital Prize 72,000; 1 of 25,000; 1 of 13,000; Judges-N. W. Manning: Levi Henshaw, Alfred

\$60,7181!!

N the wonderful Lottery, on August 28th, we sold the Capital Primo of \$60,718 to a gentleman in Cincionali, in a Package. This lunks unparetelled, and beats the Union; besides to had the good luck of selling one Prima10 23 55 \$3,000 to Albemarle, Va.

28 53 4 000 Lancaster, "

10.000

3 500

19 40 55 20,000 King William, 65 69 75 15,000 Wheeling, "

Besides numerous others of \$1,000, \$500, \$200

Let all the world say what they can, For selling Prizes M. Ausel & Co. are the men. M. ANSEL & CO.,

Do now present their first Fall Lotteries, and no

doubt, from the great success which has attend

ed them of late, and also for 14 years, in selling

Prizes, they feel assured that many Prizes wil

be sent to their Virginia triends, and would ad-

vise those who are in want of money that for a

small outlay they get large returns, although some may not have been so lucky heretofore, still, we say, try again, and the fall of the year may have Great Luck for you in anticipation.

NO RISK NO GAIN!

els \$15, Halves \$7 50, Quarters \$3 75.

Capital Prige.

\$26.00)

24 60) 32,852

Capital Prize \$52,418 : 50 of 50,000-Tick-

DAY, Sept. the 18th. Capital

1,500

But 14 33 53 got the \$60,718!

4 928

1 3 38

16 33 48

39 42 43

1.800 Clarke co., "

Loudoup, "

Pairfax, "

Frederick, "

Vanclevesville,

I of 10,544; 10 of 5,000; 3,000; 1,250 Tickets \$32 00 - shares in proportion. Packages of whole Tickets \$350-Halves \$175 -Quarters \$57.50-Eighths \$43.75.

MONDAY, the 27th, Capital 33,000; 1 of 22,000; 1 of 11,000; 1 of 5,495; 20 of 1,250. Tickets \$10. 20 000 WEDNESDAY, the 29th, Capital 30,000;

We pay all Prizes at sight no matter how large All Orders strictly confidential, and the Official Drawing tent as soon as over.
Small Fry Lottery. The much admired Small Fry Lottery is still drawn on Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday - Capitals 3, 4 and \$5,000. Tickets \$1. Certificate of Package of Wholes \$15-Halves \$750-

20 of 5.000; 20 of 1.000-Tickets \$10.

Quarters \$375.

For a good Prize Adddress, M. ANSEL. & CO., Exchange and Lottery Brokers, Corner of Baltimore and Light Streets, September 7, 1852.

ATTENTION, HOUSEKEEPERS Old Furniture Made New

TIME undersigned having had long experience in the Cabinet-making Busines in Charlestown, as well as an Apprenticeship in Philadel phia, respectfully offers his services to visit the Housekeepers of the county at their houses, and MARSHAL - ISAAC N. CARTER.
Judges-John Humphreys, John R. Flagg, Samuel Alter, Repair, Varnish & Dress

in any manner desired, all articles of For the best specimen of fresh butter, not less FURNITURE that may need renovating. No matter what may be the work required, he will attend to it with than 20 lbs., 2; best 10 pounds Honey, 1; best and greatest number of choice varieties of Apples, 1; do of Peaches, 1; do of Quinces, promptness and fidelity, and his charges will be most reasonable. Reference as to his capacity may be made to Messis. Leonard Sadler, Humphrey Keyes, Robert T. Brown, Wells J. Hawks, and others of Marshal. - David Howell.

Judges-Geo. W. Turner, James V. Moore, R. G.
McPherson, Thos. B. Washington. Any one desiring his services will please ap

5250; best doz. Beets, 1; best doz. Cabbage, 1; best doz. Cauliflowers, 1; best doz. Cabbage, 1; best doz. Brocoli, 1; best doz. Egg plants, 1; best doz. Parsnips. 1; best peck of Onions, 1; best dozen bunches of Celery, 1; best bushel of Potatoes, 1; ply to him personally in Charlestown, or through the Post Office. GEO. R. EVERITT. Aug. 31, 1852-1f. [P P.] Books! Books!! A N Answer to Uncle Tom's Cabin-Aunt Phillis' Cabin-By Mrs. Mary A. Eastman: This work has received the commendations of the Southern press as the ablest answer to Mrs Stone's Work.

The Mormons or Latter Day Saints - By Lieut. J. W. Gunnison. This is an authentic history of that people, compiled by a resident Peterson's National Gallery-6 nos., issued at 25 cents per No. Harper's Magazine, for September-All the back numbers supplied. Life of Scott-Price 121 cents. Warerley Norels, Vol. 4th. Judges—Andrew Kennedy, Samuel Kneller, Wm. C. Worthington and Andrew Hunter For the best Ham, cured by the exhibitor, 3

For sale by L. M. SMITH. August 31, 1859. Driar Books and suit wings, D received by T. RAWLINS & SON August 31.

Cotton Sheeting and Shirting. OUR stock of Cotton is now very complete consisting in part of 4-4 and 7 Cotton Osnaburgs'; Brown Cutton;
Bleached Shirting from 61 to 20 cts.;
Fine Baown Shirting; New York Mills Cotton

Judges-J. J. Lock, J. E. Schley, Wm. H. Griggs and V. W. Moore,

For the best bushel of Corn in the ear; best bushel of Zimmerman Wheat; best bushel Mediterranean do; best bushel of white Blue Stem do; 12-4 Bleached and Brown Sheeting Aug. 31. LOCK, CRAMER & LINE Just Received. Mineral Knob Locks;
White and black cased Tape Lines;
Centre Bitts, Needles assorted, Lead Faucete
Braces and bitts; Shoe Nails assorted; Tacks do ; Wrought Na Is; Bench Screws;

Tongue and Groove Plains, &c.

Aug. 31. T. RAWLINS & SON. Aug. 31. Prepare for Winter. WE have just received a supply of Extra 4 4 Plaid and striped Linsey; Plain and Twilled Flannel; Aisquith, R. H. Lee, Liste Baker and S. Lacktand.

Stocking Yarn of all color and sizes. LOCK CRAMER & LINE. le Blacksmiths. tred to formish to order Anvi nesotall sizes and qualities and on the shortest notice.

P. RAWLINS & SON.

d different patterns and LOCK, CRAMER & LINE. 50 TIGHT Barrels, suitable for Cider, for sale August 21.

THAVE 40 or 50 whiskey barrels in good or der, for sile by JOHN L. HOOFF. Clder Vinegar.
WARRANTED pure, and 5 years old, for saleby KEYES & KEARSLEY.
August 31
Ladica Bress Goods.
A Large stock of Ladies Dress Goods which I will sell at cost.
Aug. 3.

Rock Sufe

Bulleting Powder and Safety Fine Bulleting Powder and for sale at the lower prince by " KEYES & KEARSLEY Adgrees? Table and floor this Cioth, for sale by rell Aug., 31. LOCK, CRAMER & LINE.

300 Twithed Cotton Republicaditiby August the no same singenees come off Anguardia and horse shie Nais just Lincetred by 127. RAWLINS & SON.
Anguardia and Hunp Iron, and Sheet Zinc. just Special by 121 January 122 Anguard by 121 January 122 Anguard by 121 January 122 Jan

Car, tile of General Scott Parameters of Hard Book, Fundy Bibles, Pocket dato, Poeps, Dictionaries, and, in steer, admost Any wars published in the United States association to the formation of a good Family Library, France 12.

The obscillers have also on less a factor could be printed to the country of the printed to the country of the printed to the country and will imprish books on the print to the country and will imprish books on the print to the country and will imprish books on the print to the country and will imprish books on the print to the country and will imprish books on the print to the country and will imprish books on the print to the country and will imprish books on the print to the country and will be a publication of the country of the cou 2 AFF SIGNEOUSE & HARRY THE CHARLESTOWN

semale reminant While be opened ag in for Boarding and Day Scholars on the 15th of next September, and continuous Session until the 15th of July. Pupils will not be received for less time than a Hall Sesion. CHARES.

For Baarding and Tutte. in English (including at expenses,) \$165 Per Session Por Day Scholars, \$25and \$30 do do. \$165 Per Session

Ancient and Modern Lan \$12 Per Quarter. D'For further information Circular will be sent district To J. W. WILLIAMS.

Ang. 24, 1852-if. Principal. WINCHESTER ACADEMY. WINCHESTER, Ka.

Tes Bey WILLIAM JOHNSTON, A.M., Principal THE Trustees of the Winchester Academy take pleasure in stating that this Institution has been under the care of the Rev. Mr. Jons sron for the last twelve months; and they are fully persuaded, from their personal knowledge of Mr. Johnston and his mode of teaching and governing the boys committed to his care, that for efficiency and sound scholarship and fact in discipline he has few superiors. We have seldom known a gentleman who possesses to as great a degree the qualifications of an accomplished teacher and disciplinarian. His government is mild, but firm. His method of teaching is thorough. The recent public examination of the pupils, together with an occasion attendance upon the school during the year, has given us a high opinion of the advantages of this Institution. It is our caudid and deliberate judgment that no private school or Academy in the State affords greater facilities for a complete academi-cal education. Mr. Johnston will be assisted by BEEN P. BURTON, A.M., a graduate of Princeton College, who has had experience in teaching, and is highly recommanded as an instructor of youth. The Academy building is specious, and the pupits boarding in the Academy will be under the special direction of the Principal.

Circulars containing particular information will be furnished to those who apply for them to

the Principal or any of the Trustees. TRUSTEES: Robt. Y. Conrad, Pres't.
David W. Batton, See'y.
John Bruce,
Thomas A. Tidba'l,
James M. Marshall,
James M. Masshall,
A. H. H. Boyd,
K. Fauth. James M. Mason, Robert T. Baldwin, Charles P. Krauth.

July 27, 1859.-2m SHANNONDALE SPRINGS. FIGURE amusements for the balance of the season at this delightful Watering Place, will be a Regular Ball, on every Tuesday

A passage of Arms between the attendant Knights on Thursdays and Saturdays, with Dancing at night. A Band of fine Music will conduct visiters to the Table three times a day, and will execute appropriate airs upon the daily arriva of the Stage.
The Bowling Alley always open free of charge.

G. W. SAPPINGTON, Proprietor.

WANTED. WISH to purchase a NEGRO BOY or MAN, one that would be suitable for a house servant and ostler. He must not be sold for a fault. Enquire of the PRINTER. August 17, 1852.

August 17, 1853.

WHEAT WANTED. 50,000 BUSHELS PRIME WILEAT wanmore Mills, I will always be able to give the highest market price. F. M. AISQUITH. Charlestown, Aug. 3, 1852.

TO SHOEMAKERS. WANTED immediately four good Journey. men Shoemakers-to whom constant employment and liberal wages will be given. JOHN AVIS, JR. Sentember 7, 1852. PLANK.

received and for sale by the subscriber. S. D. CASTLEMAN. Castleman's Ferry, Sept. 7, 1852 .- 3t FOR RENT. BLACKSMITH Shop and Dwelling House, A 31 miles from Shepherdstown, situated the road leading to Martinsburg. on the road leading to Martinsburg. C. T. BUTLER,

Guardian for Taos. H., Ormloff. Ang. 3, 1852-2m.-FOUND, O N Monday, the 19th uit, near the Legtown and Charlestown road, a GOLD WATCH. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges, and take it away. JAMES V. MOORE.

July 27, 1852-tf. Near Kerneysville, Va. HORSES FOR SALE. THE undersigned having purchased Males at private sale, seven or eight fine WORK HORSES, and will be seen at the farm near

PENDLETON & RICHARDSON. Clarke County, Va., July 20, 1852.

FOR HIRE. HAVE for hire; and shall keep for that purpose during the summer, several fine RIDING HORSES, as also a neat **Rockaway** and perfectly safe Work Horses. ly safe Work Horses. Terms, Cash and no grombling.

July 20, 1852-3m. J. P. GORMAN.

MULES, MULES. HAVE five young Kentucky MULES for asale, three years old this spring. I will sell them on a credit till the 1st of January next .-They can be seen at my farm near Ott's Shop .-I have also a WHEAT-FAN of Doyle & Co.'s. make, for sale on same terms. It was purchased CHAS. S. TAYLOR. new last fall.

July 20, 1852-tf. F. P. ATTENTION:

Democrats, Whigs and Speculators. A. BOOTH respectfully informs the citi-zens of Jefferson county and the public generally, that he has commenced the Tobacconist Business,

in Charlestown, Virginia, five doors west of Sap-pington's Hotel, where he intends keeping on hand an assortment of all articles belonging to the trade. The attention of town and country Merchants and retailers generally, is especially called to this place before engaging elsewhere, as they may find it to their advantage to do so.

The subscriber hopes from his knowledge of business, and strict attention to the accommodation of all who may favor him with a call, to have a liberal share of public patronage. His prices will be moderate and terms easy.

N. B. All kinds of country produce and trade of every description taken in exchange or on commission; and from the subscriber's counex. I ion with city dealers, will enable him to make quick returns and good prices for all goods en-trusted in him. M. A. BO TII, Fifth-door west of Sarpington's Hotel, Add. 10, 1852—3m. Charles were Ve.

Bacon. Attention, Sportsmen!

DOUBLE BARREL Guns, Wash Rode, Gun
Washing, Caps, Powder Plasks, End Bags,
Shot Pouches, &c., for sale very low.
Sept. T. RAWLINS & SON.

emperation of Salt and ornillers of 50 SACKS Ground Alum Salt, just received and for sale by

Aug. 10.

HARRIS W. RIDENOUR.

Coffice.

15 Bage Ric, Laguyra and Old Gov. Jara.

Codee, just received and for sale by

Aug. 3.

EBY & SON.

100 SACKS of Salt, first received and for Septembel LOCK, CRAMER & LINE Stong days forviall gallon to sline gallons. For sale by

PARACH Moided Capen Collers, Under-pleaves, Scottsbeaper than over a stable of a AGES, 18 COLOCK, CRAMERS, ERVEL 200 COTTON BAGN for safe by 129 C Aug. 3. 127 May 2 Land BBY 6 FOR LANGUE 10. Aug. 11. Aug. 3. 127 May 2 Land BBY 6 FOR LANGUE 10. Aug. 3. KEYES & KEARSLEY.

TRUST SALE.

I AM requested to said for sale the crop of WHEAT, raised during the past year by John Lock, r. on the lands of Mrs. Mary Shirley, (22 acres) subject to a real of two fifths _____ Also, a MARE AND COLF and a WAGON. The sale will take on the 29th day of September (instant.) on the farm, Terms cash, WM, C WORTHINGTON,

September 14, 1852.

IT At the same time and place, nd on the some terms, will be sold 3 HORSES. toughs and Cears. Also, about 300 bushels of WHEAT in the stack.

SOL A. BATES, Trustees of Mrs. Mary Shirley.

A sale, his PARM, situated in Jefferson co.; irginia, about five miles west of Charlestown, e climity seat, and within two and half miles of Canteron's Depot, on the Winchester and Poto-mac Railroad, and about one and a fourth miles others, containing about 221 Acres more or less of Limestone Land. The Improvements consist of a Dwelling house, Stable, Corn-house, Smoke-house, &c., and a never-failing well of water near the house, with a young orchard of choice truit lately planted. Those desiring to purchase will do well to call on the subscriber at Hopewell Mills, near Lectown, Jefferson county, Va., or on Mr. Nathan Barns, who is now the present Coupant of said farm.
The Terms will be made reasonable, and pos

STOCK OF GOODS

JOHN CHAMBERLIN.

Lease on Premises for Sale. MILE undersigned offer for sale their stock of Goods and Lease on the Premises they occupy at Summit Point, Jefferson county, Va. They have the premises under rent until 1st of March, 1854, and have no doubt but that a lease

an extensive trade. Any communication upon the subject may be ddressed to A. F. & W. R. SEEVERS, Baltimore, Md , or NATHANIEL SEEVERS, Summit Point, SEEVERS & BRO.

July 27, 1852-if.

THE UNION IS SAFE.

Cumberland, Aug. 10, 1852. Proprietor. UNION HOTEL,

THE subscriber respectfully informs his friends, and the public, that he is now keep-ing the UNION HOTEL, in this place, situated on Baltimore street, in full view of the Depot, and but a few steps off. This Hotel has been recently fitted up in good style; the Chambers and Bedding are good, and kept in gold order; the Table will be well furnished, and well cooked. Any persons visiting this Hotel will find it a 40,000 FEET of prime Seasoned PINE PLANK, of all thicknesses—just place of comfort; charges low. My porter will be found on the arrival of the cars on the outside of the Depot, not being permitted to enter on the platform, owing to some arrangement, made by the agent of the railroad, at this place. The Stage owners, and proprietors of the Revero House and the U.S. Hotel, are in my peculiar sitnation. As a Hotel keeper, I am constrained to state my situation; therefore, take this method to ask a call from the travelling public. My promises set forth in this advertisement shall be

> nsert the above to the amount of \$1, and send bill to agent at this place for payment. J. T. C.

Alexandria.

THE PACKET BOATS BELLE and FASILION, will run the ensuing season between Harpers-Ferry and the above places,

larpers Ferry at 2 P. M., and arriving at Georgetown next morning at 6, and Alexandria at 7 Leave Alexandria at 41 P. M., and Georgetown at 71. M., arriving at Harpers-Ferry at 10 A. M.,

in time for the cars for Winchester and Cum-Onnibuses will be in Readiness on the arrival

FARE \$2 00 including Boxen. G. W. CUTSHAW, Agent.

"Light, More Light Still!"

Brandies, Wine, &c. 5 DOZ. bottles pure Port Wine; 1 bbl. Old deira; 4 dozen Claret Wine; 1 bbl. Old DOZ. bottles pure Port Wine, 6 doz. Ma-Otard Brandy, very prime; 5 barrels Bourbon Whiskey. Those in want of any of the above, can always find the most article at July 6. HARRIS & RIDENOUR'S.

Family Lard. Green Ginger. JUST received and for sale by Ang. 24 H. L. EBY & SON.

A SUPPLY just received and for sale by Aug 24. I Holl EBY & SON. Green and Black Tens.

Green and Black Tens.

Green Tens, just
received by H. L. EBY & SON.

August 24.

Liver Pills.

Liver Pills.

Liver Pills.

Liver Pills.

Land, and for sale, viz.

McLane's Liver Pills;

Lee's Anti Billious do;

Petersh do do;

Peters's dou do:

Ikupholand's lrish do;
Leidy's Vegerable do;
Layng's do. do.;
Linden's do. do.;
Allen's do. do.;
Wright's Indian do. do.

Inly 6

Enge: Enge:
L. M. SMITH.

I WALL of Coston Bags: without seam, on hand and for sale by
Luly 20. LOCK, HOLDER & CO.

September 14, 1852. FARM FOR SALE.

from the Turnpike leading from Middleway to Harpers-Ferry, adjoining the lands of Robert V. Shirley, John W. Packert, James Grantham and

September 7, 1852-if AND

session given on the first day of April next.

for a longer period can be obtained from the pro-prietor, Mr. Thomson, upon favorable terms.— The Stand is known to be one of the best in the county. It is on the line of the Winchester and Potomac Kailroad, and has the Alvantage of a considerable forwarding business in addition to

UNITED STATES HOTEL.

A FTER a long opposition, Virginia has de termined not to Secede or Nullify; she has gone into the United States. The undersigned takes leave to inform the public that he has rent. ed the United States Hotel lately kept by A. Cowton, Esq , where he is prepared to accommodate all those who may please to patronize him.-The house has been completely renovated. The old friends of the Virginia Hotel are particularly invited to continue their patronage to the United States. No exertions, on his part, shall be spared to give satisfaction. Terms, as usual, mode-

CUMBERLAND, MARYLAND.

made good or no charge. Give me a call, and oblige the public's humble servant, August 17, 1852. Cumberland, Md. P. S. Baltimore "Clipper" and "Sun" pleaso

DAILY LINE. For Georgetown, Washington and

I a a a a a

DAILY, commencing July 20th. LEAVING

of the Packets at Georgetown, to convey passengers to Washington.

Harpers Ferry, July 20, 1852-tf.

A BOOK FOR THE TIMES! OW ready and contains 500 12mo. pages; beaustully illustrated with original designs, and nearly bound, price \$1.50, entitled Life at the South, or "Uncle Tom's Cabin" as it is.— Being Narratives, Scenes and Incidents in the real " Life of the Lowly." By W. L. G. Smith, Erq. For sale at August 17. C. G. STEWART'S.

500 LES. Family Lard, for sale by Aug. 24. H. L. EBY & SON.

Yeast Powder.

Anne State of Control of Control

WASHINGTON EVANS,

And now you change at once your note, And ask a soldier for his vote! Think you your voices could not reach To Vera Cruz's conquered beach, Or that your curses died away Before the walls of Monterey? Not so! in every conquered town The language quoted was your own; In every peinted Aztec sheet, In every point of Azice sheet,
Your speeches we were sure to meet,
I vote your fraudful ticket? No!
For I have fought in Mexico.

Yes! to the cowards courage gave,

Heaped curses on your country's brave;

You say that Scott doth lead you on; My vote for Scott must then be thrown He wears the soldier's laurel leaf, He is the soldier's honored chief.
'Tis true. His honors are his own-He won them by his sword alone, Of traitor whigs a ravenous band, Who heaped dishonor on the cause In which he won the world's applause To bring him from his proud estate, Elect him as your candidate. But do not ask a soldier's hand To'stamp him with the foul whig brand. Against his fame I strike no blow-

Give me the men who true and bold heir country and their flag uphold: Whatever force our shores assail Whatever war cry fill the gale. Stoop not to wrong from high or low, An insult answer with a blow, Who make our flag on shores and seas The proudest flag that floats the breeze! Give me the democratic creed, Bold men in word, and brave in deed, No traitors, sycophants and knaves, None who dishonor soldiers' graves, None who, when evil days betide, Are ever on thy forman's side;
Who gallant hearts heap insults on,
But cheer them when the victory's won.
Nay, shrink not, friend—I mean no harm—
In Mexico I left an arm— Peace has been ratified, you know, And Mexicans are all sale now. Seek some deserter, would you win A vote to help your party in; Or better still, for voters go To Riley's men in Mexico.

VARIETY

A HARD BLOW.

The Courier and Enquirer publishes a letter from Henry Clay, written in 1848, in reference nation of Gen. Taylor, in which is the following paragraph:

On the great leading national measures which have so long divided parties, if he has any fixed opinions they are not publicly known. Exclusively a military man, without the least experience in civil affairs,—bred up, and always living in the camp, with his sword by his side, and his epaulettes on his shoulders-it is proposed to transfer him from his actual position of second in command of the army to the Chief Magistracy of this great and model Republic.

If I cannot come out in the active support of such a candidate, I hope that those who know any thing of my opinions, deliberately formed, and re-peatedly avowed, will excuse me. Who believes that Henry Clay, if alive, would support Gen. Scott? Who believes that Daniel Webster will?

Without intending it, Colonel Webb has hit Scott pretty hard over the head. [N. Y. Day Book.

BANK NOTES. The other day a bill of the "Ocean Bank" of Washington city,-an "institution" which we never before heard of-came into our possession. On offering it to a broker, we found that although the Bank was so new, it had already failed, and all we could get for the bill was 50 cents on the dollar.

On another occasion we received a \$2 bill of the "Metropolitan Bank" of Washington city, marked, check letter A., No. 2523. It was dated July 1st, 1852, and signed H. Hayes, Presidenl, and H. V. Miner, Cashier. At the bottom, in prominent letters, was printed, "circulation secured by stocks." Whether stocks of railroads in the moon, or some other stocks, we are not informed. In order to test the value of this bill, we sent it to a friend in Washington, and asked him to get it cashed, if able. He wrote back, (returning the bill) as follows:

WASHINGTON, Sept. 2. "The note returned is good for nothing here. There is no such bank here, and no one to re-"But Chubb Brothers tell me that it is a New

York concern, and that the notes are said to be redeemed somewhere in your city." After making diligent search we could find no such person in New York, nor get any offer for the rag. We found a place where a small amount of the bills had been redeemed, but the

mill ground no longer.

There is no law in the District of Columbia authorizing the establishment of banks; and with the exception of such acts on the part of the old banks, as may be necessary to wind them up, the whole business of banking in Washington is manifestly illegal. Not withstanding this, however, a large number of nominal banks are issuing their depreciated currency in this city, dating their issues at the seat of Government. A few of these are owned by responsible men, who, for the sake of their own good name, will continue to redeem their notes. But a part from such a consideration, this class of circulation is entirely irresponsible. We have endeavored to obtain a list of these illegal banks; nominally located at the seat of Gogal banks; nominally located at the seat of Government, but as new ones are starting every few days, it is difficult to make up a complete catalogue. The following are some of them.—The National, Ocean, Republic, America, Metropolitan, Citizens, Central, Union, Eastern, Merchants, Freeman's, Railroad, United States, Exchange, Farmers and Merchants, and Merchants' Exchange. There are doubtless others not included in the list. The bills of most or all of the foregoing are issued in Wall street, and have obtained considerable currency through some of the Bank Note Reporters, which have quoted them, and still quote some of them, at \(\frac{1}{2} \) a \(\frac{3}{2} \) discount.

THE POTATO ROT .- The Philadelphia Ledger states that the potatoe rot has made its appearance in several counties in Pennsylvania, and in the county of Salem, New Jersey, and is likely to be more sweeping and disastrious in its effects than ever before in that section of the Union Mr. Rogers, a very extensive farmer of Bucks county, says that out of a crop of three thousand bashels, he does not expect to be able to save over five hundred or six hundred bushels, and that the farmera generally in his neighborhood are equally unfortunate in the loss of their crops.

DROWSED IN THE CARAL.—We regret to learn that a youth named John BERKER, aged about 13 years, son of Mr. Christian Benner, was drowned in the Canal opposite Shepherdstown about 6 o'clock on Sunday evening last. He was engaged on the boat of Capl. Reynolds, and thus supposed fell from the same while pumping the boat. His body was found about 8 o'clock on Monday morning.

The New York Express asks: "Why should not Virginia support Scott and Graham?" The simple reason may be summed up in a nut shell. Virginia cannot awallow Seward—has no peachast for abolitionism—and has an insuperable objection to "fuss" and "feathers." "gas" and objection to "fuss" and "feathers."

appear, and five young ladies, all years of age, were drowned. The tempting to recore the females.

Washinnten Trabe.

National Agricultural and Seed WASHINGTON CITY.

THE subscriber beg leave to call the atten-tion of the Farmes of Jefferson, and the adjoining counties, to one of the most extensive and best selected assertments of Agricultural Machinery and Implements to be found in any similar bouse in the United States. His arrangements with all the best manufacturers in this country, enable him to farnish, at Factory prices, every article required for the farm; and all goods, leaving his enablishment, are warranted to proce as represented. His stock embraces

Forty Varieties of Ploughs, among which may be found the celebrated Premium Centre Draft Wronght and Cast-fron Self-Sharpener; the Deep Filler Sod; the flat furrow ditto; the premium New York, Nos. 18, 19, 19½. 20, 21 and 22; the subsoil and hill-side Ploughs of every variety and rice.

Cultivators, Harrows, Cast-Iron Field Rollers.

Pierson's, Pennock's of Sinctair's Wheat Drills.

Hussey's and McCormick's Reaping and Howing Machines. Bamborough's, Grants' and Sinclair's FANNING MILLS.

Corn Shellers. Single and double Spout (price \$10 to \$16.) also the large Cylindrical at \$30 and \$50; and latter warranted to shell from 800 to 1000 bushels a day.

Horse Powers, Sweep and Railway, of various sizes, from Threshing Machines,
With open and solid wrought iron and oak Cylinders-price \$35 to \$60.

Corn and Cob Crushers, From \$30 to \$45, warranted to grind from to 10 bushels per hour. The Seed Department Is supplied with every variety of Field and Garden Seed, all of which are warranted fresh

and genuine. Pernyian Guano. Having made arrangements with the Agent of the Peruvian Government for the sale of Peruvian Guano, for supplies of this article direct from the Chincia Islands, purchasers may rely upon being furnished with a pure No. 1 quality at lowest Baltimore rates.

All goods delivered in Washington or Georgetown, free of charge, and orders by mail promptly attended to. FITZRUGH COYLE, National Agricultural and Seed Warehouse, Iron Building, sign of the Golden Plough and Eagle, 7th street, Washington city.

March 16, 1852. Fashionable Clothing. READY MADE CLOTHING Fsuperior quality and most fashionable styles can always be found at

WM. WALL'S CLOTHING WAREHOUSE, Pennsylvania Avenue, 10 doors west of 9th street BUCH AS:

Fine Dress, Sack and Overcoats; Plain, Figured and Embroidered. Silk, Satin, and Cloth Vests; Fine Black and Fancy Cassimere Pants; Also, a large and superior Stock of Gentlemen's Under Wear, of all Qualities; White and Colored Kid and other Gloves; Handkerchiefs, Scarfs, Cravats, [March 16, 1852. Hosiery, &c., &c.

Pianos! Pianos!!



Pennsylvania Auenue, between 9th and 10th Washington, D. C., WOULD invite particular attention to his v assortment of superior PIANOS, manufactured by the most celebrated makers in the United States, Messrs. Nunns & Clark, New York, to

whom was awarded the highest Premium at the

World's Fair, for their superior and brilliant toned The above instruments can be had of the sub scriber at manufacturers prices, and warranted second to none in the United States. March 16, 1852.

Fashionable Clothing.

WM. WALL, Penn. Avenue, between 9th and 10th Streets . (Next to Mr. Shank's fron Building.)

Washington, D. C., WOULD respectfully say to the citizens of Jefferson and the Valley generally, that he has enlarged and extended his Clothing Establishment, making it one of the largest and most extensive Clothing Depois in this part of

Its extent is two floors, running 150 feet deep, and employing from 75 to 100 hands, thereby giving employment to our own mechanics and sempstresses and offering goods as low as they can be bought at the North.

I am prepared to make to order, the most fash-ionable and elegant assortment of Cloths, Casimeres and Vestings, to be found in this city, at prices as low as those bought at the cheapest ready-made store in Washington, and of superior make and finish. In texture and quality, all my goods will compare with any Merchant Tailors in the District, and at much less cost, as my desire is to do a permanent custom trade, I am determined to give entire satisfaction, and all goods purchased, if not found to be as represented, a liberal deduction

will be made. All Clothing made to order, will be cheerfully taken back if found not to sait. Constantly on hand a large, general and complete assortment of Ready-made Clothing at rices to suit the times. Also at my Establishment three doors East of

the National Hotel. The citizens of Jefferson and the Valley, visit ing Washington, are respectfully invited to give me a call, as I feel confident they will be amply repaid. [March 16, 1852—Iy.

BAWLINS, BOTEL. Corner of Queen and Burk Streets MARTINSBURG, VA. MARTINSBURG, VA.

THE undersigned begs leave respectfully to inform the community and travelling public that he has taken the Hotel formerly known as the "Berkeley House." The House has recently undergone a thorough recovation; it is now believed to be in every respect adapted to the wants of the traveller and sejourner.

A large and commodique Stable is attrached to the premises. The luxuries of the TABLE will be premises.

be surpassed by none, and the BAR is at all times supplied with a choice selection of superior wines and liquors. Baseage taken to and from the Depot free of charge, and in bad weather a Carriage will run to the Depot for the accommodation of travellers without any additional expense.

JOS. C. RAWLINS,
March 2, 1852-1y. Proprietor. SAPPINGTON'S HOTEL Charlestown, Jefferson County, Fr.

THIS large and very commodious ThreeStory Brick Hotel, situated in the centre and business part of the town, is now among the most attractive and desirable resting places in the great Valley of Virginia.

The luxuries of the TABLE of this establishment, are surpassed by none, and the BAR is at all times supplied with a choice selection of an perior Winns and Liquots. Several large Parzons and airy Changes have been added since last year.

A splendid Yellow-Mounted Coach attends the Charlestown Bepol, upon the arriver of the Care, which will convey unitors to the HOTEL free of charge. Persons wishing to be conveyed to other parts of the town, will pay a reasonable compensation.

Sandal and Harres House. Careaces.

Baltimore Crade.

WHEAT PARS. THE WHEAT PAN, known as the "Ge A see Farmer," has superseded the use of al-most every other Fan in the State of New York most every other Fan in the State of New York and other Wheat growing States. It is adapted to cleaning every description of seed, and as a Clover Seed or Timothy cleaner has no superior. This Fan has been most fully tested, and every where elicited the highest commendation. It where elicited the highest commendation. It has taken the premium at several of the best Northern exhibitions, and for superiority of construction, capacity for working, and economy of price, stands unrivalled. The following certificates from some of the most intelligent and successful agriculturists in the Valley of Virginia, attest its merits wherever tried. This list, were

JAMES RUNYAN. Charlestown, Nov. 11, 1851-tf. Gardner & Rohr's Wheat Drill, SEED PLANTER. Clothiers,

THE undersigned having purchased the right to manufacture and sell this unequalled Drill in the counties of Loudoun, Clarke, and the southern half of Jefferson, are now fully prepared at their establishment in Charlestown to furnish to order any number of Drills, made in the most substantial manner. All orders promptly

those offered not deemed sufficient for all reasons-

le men, could be extended to an indefinite ex-

mechanic Arts.

This Wheat Drill performs the triple work of Drilling, Sowing and Covering by the same movement, thereby saving much time and labor. It will plant point rows, and all irregular shaped fields, with a saving of from 10 to 15 per cent. in labor, it will, with ease for two horses, plant from 8 to 10 acres per day of Wheat, Barley, and other small grains. This Machine has been in the two seasons, and wherever it has be ed has given entire satisfaction

This Drill took the first pres Agricultural Exhibition in the first premium at the Agr for Belmont county, Ohio, O'BANNON, HEA March 23, 1852.

We have in our possession a large certificates, recommending this Dril mer as having no superior. Among he following: I have used on my farm and am still using one of the Wheat Drills, patented by Gervis S. Gard-

ner and George Rohr, and now sold by Messrs. Henson, O'Bannon and Hunt. I do not suppose any intelligent farmer would now dispute the advantage of drilling over broadcast sowing; I also consider the above Drill altogether equal to any drill now in use, and the advantage of applying a compost box to it, makes it very desirable-The compost part of the drill acts well in every particular and is one of the greatest inventions o the day for the farmer; it might well be called the farmer's friend, as it saves both time and labor. MARTIN EICHELBERGER. March 19, 1852.

NEW JEWELRY STORE. THE subscriber having taken the Store in Mr. Stephens' Building, opposite Mrs. Carrell's Hotel, would respectfully call the attention of the public to his large and elegant assortment of Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, &c.

Which he is prepared to sell at the lowest cash prices. Gold and Silver hunting cased Watches; itto Horizontal Escapement Watches; Detach ed Levers, Verticals, Horizontal, Verge and Duplex Watches, from the most celebrated manufactures in Europe. Also, Gold Lockets, Ladies' Gold Scroll, Cluster, Box and Mourning Pins; Gold Finger Rings of every description; Cuff Pins, Ear Hoops and Drops, Gold Pencils, Gold Guard and Belt Chains, Chatalaine Pins, &c .-Gents' Gold Guards, Vest and Fob Chains, Keys and Seals, Locket and Signet Rings, Bosom Pins, Gold Studs, Collar and Sleeve Buttons, and every description of Goods usually found in a store of this description.

CLOCKS. The largest assortment of Clocks to be found in the county; prices from \$1 75 to \$12 00, war-SILVER SPOONS.

Silver Spoons, made from pure coin and manufactured expressly for my own retail trade, which will be sold at greatly reduced prices. Watch Repairing. All descriptions of Watches, Clocks, Jewelry &c., repaired in a workman-like manner. Hav-ing had extensive experience in some of the best shops in the country, the subscriber feels confi-

dent of giving perfect satisfaction to all who may favor him with their patronage. P. CORY. Harpers-Ferry, June 22, 1852.

OTESTAL ON OTELAS CAS THE undersigned, thankful to the citizens o Jefferson for the liberal patronage extended to him in his line of business, respectfully gives notice that he has made special arrangements to

execute every description of PAPERING, AND PAINTING, EITHER PLAIN OR GRAINING, MARBLING, &C., at the shortest notice and on the most reasonable terms. In quality or style of his workmanship. he is willing that his work itself shall be his recommendation, and therefore refers to the work

executed at the residences of

DR. G. F. MASON, V. W. MOORE, I. N. CARTER and J. W. BELLER, Charlestown, and the Graining at the residence of Mr. Lewis W. Washington. His terms are most reasonable, and by pron ness and fidelity to those who patronize him, he hopes to receive a liberal share of encouragement. He will execute any description of Work in his line when desired, in any part of this or the neighboring counties. WILLIAM KIMES. Charlestown, April 20, 1852—6m.

TO THE PUBLIC. THE undersigned would respectfully call the attention of the public to his splendid assortment of work on hand at present, consisting of Saddles.

of every description, and at prices that cannot fail to please, ranging from \$5 to \$100. He has also a very spiendid assortment of all other kinds of work, which is made of the very best materials and in the neatest and most durable manner. In fact he intends to keep every thing for sale that belongs to the business. He has on hand some very excellent Shafter Saddles, which are as low as \$12, and Somersets as low as are as low as \$12, and Somersets as low as \$20 for cash, or on a short credit. He still continues to carry on his business in the shop formerly occupied by Mr. Wm. Hicks, immediately opposite the bank.

He returns his sincere thanks to the generally for the liberal patrons in the second tended to him, and he was to the second to him, and he was to the second to him.

Charlestown, March 18.

Warehouse at the Old WHEAT, CORN, &c., WANTED.

THE subscribers respectfully inform the citiand those of Washington county, Md., that the have erected a large and commodious Stowarshouse at the Old Furnace, on the Poton Warehouse at the Old Furnace, on the Potomac river, (under the name and firm of LUCAS of MODRE,) where they will at all times be are pared to furnish transportation, in their superior line of Canal Boats, for any and all freight, destined for the Markets of the District. Terms reasonable, and such as will make it the interest of all to give these a trial.

EF The highest market Cash price will be paid, for from five to twenty thousand bushels of WHEAT—to be delivered at such times as the parties may agree, and in parcels to suit the behaviour of Rich interested. Also, the highest market price will be paid for CORM 10 and 10

tond it is reducing executly. Parmers and other will find it to their unterest to call, before their their trackets to call, before their but of their Grain or Produce. The our Arms

MCINTOSH'S HOWARD HOUSE,

THIS Hotel has fately been enlarged and improved in every department, rendering it decidedly one of the most comfortable Hotels in the city, and the proprietor, ever anxious and ready to accommodate, pledges bimself to spare no pains to render every one comfortable that may favor him with a call. To the patrons of the old House he returns his sincere acknowledgments for their very liberal patronage, soliciting a continuance of their favors and of the travelling public generally.

JOHN McINTOSH,

July 13, 1852—3m.

Proprietor. rally. July 13, 1852—3m.

GEORGE W. IBVIN. AMES MATRERS. MATHERS & IRVIN, MERCHANT TAILORS,

No. 225 Baltimore Street, Balt., (South side; 1 door East of Charles st.) Feb. 10, 1852.—1y.] N. B. TO TAILORS. The Advertisers are the only Agents in this City, for the sale of DeLany's Scientific Guide, for Balancing, Drafting and Cutting Pantalouns.

M. & I.

N. Carroll Mason, ATTORNET AT LAW. And Agent for the purchase and sale of Real E

an examination before purchasing. The termined to sell low for CASH, or on reasonable terms to those who buy to sell. Country Merchants and Hatters, will always find our HATS of the Latest Style. We are also manufacturing Hats in the Rough, to which we invite the attention of Country Hatters.

March 9, 1852.

WHOLESALE WATCH AND JEWELRY STORE. L. H. MILLER & CO.,

TMPORTERS, Manufacturers and Jobbers of Watches, Jewelry and Watch Materials, have leased the old stand formerly occupied by Messrs. Canfield, Bro. & Co., S. E. corner Charles and Baltimore streets, No. 227, which they have put in complete order for the Wholesale Watch and Jewelry Business, upon an entirely new plan, having no goods exposed in show

In calling the attention of the trade to the new conone of the most extensive Jewelry manufacturing esta-blishments in the country, which must give a decided advantage over all others in this market, for supplying dealers with Jewelry, at manufacturers' prices, a fea-ture in this branch of trade long since needed between Baltimore and the Southern and Western Merchants. We desire to call attention to the Watch Depart-ment, which will at all limes be supplied with a great assortment from the most celebrated manufacturers, and

assortment from the most celebrated manufacturers, and kept in perfect running order, so that purchasers may at once take them, with a written guarantee that they will perform correctly.

This branch of the business will receive the especial attention of one of the firm, whose extensive and practical knowledge of the business will, we hope, give us tical knowledge of the business will, we hope, give us a place in the confidence of buyers.

We respectfully invite you to call upon us when you next visit our city, confidently believing that an examination of our guods will prove to you that they are better styles and cheaper than you have ever seen in this market, and assure you that no effort shall be wanting on our part to make the acquaintance one of mutual benefit.

L. H. MILLER & CO., No. 227 S. E. corner Charles and Balt. sts.

1. H. MILLER, BEFERENCES. Messrs, WYETH, BLACKLOCK & CO., GWYN, REID & TAYLOR. JAMES HODGES & BROTHER. HURST & BERRY, MURDOCH, DUER & EVANS, STELLMAN & HINRICHS, SANGSTON & CO., CUSHING & BAILEY. JOHN MURPHY & CO.,

Baltimore, Feb. 10, 1852-Iy. EXCHANGE BANK SELDEN. WITEERS & CO.

Washington, D. C. THE undersigned respectfully announce that they have formed a Co-Partnership to transact a General Banking and Exchange Business in this City, under the firm of SELDEN WITHERS & Co., and are prepared to deal in Poreign and Domestic Exchanges, Time Bills, Promisory Notes, Certificates of Deposite, Letters of Credit, Bank Notes

We undertake to make collections and promptly to remit the proceeds to any designed point within or without the Union. Mr. WILLIAM SELDEN, a member of the firm, and for many years past the Treasurer of the United States, will give his careful personal attention to all financial business which we may be employed to transact with any of the Departments of the Government.

The business which our employers may re-quire us to transact, will be conducted with fideliy and promptitude, and upon the most reasona-WILLIAM SELDEN. Late Treasurer of the U. S.

JOHN WITHERS, Of Alexandria, Va. R. W. LATHAM,
Of Washington, D. C.
L. P. BAYNE, Of Ballimore, Md. Washington, Feb. 10, 1852 --- y

CONGRESS HALL. Third and Chesnut Streets.

PHILADELPHIA, JULY 1, 1852. THE subscribers take pleasure in informing their friends and the traveling commi

The subscribers are determined to spare no paint in making this a convenient and comfortable home to the traveler.

NORRIS de JACKSON,

Late of Virginia.

July 13, 1852.

Proprietors.

James E. Norris, who is well known to many
of the business men visiting the city, lately in the
Hardware house of James J. Duncan & Co.,
Twitt. Brother & Co., and formerly proprietor of
the Virginia Hotel, St. Louis, will have the management of the House, assisted by politic and
competent persons.

medicines.

BALTIMORE LOCK HOSPITAL Disease of the Kidneys, Affections of hroat Nose and Skin; Constitutional debi-hose horrid affections arising from a Cer-

A CURE WARRANTED, OR NO CHARGE. Young Men especially, who have become the victims of Solltary Vicz, that dreadful and destructive nabit which annually sweeps to an untimely grave thousands of young men of the most exalted talents and brilliant intellect, who might otherwise have entranced listening Senates with the thunders of cloquence, or waked to cestacy the living lyre, may call with full confidence.

MARRIAGE.

Married persons, or those contemplating marriage being aware of physical weakness, should immediately consult Dr. J., and be restored to perfect health.

Office No. 7, South Frederick street, Baltimore, Md. on the left hand side, going from Baltimore street, 7 doors from the corner. Be particular in observing the number, or you will mistake the place. DR. JOHNSTON,

Member of the Royal College of Surgeons, London, Graduate from one of the most eminent Colleges of the United States, and the greater part of whose life has been spent in the Hospitals of London, Paris, Philadelphia, and elsewhere, has effected some of the most astonishing cures that were ever known. Many troubled with a ringing in the ears and head when asleep, great nervousness, being alarmed at sudden sounds, and bashfulness, with frequent blushing, attended sometimes, with derangement of mind, were cured immediately.

TARE PARTICULAR NOTICE. Dr. J. addresses all those who have injured memselves by private and improper indulgences, that secret
and solitary habit, which ruin both body and mind, unfitting them for either business or society.

These are some of the sad and melancholy effects
produced by early habits of youth, viz: Weakness of
the Back and Limbs, Pains in the Head, Dimness of
the Back and Limbs, Pains in the Head, Dimness of
the Back and Limbs, Pains in the Head, Dimness of
the Back and Limbs, Pains in the Head, Dimness of
the Back and Limbs, Pains in the Head, Dimness of
the Back and Limbs, General Debility, Symp-

effects on the mind are f memory, confusion of all of forebodings, aver-

om the destruction from the destructive habit ee so fatal to the healthful is the young who are most apt they subject themselves. Parents and guar-often misled with respect to the cause of lisease in their sons and wards. Alas! how often do they ascribe to other causes the wasting of the frame, Palpitation of the heart, dyspepsia, indigestion, derangement of the nervous system, cough, and symptoms of consumption, also those serious mental effects, such as loss of memory, depression of spirits or peculiar fits of melancholy, when the truth is they have been indulging in pernicious but alluring practices, destructive to both body and mind. Thus are swept from existence, thousands who might have been of use to their secontry, a pleasure to their friends, and ornaments to

country, a pleasure to their friends, and ornaments to society. DR. JOHNSON'S INVIGORATING REMEDY FOR ORGANIC WEAKNESS. This grand and important Remedy has restored strength and vigor to thousands of the most debilitated individuals, many who had lost all hopes, and been abandoned to die. By its complete invigoration of the nervous system, the whole faculties become restored to their proper power and functions, and the fallen fabric of life is raised up to beauty, consistency and duration, upon the ruins of an amaciated and premature decline, to sound and pristine health. Oh, how happy have hundreds of misguided youths been made, who have been suddenly restored to health from the devastations. of those terrific maladies which result from indiscretion

Such persons before conte MARRIAGE. should reflect that a sound mind and body are the most necessary requisites to promote connubial happiness.—
Indeed, without this, the journey through life becomes a weary pilgrimage; the prospect hourly darkens to the view; the mind becomes shadowed with despair, and filled with the melancholy reflection that the happiness of another becomes blighted with our own. Let no false delicacy prevent you, but apply immediately.

He who places himself under the care of Dr. Johnston, may religiously confide in his honor as a Gentleman, and confidently rely upon his skill as a Physical statement.

TO STRANGERS. The many thousands cured at this institution, within The many thousands cured at this institution, within the last ten years, and the numerous important Surgical Operations performed by Dr. Johnston, witnessed by the reporters of the papers and many other persons, notices of which have appeared again and again before the public, is a sufficient guarantee that the afflicted will find a skillful and honorable physician. N. B. There are so many ignorant and worthles Quacks advertising themselves as physicians, ruining the health of the already Afflicted, that Dr. Johnson deems it necessary to say to those acquainted with hir reputation that his credentials or diplomas always hang

WEAKNESS OF THE ORGANS ALL LETTERS POST-PAID-REMEDIES

December 23, 1851-1y. \$500 CHALLENGE.

WHATEVER concerns the health and happiness of a people is at all times of the most valuable importance. I take it for granted that every person will do all in their power, to save the lives of their children, and that every person will endeavor to promote their own health at all sacrifices. I feel it to be my duty to solemnly assure you that WORMS, according to the opinion of the most celebrated Physicians, are the primary causes of a large majority of dis eases to which children and adults are liable; i you have an appetite continually changeable from one kind of food to another, Bad Breath, Pain in the Stomach, Picking at the Nose, Hardness and Fallness of the Belly, Dry Cough, Slow Fever, Pulse Irregular-remember that all these

denote WORMS, and you should at once apply the remedy :-Hobensack's Worm Syrup. An article founded upon Scientific Principles. compounded with purely vegetable substances, being perfectly safe when taken, and can be given to the mast tender Infant with decided bene ficial effect, where bowel complaint and diarrhoad have made them weak and debilitated the Tonic properties of my Worm Syrup are such, that it stands without an equal in the catalogue of me dicines, in giving tone and strength to the Sto-mach, which makes it an Infallible remedy for those afflicted with *Dyspepsia*, the astonishing cures performed by this Syrup after Physicians have failed, is the best evidence of its superior

efficacy over all others. The Tape Worm. This is the most difficult Worm to destroy of all that infest the human system, it grows to an almost Indefinite length becoming so coiled and fastened in the Intestines and Stomach effecting the health so sadly as to cause St. Vitus Dance. Fits, &c., that those afflicted seldom if ever suspect that it is Tape Worm hastening them to an early grave. In order to destroy this Worm, a very energetic treatment must be pursued, it would therefore be proper to take 6 to 8 of my Liver Pills so as to remove all obstructions, that the Worm Syrup may act direct upon the Worm, which must be taken in doses of 2 Tablespoonfuls 3 times a day. These directions followed known to fail in curing the most ob-

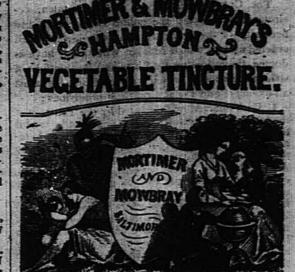
ek's Liver Pills.

m is more liable to disease ng as a filterer to pariproper secretion to the section of the Liver efthat parts of the system, in Liver Complaint, Jaun-We should, therefore, Liver. These Pills being comp OTS and PLANTS furnished by tare to heal the sick: Namely, 1st, An EP-PECTORANT, which augments the secretion PECTORANT, which augments the secretion from the Paimonary mucus membrane, or promotes the discharge of secreted matter. 2nd. An ALTERNATIVE which changes in some inexplicable and insensible manner the certain morbid action of the system. 3d. A TONIC, which gives tone and strength to the nervous system, renewing health and vigorite all parts of the body. 4th. A CATHARTIC, which sets in perfect harmony with the other ingredients, and operating on the Bowels, and expelling the whole mass of corrupt and vittated matter, and purifying the Blood, which destroys disease a. d restores health.

To Females.

You will find these Pills an invaluable medicine it many complaints to which you are embject. In obstructions either total or partial, they have been found of inextinable bench, restoring their femotional arrangements to a health; and or partial and or inextinable bench, restoring their femotional arrangements to a health; and or produced the strength of the streng

medicines.



By its mild action on the STOMACH, LIVER and KIDNEYS. will cure the diseases of those Organs with all Chronic complaints, as

DYSPEPSIA, COUGH, ASTHMA. BRONCHIAL and LUNG APPRETIONS. PAINS in the BACK, SIDE and BREAST, CONSUMPTION, SCROPULA, RHEUMATISM, GOUT, NEURALGIA, FISTULA, Piles, Bowel Complaint,
Worms, Nervous Debilly, with all Diseases
arising from LAPURE BLOOD.

arising from Lupure BLOOD.

If the whole afflicted world read the testimony of a lady after 38 years of suffering:

Northampton Co., April 13, 1852.

Messrs. Tyler & Adair: I have been afflicted with rheumatism at times, from my twelfth year. I will be 50 years of aga the 19th of this month; the attacks were so severe at times as to render me helpless. I have tried various remedies to very little effect. Last October I was attacked in my shoulders, sides, back and hips; I could not rest day or night; I could not move any part of my body without crying with pain. At this time I also tried many remedies, internal and external, without relief. I was at last advised to try HAMP-TON'S VEGETABLE TINCTURE. Before I had taken one bottle of which, I felt much better, and as I continued taking it I felt strength coming into my back and limbs, and my stomach strengthened and revived every way. I have taken five bottles, and am much better than I ever expected to be. I intend to use it whenever I need, and would recommend it to the afflicted, believing it unequalled.

flicted, believing it unequalled.
Yours, ELIZABETH BAGWELL.

Messrs. Mortimer & Mowbray: Mrs. Elizabeth Bagwell is a lady of the highest respectability, wealthy and influential. The cure in her case speaks volumes in favor of this wonderful Tincture. Several other persons we have heard of, have derived great benefit from its use in our county. We are entirely out of the article, and have daily auxious enquirers to know when we will receive another supply. We expect large sales of it from the present demand, and want you to send us a box as soon as possible. x as soon as possible. TYLER & ADAIR. Yours.

April 16, 1852. Northampton county, Va. Cure of consumption, neuralgia, pain in the side, &c.

Messrs. Mortimer & Mowbray—Gentlemen: It is
with pleasure I can testify to the great healing powers
of HAMPTON'S VEGETABLE TINCTURE. My rife had been afflicted for three years, laboring under constant backing cough, with a most violent pain in ner right side, neuralgia in the head, and a dir sight; very little rest day or night, and much emacia-tion, and to all appearances a rapid consumption inevi-table. We had the most eminent physician in Annapobut growing worse if any change in the least; and after having read one of your pamphlets, in July last, she concluded to try Hampton's Vegetable Tincture, and after taking but two bottles of which (under a kind Providence) we perceived a great change for the better: her appetite improved, her skin became quite clear, cough, pains, neuralgia, &c., entirely left her, and by the time she had taken a few bottles more she was completely cured, and is now in the enjoyment of most ex-

I have seen also its beneficial effects on several other ladies of Annapolis, and I think I can say from what I have seen of the Medicine, I do not believe its curative powers can be equalled. A sense of duty to the afflicted has induced me to drop these few lines for their benefit. Respectfully, EDWARD SANDS,
Master of the schr. Geo. Barber, Annapolis packet,
No. 3 Tebacco Warehouse, Light st. Wharf.

Baltimore, May 1st, 1852. Wonderful cure of bereditary scrofula by Hampton's egetable Tincture! This certificate is from the pen of a gentleman whose name appears on the journal of Congress, one who is extensively and favorably known: "It affords me pleasure to state that Dr. Jesse Hamp ton's Tincture has effected a most extraordinary cure of my slave boy, Albert. The patient was three years old, and had the ecrofula—(his father was scrofulous.)— The boy was a moving mass of sores from head to foot; the upper lids of the eyes were much swollen, and turned inside out, exhibiting horrible mattering ulcers that protraded over the eye balls so as to produce blindness. It is strange, yet true, this child, that I felt resigned to see die as a relief from suffering, has been restored to health under the treatment of Dr. Hampton W. P. THOMASSON.

Louisville, March 20, 1851." This wonderful Tincture is unequalled for cure of Diarrhoa, Dysentery, Sommer Complaint, Cholera Morbus, &c., and for all diseases of Females it stands unequalled. Sold by L. M. SMITH, Charlestown.—S. H. STEWART, Charlestown; T. D. HAMMOND, A. M. CRIDLER, Harners Fetty, J. R. GILKER. A. M. CRIDLER, Harpers Ferry. J. B. GILKER. SON, Winchester Dr. MOTT and J.E. S. HOUGH, Leesburg. MORTIMER & MOWBRAY, Baltimore. And by DRUGGISTS generally.

June 29, 1852-1y. DOCTOR YOURSELF .-- Privately. FOR TWENTY-PIVE CENTS. BY means of the POCKET ESCULAPIUS, or Every One His Own Physician. The hirty-sixth edition, with one red engravings, showing Private Diseases and malforma-tions of the Generative System, in every shape and form: to which is added a Treatise on

the diseases of females, intended for the use of females only. (see page 19J) being of the high est importance to married peo-ple or those contemplating mar-age. By WM. YOUNG, M. D., Graduate or the riage. By WM. YOUNG, M. D., Graduate or the University of Pennsylvania, Member of the Royal College of Surgeons, London; and Honorary Member of the Philadelphia Medical Society. The various forms of Secret Diseases, Seminal Weakness, Diseases of the Prostrate Gland, Impotency, solitary habits of youth are faithfully described, and all the recipes given in plain language. The chapter on self-abuse and Seminal weakness is worthy of particular attention, and should be read by every one. Young men who have been unfortunate in contracting disease, previous to placing yourselves under the care of any doctor, no matter what his pretensions may be, get a copy of this truly what his pretensions may be, get a copy of this truly

what his processors with the process of the process Let no father be ashamed to present a copy of the Esculapios to his child. It may save him from an ear-Esculapius to his child. It may save him from an early grave. Let no young man or woman enter into the secret obligations of married life, without reading the Pocket Esculapius. Let no one, suffering from a hacknied cough, pain in the side, restless nights, nervous feelings, and the whole train of Dyspeptic sensations, and given up by their physician, be another moment without consulting the Esculapius. Have the married or those about to be married any impediment, read this truly useful book, as it has been the mages of saving thousands of unfortunate creatures from the very jaws of death. Upwards of a million copies of this celebrated work has been sold in this country and Europe since 1835, when the first edition was issued.

AT Any person sending TWENTY FIVE cents enclosed in a letter, will receive one copy of this book by mail; or five copies will be sent for one dollar. Address Dr. WM. YOUNG, No. 152 Spruce 21, Philadelphia." Post-paid:

dress "Dr. WM. YOUNG, No. 152 Spruce st., Philadel-phia." Post-paid:

Twenty years practice in the city of Philadelphia certainly entitles Dr. Young to the confidence of the afflicted, and he may be consulted on any of the diseases described in his different publications, at his office, 152 Spruce st., every day between 2 and 3 o'clock, (Sundays excepted) and persons at any distance can consult Dr. Young by letter, post-paid.

June 22, 1852—1y.

LITTLE'S WILLTE OIL FOR HORSES! THIS is pronounced to be the best preparation by the many hundreds that have used it, for the various affectious that HORSES are liable, viz:—Cuts, Spraines, Bruises, Saddle and Collar Galls, Scratches, Fistula, Polevil, Swenny, and in fact most any injury that a Horse may sustain. It is now in general use as a Liniment for man for sores of all kinds. Pain in the limbs or back, changed hands, ting and follow worse.

chapped hands, ring and tetter worm, scalds and burns, and has made some most remarkable cures of RHEUMATISM, Prepared for the proprietor at WILLIAM W. HEART'S Drug Store, Scottsville, Albemarl County, Va.

None genuine but those signed by BHEO.

W. LITTLE, on the outside wrapper.

Price, 37; cents a Bolile.

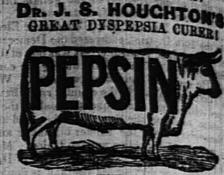
with Directions.

FOR SALE BY.

L. M. Sarre & Go. Chirlestow.
A. M. Catrian, Hospita Persyl
H. S. Fenney, Shepherdatawn.
A. H. Durrietin, Deffeld's DepoSaire & Marris, Lectownships.

371 Jone G. Shierer, Middlewsy.

medicines. Another Scientific Worder! DR. J. S. HOUGHTON



DIGESTIVE FLUID

GASTRIC JUICE DREPARED from RENNET, or the fourth STO. MACH OF THE OX, after directions of BARON LEBIG, the great Physiological Chemist, by J. S. HOUGHTON, M. D., Philadelphia, P.

HOUGHTON, M. D., Philadelphia, Pa.

HOUGHTON, M. D., Philadelphia, Pa.

This is a truly wonderful remedy for Indigestion, Dapepsia, Jaundice, Liver Complaint, Constitution, and Debility, Curing after Nature's own action, by Nature's own Agent, the CAS.

TRIC JUICE.

Half a teaspoonful of Parsin, infused in water, all digest or dissolve, Five Pounds of Roast Beef in also two hours, out of the atomach.

PEPSIN is the chief element, or Great Digesting Pisciple of the Gastrie Juice—the solvent of the food the purifying, Preserving, and Stimulating Agent of the Stomach and Intestines. It is extracted from the Digesting Pisciple of the Ox, thus forming an Artificial Digesting Piud, precisely like the natural Gastrie Juice in metamical powers, and furnishing a complete and principle of the Gastrie Juice in metamical powers, and furnishing a complete and principle of the Stomach of the Ox, thus forming an Artificial Digesting Piud, precisely like the natural Gastrie Juice in metamical powers, and furnishing a complete and principle and evils of INDIGESTION and DYSPEPSIA are moved, just as they would be by a healthy Stomach. It is doing wonders for Dyspeptics, curing cases of behility, Emaciation, Nervous Decline, and Dyspectonsumption, supposed to be on the verge of the grant the bighest degree curious and remarkable.

BARON LIEBIG in his celebrated work on Animal Chemistry saves. An actificial Digesting Chemistry saves. An actificial Digesting Chemistry saves.

BARON LIEBIG in his celebrated work on Animal Chemistry, says: "An artificial Digestive Fluid, and out to the Gastrie Julee, may be readily prepared for the mucous membrane of the stomach of the Cat, is which various articles of food, as meat and egg, will be softened, changed, and digested, just in the last manner as they would be in the human stomach."

Dr. COMBE, in his valuable writings on the Pasiology of Digestion," observes that "a diminutional the due quantity of the Gastric Juice is a prominent and all prevailing cause of Dyspepsia;" and he states the "a distinguished professor of medicine in London, who was severely afflicted with this complaint, finding every thing else to fail, had recourse to the Gastrie Juice, of tained-from the stomachs of living animals, which prose completely successful."

Dr. GRAHAM, author of the famous works on "Y. Dr. GRAHAM, author of the famous works on "V, getable Diet," says: "It is a remarkable fact in physically, that the stomaches of animals macerated in water, impart to the fluid the property of dissolving various ticles of food, and of effecting a kind of artificial distribution of them in no wise different from the natural distribution of them in no wise different from the natural distribution of them in no wise different from the natural distribution of them in no wise different from the natural distribution of them in no wise different from the natural distribution of them in no wise different from the natural distribution of the above, together with Reports of Remarks ble cures, from all parts of the United States.

AS A DYSPEPSIA CURER. Dr. HOUGHTON'S PEPSIN has produced the ass marvellous effects, in caring cases of Debility, Emain-tion, Nervous Decline, and Dyspeptic Consumption-it is impossible to give the details of cases in the lima of this advertisement; but authenticated certifican have been given of more than Two Hundred remain-ble cures, in Philadelphia, New York and Boston alon. These were nearly all desperate cases, and the run were not only rapid and wooderful, but permanent. It is a great NERVOUS ANTIDUTE and It is a great NERVOUS ANTIDOTE, and paris-larly useful for tendency to Bilious disorder, Liver Ca-plaint, Fever and Ague, or badly treated Fever as Ague, and the evil effects of Quinine, Mercury, and other driver users the Dissertion. other drugs upon the Digestive Organs, after a lag sickness. Also, for excess in eating, and the too less use of ardent spirits. It almost reconciles Health an

Old Stomach Complaints. There is no form of Old Stomach Complaints when There is no form of Old Stomach Complaints when it does not seem to reach and remove at once: Nowatter how bad they may be, it gives INSTANT RELIEF.—A single dose removes all the unpleasant symptoms and it only needs to be repeated for a short time to make these good effects permanent. Purity of Blood, and Vigor of Body follow at once. It is particularly excelent in cases of Nausea, Vomiting, Cramps, Soreness of the pit of the stomach, distress after eating, low, call state of the Blood, He aviness, Lowness of Spirits, Depondency, Emaciation, Weakness, tendency to Insant, Suicide, &c. Dr HOUGHTON'S PEPSIN, is sold by nearly a

the dealers in fine drugs and popular Medicines, throughout the United States. It is prepared in Powderand in fluid form—and in Prescription vials for the used Physicians. PRIVATE CIRCULARS For the use of Physicians, may be obtained of D. Houghton or his Agents, describing the whole proces of preparation, and giving the authorities upon which the claims of this new remedy are based. As it is not a SECRET REMEDY, no objections can be raised against is use by Physicians in respectable standing and res-

Every bottle of the genuine PEPSIN bears the wit-en signature of J. S. HOUGHTON, M. D., sole?norietor. Philadelphia, Pa. Copy-right and Trade Mat Sold by all Druggists and Dealers in Medicine. Price one Dollar Per Bottle. AGENTS: L. M. SMITH, Charlestown. L. P. HARTMAN, Winchester.

OBSERVE THIS!

Dec. 9, 1851-1y. TO THE PUBLIC. THE introduction of Dr. John Bull's unequalled Sasaparilla, has formed an era in the political work
its rise, progress, and the many wonderfull cures it is
effected, since it was introduced to the public, has
been a subject of great astonishment, and even commanded the admiration of the American people. When the
history of this truly wonderful medicine is knows, we
gether with the extraordinary exertions made by br.
Bull, to make it the most valuable compound of sumparilla known to the world, its rapid and unprecedented
rise and progress, will no longer be a theme of astonic rise and progress, will no longer be a theme of astend

Louisville, and was employed for a number of years studying the business of an Apothecary, with Mean. Byers & Butler, Dr. T. E. Wilson, and the lamented L. Byers & Buller, Dr. T. E. Wilson, and the lamented L. George, Jr. After leaving the service of Dr. Wilson, Dr. Bull was employed by Dr. F. Scorch, an old ast celebrated German phys cian of this city, and who we for many years, a Surgeon in the Grand Army of Napoleon. Dr. Scorch, during his life, made a fluid Extra of Sarsaparilla for the especial use of the physician of this city, and which was considered at that time by fat the most superior article made. Dr. Bull was employed by Dr. Scorch, in compounding this celebrated Sarsaparilla, and he then conceived the idea and finally fally determined (seventeen years since) to introduce it sparation of Sarsaparilla. nee that time his mind has been constantly emplo Since that time his mind has been constantly employed in studying the ingredients, and experimentage a find a complete, safe, and valuable compound of Sanparilla, such a one as would be acknowledged by physicians as undoubted in its efficacy, and hailed by the afficted with demonstrations of joy. By close and me mitting study, he at last succeeded in gaining the demendend. His Extract having been several years being the public, and its merits completely tested, he condently appeals to the thousand certificates of its wonderful cures, and hence for its great superiority over a other similar compounds. It is therefore a matter of a surprise, that the question is frequently asked "Windoes Dr. Bull's Sarsaparil'a continue to advance rapidly in the favor and confidence of the public, when all other similar preparations, which have proceed is have been cast aside as unworthy of the slightest settice?" Though it is not required yet this question is easily answered. Dr. Bull has not been his sole object he has had a higher and a nobler aim constantly in the has had a higher and a nobler aim constantly in the that of relieving the sufferings of his fellow creature. Unlike those who compound a good article for a slot time that they may gain a reputation, and having attarting out its most valuable ingredients, to a worthless miture, in order to accumulate wealth, Dr. Bull has extinued to use the costly ingredients which his long subjant experience enabled him to discover, and which has been of suc i invaluable service to suffering humaniyand esceks to gain an unspotted reputation, not only is himself, but also for his renowned Sarsaparilla, and its a fact worthy to be recorded, that every gallon of the

himself, but also for his renowned Sarsaparilla, and it a fact worthy to be recorded, that every gallon of the Sarsaparilla sold by Dr. Bull is made with his on hands and under his immediate superintendence. It several years past he has been daily experiments administering his mixtures, without charge to paper pronounced incurable, and to his eternal fame beth corded, his efforts have been crowned with the act wonderful success. His Sarsaparilla has now gained such a wide spread reputation, and been established upon such a solid basis, that he is firmly satisfied dis undoubted merits, and confidently challenges the combined Medical skill of Europe and America to protect out of Sarsaparilla, a superior preperation to his I had Extract.

Extract.

This Medicine, when used according to directions, will Cure without fail.

Scrofula or King's Evil, Cancers, Tunca, Eruptions of the Skin, Eruspielas, Chronic Soil Eyes, Ringworm or Tetters, Scaldhead, Rhamatism, Pains in the Bones or Joints, Old Son and Ulcers, Swelling of the Glands, Syphilis Dyspepsia, Sall Rheum, Diseases of the kidney of Appetite, Pain in Side and Shoulders, Garden Debility, Lumbago Dropsy, Sore Throat, the chitis, Coughs, Colds, Weakness of the Chester Pulmonary Affections. And all other diseases to Pulmonary Affections, And all other diseases lading to produce CONSUMPTION, land Complaints, Female Irregularities, and Complaints, Sick & Nervous Headache, Low Sprits, Night Sweats, Exposure or Imprudence in his Chronic Constitutional Diseases, And a Spring, and Summer drink and general Test or the system and a gentle and pleasant purgation

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CHARTERED MARCH 17, 1859,

C. S. FUNK, Secretary. O. F. BRESEE, Actuary. DIRECTORS. Jos. S. Carson, Wm. L. Clark, James P. Riely. James H. Burgess, N. W. Richardson, Lloyd Logan, John Kerr,

Office on Piccadilla Street, near Valley Bank, B. W. HERBERT. Agent for Jefferson County. July 27, 1852-1y.

Hartford Fire Insurance Company. HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT.

Incorporated 1810.—Charter perpetual.—Capital \$150,000; with power of increasing it to \$250,000. PUBLIC Buildings, Manufactories, Mills, Machinery, Dwelling Houses, Stores, Mer-

chandise, Household Furniture, Vessels on the stocks or while in port, &c., &c., will be insured at rates as low as the risk will admit. Applications for Insurance may be made of
B. W. HERBERT,
Agent for Jefferson county, Virginia,

In the absence of the Agent from Charlestown. to J. P. Brown, Esq., who will attend to them promptly. Persons at a distance address through the mail. N. B. On all Church buildings and Clergymen's personal property the Agent will present

his commissions in reducing the amount of premiums on the risks thus arising. July 13, 1852 -1y A CARD. TIME undersigned have formed a partnership in the legal profession. They will attend

the County and Superior Courts of Berkeley, Jefferson, Morgan, and Frederick, and the Superior Courts of other counties in such cases only in which they may be specially retained. CHAS. JAS. FAULKNER, FRANKLIN THOMAS.

Martinsburg, April 6, 1852-19 THOMAS C. GREEN, TO A TAMAROTEA

A large lot of Ladies and Children Shoes; Silk and Leghorn Hats; Kossuth and Wool do.; Charlestown, Jefferson county, Virginia, RACTICES in Jefferson and Hampshire counties, and will attend promptly to all business that may be entrusted to his care. Three the one recently occupied by Wm. Lucas.

WM. LISLE BAKER, Attornep at Law,

RACTICES, as heretofore, in all the Courts of Jefferson, Berkeley, and Clarke counties. As Commissioner for the neighboring, and all the Western States, he will take the acknowlimment of, and AUTHENTICATE under his SEAL OF OFFICE, any instrument of writing to be used in said States; and as

CLLEUT TEATER for Jefferson county, he will administer affidavits. take depositions and acknowledgment of deeds, mortgages. &c , to be recorded in any of the confiftes in Virginia. Charlestown, Aug. 10, 1852 .- 6m-F. P.

WM. S. ANDERSON, MARBLE STONE CUTTER,

Frederick City, Md., TURNS his thanks the citizens of Jefferson and adjoining counties for the liberal patronage extended to him in his line of business; respectfully gives notice that he is now prepared to execute all kinds of work in his line-such as Monuments, Tombslabs, Head and

Foot Stones, &c., at the shortest notice, and upon the most reas inable terms; and his work shall compare with any other in the country. All Stones delivered at kny own risk and expense. All orders thankfully received and promptly attended to.

Address WM. S. ANDERSON. Frederick City, Md., or JOHN G. RIDENOUR, Agent, May 11, 1852. Harpers Ferry. Va.

EXCHANGE HOTEL. Washington City, D. C.

TITIS establishment is now kept by the undersigned, a native of Fanquier County, Va. Nowithstanding its central situation, it neverheless affords a quiet and desirable resting place on the traveller and sojourner. The TABLE shall always be supplied with the luxuries of the scason, and a BAR with the best LIQUORS. The Servants are polite and attentive. The undersigned himself will spare neither time nor labol in adding to the comfort of his guests. He solicits the patronage of the travelling pub-CORBIN BAKER. ebruary 17, 1852.

CASH FOR NEGROES. AM desirous to purchase a large number of NEGROES for the Southern markets, men. women, boys, girls and families, for which I will give the highest cash prices. Persons having slaves to sell will please inform me personally, or by letter at Winchester. which will receive prompt attention; or B. M. & W. L. Campbell, No. 242, West Pratt street, ELIJAH McDOWELL. Agent of B. M. & W. L. Campbell.

Winchester, July 7, 1851-1y. TO THE PUBLIC. THE subscriber respectfully announces to the L citizens of Charlestown and vicinty, that he

has taken the shop, two doors Eeast of the Valley Bank, formerly occupied by James Clothier, tor the purpose of carrying on the Cailoring Business, in all its various branches. He hopes by strict

attention, and a desire to please, that he may share a portion of the public patronage. NEW YORK FASHIONS received monthly, which enables him to give the JOHN SNYDER. latest style. May 18, 1852-1v.

CHEAP CASH STORE. THE subscriber is opening in Mr. Rawlins' Store-House, on Main street, A new Dry Goods & Ready-Made They respectfully invite all and every person who CLOTHING STORE.

Including Fancy Goods, Jewelry, and Varieties He will sell at the very lowest price for Cash or Country Produce, and respectfully requests Ladies and Gentlemen to call and examine his JOHN ROSE. Charlestown, April 20, 1852.

OLD VIRGINIA FOREVER. HE undersigned having just returned, after an absence of two years, from the eastern cities, where he has been for the purpose of improving himself in a thorough knowledge of his business, would take this opportunity of informing his former friends, and the public generally, that he has again returned to "Old Jefferson," where he will be happy to oblige those who have any thing to do in the "MUD-DOBBING LINE." Feeling thankful for past favors, he would still wish to merit the patronage of the public. All kinds of Coloring or Ornamental Work done at the shortest notice. Ornamental Centers put JAMES W. DUKE. up to order.

June 29, 1852. Wanted, LBS. Bacon, and 25 bbls. Cider large and most be reduced. A call from the 5,000 Vinegar, in exchange for Groce-July 20, 1852.



A LARGE AND SPLENDID A WELL IMPROVED FARM 5106kor60093. ab at entire FOR SALE a- a sattle gois TOFFER at private sale the FARM upon which I reside, situated about four miles northwest of Charlestown, Jefferson county, Va., THE undersigned having sold his Property, including his Store House to the government, has determined to close his business in the Meradjoining the lands of W. T. Washington, R. Worthington, Geo. L. Washington and others, and containing about

at Cost, for Cash only.

cantile line. He therefore offers his extensive

BECOED TO MOOTE

which has been purchased as low as any Stock

in the Valley of Virginia, and all Fresh Goods,

he having been in business only about two years.

This assortment consists in part of the following

Plain, Black, Changeable, Plaid, Striped and

Barages of every quality; Bange De Lains;

Muslins and Lawns; Mourning Lawns; Swiss, plain, and figured Muslins;

Super Curtain Muslins of various patterns;

Ladies super Linen Hdk'fs. from 10 cts. up;

Colored and Black Cravate; Crape and Cashmer Shawls of various sizes

Thibet and Barage Shawls, of various sizes and

A large assortment of Dress Trimmings;

Ladies Kid, Silk, and Lisle Thread Gloves ;

Ladies' Silk, Cashmere, Lambs-Wool and Cot-

Do Fancy Cassinetts at very low prices:

Silk Velvet, Satin, Figured Silk and Mar-

Canton Flannels; Domestics of every descrip-

A large assortment of Fancy and Plain Rib-

bons, Artificial Flowers, Cape Tabs, Combs

and Brushes, and almost every article in

China and Queensware,

Among which are several handsome Tea Sets.

A good assortment of Hardware, Cutlery, Car-penters' Tools, &c., Waters, Looking Glasses

GROCERIES.

I have a large stock of Groceries all of which

Caps of every description; all of which will posi-

N. B. Those who know themselves to be in-

debted to me, are respectfully requested to call

JEFFERSON MACHINE SHQP.

IRON AND BRASS FOUNDRY.

THE subscribers beg leave to call the atten-tion of Farmers and the public generally, to

their very large and extensive assortment of

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS,

now on hand, including their celebrated Patent

Thresher and Cleauer, which now stands without

a rival; having as far eclipsed the old Cleaners as

the telegraph now does the old news carrier stage.

which they offer for the very low price of \$235,

and warrant it to thresh from 2 to 4 hundred bu-

shels per day with six horses. As we deem

certificates of no value, which could be had by any number, but have a sufficient confidence in

the Machine recommending Atself. They would

respectfully call the attention of those persons

who wish to purchase CLEANERS, to call and

They also manufacture common THRESH-

ERS from \$45 to \$75 with Shakers complete.

Also an improved W heat Drill, with a seff-

acting spring beam, entirely avoiding the trou-

ble of making Pins to be broke when the foot

comes in contact with rocks, stumps, &c., so that

seed one-fourth more per day. The Spring is

warranted not to break by seeding. The farm-

ers will please call and see for themselves. All

other Machinery constantly on hand at low prices

including Corn and Cob Crushers \$45; Field

Rol er; Smooth, and also the celebrated cast cut-

Rodder Cutters; Corn Shellers, and 6 horse

hand which took the first Premium at the World's

Also, all kinds of Casting done on the shortest

June 15, 1852. ZIMMERMAN & CO.

PERUVIAN GUANO.

DERSONS wishing to purchase Guano by the

at \$43 per ton, and expenses of transportation on

For the Guano at this price, cash will be re-

quired, or an approved note at four months with

interest added. The Canal being now naviga-

The Guano will be delivered on the cars, on

BLACKBURN & CO.

either railroad, at Harpers-Ferry, when desired.

New Firm at the Depot.

HE undersigned having formed a copartner-

JOHN G. MORRIS & CO.,

are prepared to afford increased facilities for trans-

Receiving and Forwarding Business

AT THE

Charlestown Depot.

They are determined to leave no effort unspar-

tomers who may favor them with their patronage.

Salt, Fish, Tar, Plaster, &c.

J. G. Morris will give the business his strict,

N. B .- It is necessary, to enable us to make

our full returns, that the Cash be paid on all

goods received at the Depot before they are taken

away, especially from those who have not been

very prompt heretofore. A moderate eredit will

be extended to regular customers on articles for

Jan. 7. JOHN G. MORRIS & CO.

CLOTHING AT COST?

N order to reduce my Stock of Ready-Made

CLOTHING, I will sell Coats, Pants, Vests,

Cravats, Pocket-Handkerdhiefs, Stocks, Collars,

Bosoms, Linen-Bosom and other Shirts, Silk and

Cotton Under Shirts, Suspenders, Drawers and

Socks, at cost prices, (for cash,) and many arti-

cles of Clothing at less than cost. The stock is

Harpers Ferry, July 20, 1852.

WM. J. STEPHENS.

sale, excepting Flour, Coalland Plaster, for which

JOHN G. MORRIS.

VINCENT W. MOORE.

They will keep constantly on hand a large as-

O'd Furnace, July 20, 1852-tf. F. P.

est notice and most durable manner.

ble, it can be delivered at any time.

L ship under the name and firm of

farming community, such as

personal and undivided attention.

the cash will be required.

public is requested.

acting all the

fer rom 50 to \$75, all Iron; Straw Cutters;

JOHN G. WILSON.

tively be sold at cost for CASH, as I am determin-

tion and colors; Silk and Fancy Bonnets;

Gentlemen's Kid and Silk Gloves:

Gantlemens Lambs Wool Hose;

Super Black Cloths and Cassimeres;

Tweeds of all colors and prices; Super White, Red and Yellow Flannels;

Ginghams and Calicoes all patterns and prices;

Cumbrics and Jaconets do.; Poplins;

Gentlemen's Linen and Silk Hdk'fs.;

and prices;

Figured and plain Bobinets;

Silk Laces and Fringes;

French worked Collars;

Parasols and Umbrellas:

sailes Vestings;

ton Hose;

the fancy way.

ed to close up my business.

and settle their accounts.

examine for themselves

Harpers Ferry, Aug. 10, 1852.

and Tin Ware.

Figured Silks;
Silk Tissues of various patterns;

Illusions, Tarltons, and Sarcenets;

articles, viz:

260 Acres of Land. thirty of which are in timber, the balance in arable land, divided into nine fields, all under good fencing, mostly post and cap-fence. The improvements consist of a large, conve-

taining seven room, with cellars under

ed to call and view the premises.

For terms apply to the subscriber, living upon R. G. McPHERSON. October 21, 1851.—tf

DISSOLUTION. THE Co-partnership heretofore existing under the name of SMITH & JACKSON, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent, Mr. Jackson having sold out his entire interest and "good will" to SMITH & WILLIAMS. All persons whose accounts have been standing over twelve months, are requested to come

THE undersigned having purchased the entire interest of EDWARD JACKSON in the above named establishment, have this day formed a Co partnership under the name and firm of SMITH & WILLIAMS, and will continue to carry on the

at the old stand occupied by SMITH & JACKSON, Those who desire to get good bargains are respectfully invited to call so in and judge for them- and can assure their triends and the public, that WM. L. SMITH.

ERASMUS P. WILLIAMS. Berryville, July 8, 1852. (July 20-tf.)

Shenandoah Iron Foundry.

chinery and Plough Castings, at short notice. Having been engaged in the business for many years in the largest foundries in the United States, and being now determined to devote his whole attention to the business, he is confident that th se who favor him with their work will at the same time, be favoring their own interests, as his prices for Castings shall be as low as at any foundry in the Valley. Orders, from all in want of Castings of any

description, are respectfully solicited. HENRY C. PARKER. Shenandoah City, Aug. 3, 1852.

on every Friday. S. S. MOORE, no time is lost by the seedsman; enabling him to Executor of Wm. Moore. Aug. 10, 1852-110. F. P.

> THE undersigned would most respectfully inform the citizens of Harpers-Ferry and surrounding country that they have opened

power McCormick's Premium Wheat Reaper. Between Shenandoah and Hamilton Streets, We are also Agents for C. II. McCormick. and have a number of his superior Reapers on usually low prices; Blacksmiths will find it Fait. Persons wanting would do well to call early or perhaps they might be disappointed .ed to sell as low as any, and as good qualities. notice, including Mill Castings; dressing Mill very small advance over the price at the mine. Irons, Picks, &c. All repairs done at the short-

articles, as it is only necessary for them to leave DAVID SIEGEL & CO. ton, can obtain it by giving us their orders,

September 7, 1852.

BOOT AND SHOEMAKING. I WOULD respectfully inform my friends and the public generally that I have removed my Boot and Shoe Establishment to the rooms formerly occupied by F. W. RAWLINS, as a Tirner Shop, three doors east of the Bank. A continuance of old custom is respectfully solicited, while special efforts and exertion will be used to accommodate many new ones; no pains will be spared to render satisfaction to all. As to quality of material, neatness and durability of work. have more to recommend them to the favorable consideration of those who are in want. All are at least requested to call, examine and price, as it affords him great pleasure to exhibit his work to those whose good pleasure it may be to examine. ed to accommodate the old, and all the new Cus-In addition to facilities for manufacturing work at the shortest notice, he constantly keeps on hand a large and very general assortment of Boots, Shoes, Ladies' and Children's Gaiters, sortment of articles suitable to the wants of the most reasonable terms for cash, on time or exchanged for country produce. desire bargains to give them a call-having made

up their minds that "a penny turned is a penny | Wm., as Agent, an experienced workman, to who may please to call. All kinds of country hides taken in for work.

> My Saddle, Harness and Trunk Manufactory WILL be conducted by me at the old Stand. as heretolore, two doors east of Sappington's Hotel, where all kinds of Gentlemen's and Ladies' Saddles.

Harness and Trunks, mine and judge for themselves.

Country hides in exchange for work. September 7, 1852. JOHN AVIS, Jr. JUST received-Horse Rasps, Files, assorted; Razor Strops, Cooper's Adzes, Walby's Mason Trowels, Augers, assorted; Planes, Pad Locks, Nails and Tacks of all sizes, &c. Sept. 7. T. RAWLINS & SON.

nient and newly built Dwelling, con-

the whole-smoke house, ice house, servants' houses, stabling, corn house, and a large granary divided into garners, capable of holding 2000 bushels of wheat. All the buildings necessary for the comfort and convenience of a family have been erected within a few years past and are in good repair. There is upon the farm a variety of choice fruit selected from the best nurseries and most of them now bearing, viz: apples, peaches, cherries, apricots, plums, &c. The land has been farmed exclusively with a view to its improvement, clover and plaster has been freely used, and it is now in a fine state of cultivation. The Winchester and Potomac Railroad 11 miles distant, and the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad 4 miles distant, offer great facilities for the transportation of the produce of the farm either to the Baltimore or District markets. The Harpers-Ferry and Smithfield Turnpike affords a good and safe route to

Charlestown at all seasons of the year. Its location will compare favorably with that of any farm in the county of Jefferson, as regards health, society, fertility of soil, or facilities to market. Persons wishing to purchase land, well improved, with every thing to hand, are request-

the premises, or if by letter, addressed to Charles-

forward and settle them immediately. WM. L. SMITH, EDWARD JACKSON. Berryville, July 8, 1852.

CO-PARTNERSHIP.

Mercantile Business, if favored with a portion of their patronage, no exertion shall be spared to make it to their inte-

HIS Foundry, situated on the Winchester & Potomac Railroad, 11 miles from Harpers-Ferry, has been rented for a term of years by the subscriber, who would respectfully inform the public that he is now prepared to do, in a style of workmanship, which cannot be surpassed, i equalled, in this Valley, every description of Ma-

LTOld Iron taken in exchange for Castings.

NOTICE. HE Notes given at the sales of the Person-Alty of the late WM. MOORE, will be due on the 19th August, and the 23d of September. Prompt payment is expected, or the Notes will be transferred. I can be seen in Charlestown,

WOOD AND COAL. A Coal and Wood-Yard.

where they will be able to furnish families at ungreatly to their advantage to give them a call before purchasing elsewhere as they are prepar-Farmers and others living near the Railroads can be supplied with coal by the car load, at a. They would request a call from all who may

find themselves in want of either of the above their orders, and the article will be delivered at

N. B. All orders can be left at J. W. Riley's store, on the corner of High and Shenandoah

REMOVAL. promptness of execution and moderation of charge, no establishments of the county, shall Slippers, &c., which can be purchased on the

I have procured the services of John Avis, of take charge of my Establishment, who will always be found at his post ready to wait on those

September 7, 1852. JOHN AVIS, JR.

are kept constantly on hand and made to order.— My prices shall be as low as any establishment in the Valley, and work warranted to be equal in point of durability and neatness to that manufactured any where. Farmers and the public generally, are respectfully invited to call, exa-

POETRY.

SPRANK PIERCE A COWARDS BY LEWIS DELA. Frank Pierce a coward? breathe it not "Neath Freedom's hallowed sky; Old Bunker Hill will find a reice To echo back the lie.

The blood that from that sacred fount

Baptized our native land, Has nerved warmed a craven heart, Or never a traitor's hand. Frank Pierce a coward? let the wretch Frank Pierce a coward? let the wro Forth from his ambush crawl, Who, with corruption in his heart, Thus bathed his lips in gall. If, with a sceptre by his side, And on his head a crown, The deep damnation of the deed Would strike the catiff down.

The gifts of place and power,
And found beside the hearth of home
The only welcome dower. But when the blast of war was heard. He sought a foreign shore; Not that he loved his home the less, But loved his country more.

Frank Pierce a coward? he who spurned

Frank Pierce a coward? let us look On Cherubusco's field. Who, leading on his bold brigade, Knew no such word as yield? At Contreras the marshalled host Stood wrapt in awe and pride;
The "gallant ninth." I d on by Pierce,
The bottest fire defied. Frank Pierce a coward? when at night,

Rome and her institutions more.

What has given to the Democratic Party its

present commanding power and influence in this Confederacy? What must ever make it the pre-

dominant party, so long as it continues faithful to the principles upon which it was originally founded by Jefferson and Madison, of Virginia, and by the two Muhlenburgs—por nobile fratrum—Rush, Dallas, Leiper, Lieb and others, of your

State? Your enemies ascribe its power to causes

not very flattering to human nature, nor very honorable to American intelligence and patriotism. But examine its history from 1798 to the

present hour, and you find that the true secret of its strength is to be found in its sacred observance

of the limitations—the guaranties—the letter and spirit of our Great Federal Compact. I do

not mean to say that within that period there have not been departures—very wide departures—from

the true latitude and longitude of Constitutional interpretation. But I do mean to say that the

Democratic party have sought to make the Constitution the polar star, by which the Vessel of State should be steered through the stormy ocean

of Politics-and while the winds of faction, and

the occasional mutiny of a portion of the crew,

have sometimes diverted it from the true line of

its direction, it has not been long before it has

corrected its log, and placed the old ship, in the language of Mr. Jefferson, "on the true Repub-

1st. That such State should remain sovereign

and supreme in all matters relating to its own

lican tack."

By pure compassion led,
He sought alone the crimson field,
Where those he loved had bled?
No thought of self; his only wish
To catch the latest sigh
Of those who left New England homes,
In that far land to die. Frank Pierce a coward? No! the thought

Would freedom's soil profane;
The patriot sire of "seventy-six"
Lives in the son again.
His fame shall spread, long as our flag
In glory floats on high—
As long as Hampshire's granite hills
Look upward to the sky!

POLITICAL.

EXTRACTS FROM Hon. Charles J. Faulkner's Speech. DELIVERED AT READING, PA., SEPT. 4TH.

The President of the day, Hon, James Buchanan, introduced to the crowd the Hon. Charles J. Faulkner, of Virginia, as the representative in Congress of a portion of the Tenth Legion of Virginia Democracy-which annunciation was received with immense and prolonged cheering. Mr. Faulkner said :- I thank you, fellow-citizens of Pennsylvania, for the cordial manner in which you have received one who is a perfect

in his present claim upon her sympathies. As

the spartan mother said to her recreant son who

returned from battle without his shield, "go back

and return with your shield or upon it." So does

Virginia say to Winfield Scott. Return with the

principles which I taught you before you left my

soil, or return never more. So long as Scott

headed our gallant army against Mexico, and

fought in the true line of his profession, his march

was triumphant, his career brilliant. But the

Sampson of war has been shorn of his strength

hy the modern Delilahs of abolition; and if he

should ever hereafter again, under the custody of

reach them.

stowed upon you.

fairest portions of that productive region.

the tenth legion of Virginia Democracy.

Your distinguished President has referred to

In the centre of that great valley, there are

some three or four prosperous and densely popu-

lated counties, which were originally settled al-

a Whig or a Democrat-but as an INDEPENDENT

UNION CANDIDATE, I have the honor to represent

upon the floor, at the House of Representatives,

two of these counties. Like yourselves, your de-

scendants in that valley are almost wholly and

exclusively Democratic. A Whig as naturally

perishes there as a sucker caught in one of your

beautiful streams would perish it thrown upon its

bank. Since the days of Thomas Jefferson, those

Julius of Democracy-the imperial guard of Na-

poleon-the reserved corps which has never yet

failed to turn back the tide of disaster and defeat-

My friends, I do not know whether that term is

applied to you here, but in my State, the county

of Berks is familiarly known as the tenth legion

of Pennsylvania Democracy. Can't you propose

it to yourselves to acquire a fame as imperisha-

ble as that which attaches to your decendants in

Virginia? Can't you resolve that Pennsylvania

me as being the representative of a portion of

local interests, and should be the sole and exclustranger to you. I thank you on my own account. sive judge of its own domestic institutions. * and I thank you on behalf of the Tenth Legior of Virginia Democracy. But there was another principle agreed upon, no less important than the first-and it was this, Fellow Countrymen :- I have come from the dent of old made his pilgrimage to the classic groves of Athens, to drink at the pure; undefiled them. This power might have been left to the well of Northern Democracy. [Cheers.] Island States, in which the fugitive sought an asylum, and certainly every principle of good neighborin the midst of the firm, the unconquerable, the ever-conquering Democracy of Berks, [cheers] in hood, of fraternal sympathy, and of international the hearts of the Tenth Legion of Pennsylvania courtesy would have required and justified its ex-Democracy heers.] I have come here with no ercise by the State. But it was deemed most idle intent. Thave come here with an object and expedient to devolve that authority upon the Nafor a purpose. I have come from Virginia to see tional Government; because its jurisdiction was with my own eyes and to hear with my own ears, co-extensive with the limits of the whole Union: how the men of Pennsylvania respond to the true because it was a government in which the South principles of our great Federal compact. Virgicould be represented, and upon which it could nia and Pennsylvania united in the field of party rely for a faithful enforcement of the provision, warfare, have so far proved themselves equal to and because it thereby relieved the anti-slavery a world in arms. From the foundation of the feeling of any particular State from any respon-Government to the present hour the Republican sibility in the matter. party has never sustained a defeat when these Now, of the vast and overshadowing importwo powerful States have stood shoulder to shoultance of this provision of the Federal compact to der in the fight. I can then say to you with emthe South, no reflecting man can entertain a phasis and power that Virginia is sound,-sound doubt. It is not the mere money value of the to the core, safe beyond dispute or cavil, and with slaves who escape into the free States, which untold thousands to spare from the ballot box.has aroused the united action of the South on The Scott column of Virginia, following the lead this question. It is the fact well known to us. of false guides and treacherous consuls, is now that if such a provision did not exist in the Confairly hemmed in between the Candine forks .stitution, and was not raithfully enforced, that a Any attempt to pass its Northern or its Southern spirit of insubordination would very probably be defile must be alike fatal to it. On the South infused into our slave population, that would stands a Democratic host panting for the contest, lead to the most fearful and tragic consequences. and flushed with the hopes of anticipated victory. Let no man then suppose that when the South On the North, frowns the fearful chasms of aboassumes the position which she has done on this lition. No free soil triumph will ever flash its question, that she is governed by any mere conplories over that field of fight. Though Scott be sideration of dollars and cents, she is acting una native of the Old Dominion, she knows him notder the solemn conviction that upon the faithful

such persons as enemies to the South, and as the Philistine guardians acquire strength and enemies to the Union. [Cheers.] power, it can only be, I fear, to pull down upon your heads and mine, and his own, the pillars of We of the South are in the habit of regarding our Constitution. I have told you what the prosthe position of parties in the North, upon the fupect of the campaign is in Virginia. It is equalgitive slave law, as presenting an infallible test ly safe in Pennsylvania? [Shouts, from the Constitutional orthodoxy-and why? Becrowd-it is-it is] If so then the Union is safe, cause it is a plainly written provision of the Conthe Constitution is safe, sectional agitation will stitution-clear, distinct, positive-admitting of be forever extinguished, and the plotters and conno evasion or equivocation, and the man who spirators against our peace will be driven to their would nullify that provision, would strike down obscure dens where the light of day will never the whole instrument whenever it suited his purose. Again, because the Supreme Court of the Freemen of Pennsylvania, if I cannot find pa-United States has solemnly announced that the riots here, where can I go to look for them?-Act of 1793 was delusive, and inefficient for the If you do not love that Union and reverence that objects contemplated by the Constitution, and Constitution under whose glorious auspices you that we were entitled to a full and adequate reenjoy the unnumbered blessings which seem medy from the National Government. Now, I maintain that any party that would throw itself everywhere showered upon you, where upon this in direct opposition to the plain acquirements of continent, are friends of the Union to be found? the Constitution of the United States, and in op-God, in his goodness, never gave to man a nobler heritage than that which you here possess; and est judicial tribunal in the land, and do so for the every object that met my eye as the merry and rattling car brought me in view of your luxuripurpose of waging a reckless and unprincipled ant fields-vour well cultivated farms-vour warfare against our peace and happiness, cannot richly stored granaries, and your comfortable be expected to command much of our respect and confidence, and ought not to command the

execution of this plain and express guarantee of

the Constitution, depend her domestic tranguili-

ty and peace. And we are forced to regard all

men in the free States, who stimulates opposi-

tion to the fugitive slave law, and who seek to

frustrate and nullify its provisions, as not mere-

ly violating an express obligation of the Constu-

ion, but as seeking to enact that " Drama of

Blood," which Governor Johnston, in his earlier

and better days, charged to be the purpose of those

who sought to embarrass the legal rights of the

slaveholder. We are compelled to regard all

homesteads, all prove that you know how to value the blessings which a kind Providence has berespect and confidence of any portion of the I come from the Valley of Virginia-from a Let us, then, for a moment look at the course soil not inferior to your own in natural fertility, of the two parties upon this great and vital but somewhat inferior to yours in careful and question. In the Senate of the United States not one sinjudicious cultivation. A large portion of that beautiful Valley has been settled by Pennsylvagle Northern Whig Senator could be got to vote nians, and the decendants from the farmers of old for the passage of the bill. Berks, may be now seen occupying some of the In the House of Representatives, it received

tent from this county. Although not elected as crat, voted for the bill; Cooper, the Whig,

Northwestern States.

But this would lead me into too extensive a field of the inquiry. My object is to examine the courses of parties in this State, and to that I will for the present restrict myself. You had two Senators in Congress-Daniel Sturgeon and James Cooper-the first, a Demomost entirely from this State, and to a great ex- | crat; the second, a Whig. Sturgeon, the Demo-

the vote of one solitary Whig member from the

In the House of Representatives, the same state of things was exhibited. Of your twentyfour members, every Whig whose vote was recorded-and ten are so recorded-was found in opposition to the bill. Every Democrat whose vote stands recorded, is found in support of the

In your State Conventions and County Con-

counties have been called the tenth legion of Virventions you declaredginia Democracy: And well have they been so Resolved, That the Democratic party of Penncalled for it has been the 10th legion of the mighty sylvania are true to the Union, the Constitution and the laws, and will faithfully observe and execute, so far as in them lies, all the measures of compromise adopted by the late Congress for the and to achieve certain and secure victory. Even purpose of settling the questions arising out of in 1840, when the Republic seemed to reel and domestic slavery; and this, not only from a totter under the maddening and intoxicating insense of duty as good citizens of the Republic, fluences of political frenzy and hard cider-when but also from the kind and fraternal feelings Democratic Pennsylvania bowed her head-Virwhich they cherish towards their brethren of the ginia stood firm, but she stood firm solely by virtue of this 10th legion of her Democratic army.

slaveholding States. Again, at a subsequent convention, the following resolution was adopted: Resolved, That the Democracy of Pennsylvania will maintain with fidelity and energy, the faithful execution of the Fugitive Slave Law; and that we pledge ourselves to use our best efforts to secure the speedy repeal of such portions in prison for life.

shall never again bow her head in a blind and heedless enthusiasm for mere military renown? A thousand times has the tannt been repeated by your enemies from lip to lip. "Pennsylvania is safe for Scott—Pennsylvania has never yet can her your against a military candidate—stick up a man in uniform, put spauletts upon his shoulders and a plume in his cap, and dub him a General, and til Peunsylvania will follow at his beels."—This is the language of taunt and sarcasm, in which the Whigs have indalged, which have led your Johnstons and your Stevens to propose for your acceptance for the office of President of the United States the Commander in Chief of your Regular Arms. Now that General Scott does possess real, solid substantial, distinguished military merit, is not to be questioned by me. And it is only a subject of my most, profound regret, that such exalted military fine should be seized upon by unprincipled demagogues and knaves as the means to advance their own selfish and mischievous purposes. But it is for you, my Fellow Critizens, to teach these blind advocates of gupowder availability, that they have miscalculated your intelligence and firmness. That you can distinguish between military attainments and civil qualifications, and give to each their appropriate rewards. And that in rejecting and repudiating the claims of Winfield Scott for the Presidency, surrounded, as he unhappily is, with the foul misama of Abolition, you do so, not because you reason and her institutions more.

What has given to the Democratic Party its.

Perhaps one of the most striking illustrations.

Perhaps one of the most striking illustrations of this distinguishing characteristic between the Northern Whig and Democratic parties is to be found in the course of William F. Johnston, late Whig Governor of your State. You will thus perceive how the same man may perform the functions of a political chameleon and reflect through his transparent skin, the color and complexion of the party to which he at the time be-

In 1837, Governor Johnston was a Democrat and a member of the House of Delegates of Pennsylvania, from the county or Armstrong. On the 27th of January, of that year, a petition was presented to the House, praying the Legislature to grant the trial by jury to fugitive slaves. How did the Democratic representative of the county of Armstrong then meet this proposition? Hedenounced it in the following just and appropriate remarks. I can only take a short extract

from his speech:
"Suppose, sir, we could legitimately act upon this prayer of the petitioners, (giving the right of trial by jury to the slave,) would it be politic in this House to do so? By the original compact between the States, Pennsylvania, has recognized the rights of the Southern man in the property of his slave-and she has no right to pass laws which would embarrass the recovery ot his property. Can the owner of the slave be expected to undergo the delays of a jury trial, the procrastination of the law, and the expense incident thereto? It would almost amount to a positive prevention to the recovery of his legal right, and particularly when we take into consideration the fact that in many of the counties of the Commonwealth a large and respectable portion that inasmuch as our slaves might readily es- of the citizens have conscientious scruples upon cape into the free States, a power should exist | the subject of slavery, which would most effecsomewhere, that would enable us to reclaim | tually prevent the recovery of the slave. It appeared to him that if such an act was passed, it would virtually amount to the emancipation of to escape the pursuit of his master, and put his foot in Pennsylvania. Such action would be the first act in that drama of blood which some men appear to be so anxious to bring upon the country. Let these infatuated and misled philanthropists pursue their own course, but he confidently hoped this House would refuse to en-

dorse their errors." Now, what was the course of this same Wm. F. Johnston in 1850 and 1851, after he had abandoned the Democratic party, and when he stood forward the embodiment and representative of Penusylvania Whiggery? Is it not as notorious as any fact in the history of your State politics, that as the Whig candidate for the office of Governor, he denounced the fugitive slave act in the most unmeasured terms from one end of the State to the other, and especially the feature de-

nying a jury trial? The Democracy, guided by that overruling Providence which seems to prosper all its measures, and to connect in one destiny its triumphs and the glory of our common country, has selected a ticket which I can support with my whole heart. Unambitious of office, and yet ready to obey his country's call, in peace or war, whenever the public good demands it, Franklin Pierce dreampt as little of the high destiny which now awaits him, as Cincinnatus whilst toiling at his plough. No nomination, in the present condition of the country, could have been less liable to any sectional or personal objection, and none could have been hailed with more universal favor by the country. By birth and residence a Northern man, the South has unbounded confidence in him, because his whole public career indicates a statesman of the most enlarged and comprehensive American feeling. To use his own emphatic declaration, he knows"no North, no South, no East, no West, under the Constitution, but a sacred maintenance of the common bond, and a

true devotion to the common brotherhood.' This has been called the canvass of "Falsehood and Frauds," and such it truly has been. Without resorting to falsehood, what could be said against Frank Fierce? At first, he was charged with being a drunkard-but that soon sunk into the kennel of loathsome and forgotten calumnies. Then he was charged with intolerance to his Catholic fellow citizens. But these very Catholics, promptly, rose en masse, with their reverend pastor at their head, and pronounced the statement false. Then came the Foss fabrication, but that has now sunk to the Tomb of the Capulets. The Whige have one fact left, and upon that, they exhaust all the powers of their wit and eloquence. "General Pierce fainted on the battle field of Cherubusco!" Well, gentlemen the fact is so. We can't deny it. Gen. Pierce did taint on the battle field of Chernbusco, and yet the man who could reproach him with that fact, is destitute of an American heart in his bosom, and is no better than a Mexican dog. It is the proudest incident in the military history of Franklin Pierce.

One word more, and I am done. As I told you on the opening of my remarks, I came here to see with my own eyes, and to hear with my own ears, how far the Democracy of Pennsylvania mean to stand by the constitutional rights of the South. I know what politicians have said, and I know what conventions have said; but I wish to hear from the people themselves, what they have to say. When I return to Virginia—to the bosom of my own constituents-shall I be able to tell them, that fidelity to all the guaranties of the Constitution is, and continues to be, a cardinal principle of Democratic faith? [" You may -you may ?" came from a hundred voices in the crowd.] That you will never cease to war with the Whigs of your State, until every right secured to us by that sacred compact, is fully recognized and conferred? [We will! the Constitution must be preserved! declared several voices from the crowd, to which the whole meeting responded] Then, gentlemen, I goaway satisfied I have an answer, not from politicians or conventions, but from the great masses of the peonle themselves, and you have furnished me an armor more imperishable than the seven fold shield of Achilles. [Mr. Faulkner took his seat,

when three cheers were given for the speaker, and the 10th legion of Virginia Democracy. WHIG DEFAMERS REBUKED -Colonel Haskill, whig elector in Tennessee, rebukes the whig de-famers of General Pierce in the following per-

vous language:
"I would consider myself personally disgraced did I stoop to the humiliating baseness of insinuating cowardice against General Pierce, whom I know to be a brave man, chivalric in his conduct on the field of battle. Others may pursue that course which their feelings dictate; but as for myself, I would spurn the thought did it obtrude itself upon my mind."

F. P. stands for Frank Pierce, Faithful Patriot and Fourteenth President. W. S. stands for Winfield Scott, Weak Sour, Whig Swindle, and Won't Suit.

-Ry a new law of Massachusetts, if the Governor declines issuing a warrant for the execution of a man sentenced to be hung, he remains

information having been solicited in refere

Mount Vermon, August 30th, 1858.

My Dran Size: My business orgagements must be my apology for not having sooner furnished you with the information of Guano in this neighborhood.

More or less of it has been used here, every year since 1845, when we commenced with it, and I have never seen a worn out or poor soil on which it would not, if properly applied, bring good crops of wheat, corn and grass: The expediency of using it on the best and richest fields in Jefferson may be doubtful, but on your exhausted lands—and there are some of this character in your county—on the slate lands along the Opequon, on the strip of arable land between the Shenandoah bottoms and the Blue Ridge, on the Pine Hills around Harpers-Ferry and generally on your corn-land wheathelds, Guano can, in my opinion, be used with unquestionable profit. Ferry and generally on your corn-land wheatfields, Guano can, in my opinion, be used with unquestionable profit.

In applying it to wheat in the fall, the following course has been pursued with success. After ploughing the land, Guano in a finely pulverized state has been sown at the rate of two hundred lba. (three bushels) per acre on the ploughed ground, and immediately harrowed or lightly ploughed in. Another plan, which has been found to succeed just as well, is to harrow the land, and sow the guano, and wheat immediately on it and plough both in together. The Guano should be sifted and the lumps pounded. The silting can be done with a wheat tan, by loosening the crank rod from the wheat or wings, so that they shall not form, put in the finest riddle and pour in the guano at the hopper, and shake the riddle by means of the rod watch is still fastened to the riddle crank. The fine Guano will run down, and the lumps will be thrown or roll over at the tail end of the fan. They can then be taken up and pounded.

If the weather is windy, the Guano should be slightly moistened, otherwise great loss will occur from its blowing off, and moreover it will not be regularly distributed on the land. The damping of the guano can be done with a common watering pot with a sprinkle, or if this is not at hand take a good brush broom and dip in a barrel of water and sprinkle the guano, having it turned over during the

good brush broom and dip in a barrel of water and sprinkle the guans, having it turned over during the operation until it becomes damp, not wet. When sprinkle the guans, having it turned over during the operation until it becomes damp, not wet. When plaster is mixed with the guano, a bushel of plaster to three bushels of guano will be found enough; many persons only putting half this quantity of plaster. There is a great difference of opinion as to the utility of combining plaster with guano. For the arguments pro and con, I must refer you to the American Farmer for 1851. Without entering into the discussion, I will simply give my own experience after having used it for nearly seven years. ence after having used it for nearly seven years .-My experiments have been made with some care, to test the matter for my own satisfaction. I have perceived neither an injurious nor beneficial effect

rom the combination.

Guano in this neighborhood has generally been applied to land that would yield less than fifteen bushels of wheat per acre, and sometimes to land that would yield none. The increase of crop from the use of guano has varied from ten to fifteen or sixteen bushels per acre. I have rarely, if ever, known an application of 200 lbs. of Peruvian guano produce a smaller increase than ten bushels, and it almost ensures a good crop of clover after the wheat, if clover seed is sown. Guano is sometimes sown before the land is ploughed and then turned under. It acts admirably when applied to Indian Corn in this way, and it may do for wheat on corn land or on a very light or sandy soil. But I think you will find it not advisable to apply it to wheat, in this way, on fallows or on stiff soils.

Guano like other putresant manures is temporary in its action, but it must be quantities and in a most unskillful and slovenly manner when its effects are exhausted in a single season. Two hundred pounds well pulverized and sown on the ploughed ground and neither harrowed of every pegro who might be fortunate enough or lightly ploughed in as soon as it is sown will do more towards ensuring a good crop of wheat and a succession of clover than any other manure in reach of the Farmer. From three to four hundred pounds ploughed under will in any, but very bad, seasons roduce a good crop of corn, wheat and clover .believe it is a maxim in your county that if a man does not improve his land with a good crop of clover,

he can blame neither soil nor season. Out of many that could be adduced, I will mention a single instance to show that Guano is not when properly applied, exhausted from the soil in a single season. In the summer and fall of 1848. gentleman whose name as I have not consulted m. I do not feel at liberty to mention, ploughed a field of thirty acres for wheat. After harrowing the land, about three hundred and fifty lbs. of Patagonian Guano, which cost him \$40 per ton, (Perurian was then \$60) was sown, the wheat sown on it, and both ploughed in together. I have known this field for a long time and had frequently seen it in cultivation before, and I had never seen more than two or three bushels of wheat or five of corn

grown on it. Upon the richest lands of Londonn and Jefferson and I am pretty well acquainted with both counties. I have never seen a more luxuriant growth of wheat, han was upon this hitherto barren field, in May. 1849. It was however prostrated by a storm before the heads were filled and the yield was only eighteen bushels per acre. In 1850-'51, two tons of hay per acre each year were taken from the land. I have not learned the result of this year's crop of Hay, but from its appearance in the spring, there can have been no material falling off in the vield .-No other manure than the first dressing of Guano

as been applied to the land. There will be between five hundred and one thousand tons of Guano used in this county. (Fairfax.) during the present year; and old fields, that no one would have dreamed of disturbing a few years since, are now being cleared, enclosed, and brought into profitable cultivation. Facts like these speak for themselves, and go to show that Guano is the cheapest, the most available and the most efficacious manure at present known to the Farmer; when properly applied, that its effects are by no means so evanescent as has been sometimes. supposed; and that the judicious Agriculturalist upon medium or exhausted land, must seek i's aid. if he expects to keep pace with the great movement now going on for the improvement and amelioration of the soil.

Let me advise you, in conclusion, if you use Guano, to use the best Peruvian. From what I have seen of Patagonian, it cannot always be relied on. I am very truly yours, &c...
JOHN A. WASHINGTON.

DR. R. S. BLACKBURN. P. S.-Let me caution you against using lime or shes in combination with guano. Either will effectually destroy the properties of Guano that ren-

der it valuable. BAIN IN AUGUST.

Every body is aware that an extraordinary quantity Every body is aware that an extraordinary quantity of rain fell last month, but, as few know the precise increase over that of the same month in preceding years, we have taken the trouble to ascertain it from the record kept by our friend H. B. Startt. August of 1849, 3½ inches; of 1850, 4½ inches; 1851, 4½ inches; 1862, eight inches. There were fifteen days on which rain fell, exclusive of the days that were merely cloudy. In 1850, 31½ inches fell from January to the 1st of September; in 1851, 30½ inches; 1862, thirty eight inches. The average quantity of rain in a year is from 42 to 45 inches. The fall of last month, therefore, was up to the rate of ninety six inches per year. And yet August is one of our dryest months.—Winchester Republican.

ACCIDENT. Mr. Joszpu Monnow, a very estimable gentleman, living at the White House, in this county, met with quite a serious injury, in consequence of an accident, which happened to him on last Thursday. We have not been able to learn the particulars of the occurrence, but it appears that Mr. M. was thrown from a cart, his head striking a stone, which produced insensibility. It is supposed the cart passed over his body, but there being no one present when it occured, it is not known .-We have not learned to what extent Mr. M. has been injured, but hope a few days will suffice to restore him

to his wonted vigor .- Free Press. THE SWEET SPRINGS .- This celebrated watering-place, with a larm of 0-2 Monroe county, Va., was sold on the 18th instant, under a decree of the Court of Appeals for \$54,550. The purchaser is Oliver Beirne, Esq., of same county. The large brick hotel on the premises was built in 1837, at a cost of about \$60,000.

DROWNED .- Dr. R. C. Moffit, attached to Captain Shaw's new company of Texas Rangers, was drowned at San Antonia, on the th, while bathing on the river.

FLOUR MILLS have lately been erected in England on the Paris plan improved, which, in twelve minutes after the wheat is taken in, sends forth the flour fit for market.

CHARGED WITH MURDER.-Jas. McIntyre has been committed to jail at Clarksburg, Va., charged with the murder of George Cottrill, his brother-in-law, by outting his

throat with a butcher knife. A sale of four inches of land, on Main street, suffalo, was made last week at \$100 per inch.

Democratic Nominations. POR PRESIDENT CEN. PRANKIAN PIERCE

FOR VICE PRESIDENT. WILLIAM R. KING

MORDECAL COOKE, of Norfolk City. TIMUTHY RIVES, of Prince George. A. HUGHES DILLARD, of Henry.
WILLIAM G. FLOURNOY, of Prince Edward.
JOHN GOODE, Jr., of Bedford.
ROBERT G. SCOTT, of Richmond City. HENRY A. WISE, of Account. ROBERT L. MONTAGUE, of Middlesex JAMES BARBOUR, of Culpeter.
JOHN RANDOLPH TUCKER, of Frederick GEORGE E. DENEALE, of Rockingham. JAMES McDOWELL, of Botetourt. JOHN B. FLUYD, of Washington MORTIMER II. JUHNSON, of Taylor. ZEDEKIAH KIDWELL, of Marion.

PUBLIC DISCUSSION.

One of the most interesting and exciting dis cussions which has ever taken place in our county on political topics, occurred at our Court-House on vesterday, being Court-day. The Hon. C. J. Faulkner led off in a speech of two hours, and was replied to by Mr. Merrick of Baltimore. The Hon. Henry Bedinger then spoke for one hour and was replied to by Mr. Causin of Appapolis, in a speech of an hour. The Electors, Messre. Tucker and Boteler, closed the discussion, a large and interesting audience remaining until the last word had been spoken and three hearty and enthusiastic cheers given for Pierce and King and Scott and Graham. The discussion commenced at 2 o'clock and termina. nated after 9 P. M., and however much we might desire to present a summary of its interesting facts, the time at which our paper goes to press renders it utterly impossible for us to do so. The champions upon both sides acquitted themselves with great credit-doing justice to their party, and honor to themselves. With such champions | tempt of all just men, as Faulkner, Bedinger and Tucker, can any Whig have the cool audacity to claim a triumph in a forensic encounter.

With no desire to detract aught from the Whig champions, we may nevertheless be permitted to say, that the Democratic speakers erected a fortress against which all the Whig missels fell harmless at their feet. We congratulate the Demecracy of the county upon the auspicious results of the debate, and have no doubt it will greatly enure to the interests of our party in the coming canvass.

HOW STANDS VIRGINIA?

In the vain hope of galvanizing the defunct corpse of the Whig party, there seems to be a in the old Federal heresies, designs not now to regular and systematic attempt being made to desert her that she has been redeemed and regive out the idea that by some legerdemain, goodold Virginia is about to be cut loose from her moorings, and is to be driven madly into the whirl pool of Whiggery. The great defeated Geo. W. Summers, whose election was certain and whose stumping in Ohio for Gen. Scott, and on his defeat was impossible, was the first to propposticate this result, which remarkable prediction it seems has been verified by the immortal Botts, Tribune. He says that "if 20,000 votes are who has just made a tour of Western Virginia, cast for Hale, at least 16,000 of them will be visiting perhaps some half dozen counties. The cast by men who were formerly Whigs;" and he intelligence has been communicated to Washing- thus concludes: ton that Virginia is to be regenerated, and the Executive Committee have made a demand upon the Whig merchants of Richmond for \$3000 to accomplish the great work, giving a summary of the number of " picture books" and other Whig trash which has been scattered through the State. to the amusement of the Democracy and the dis gust, if not the disgrace, of every honorable Whig in Virginia. Now, this effort to build up a hope among the Whigs of the Union of carrying Virginia is an old trick, and has been tried at every successive Presidential election for 20 years .-Since the contest between Andrew Jackson and John Quincy Adams the Democratic party of Virginia have never been as strong, as they will prove themselves to be in the present contest .-The extension of the right of suffrage, which has been mainly brought about by Democratic effort nas added immensely to our strength in Western Virginia and the Valley, whilst the Abolition proclivities of the Whig party have driven from its support almost the entire East. The Democratic party of the State, every where, are united, energetic and enthusiastic, with leaders who are the exponents of Virginia sentiment and feeling, and to whom they can point with pride and pleasure, as men around whom they will be proud to thy in November next. Talk about Scott and Seward, or Seward and Scott carrying Virginia!-Why the man who has the bold audacity to proclaim so great an absurdity, should be confined to the madhouse as a fool or a knave.

MAINE ELECTION.

The election for Governor, members of Congress and the Legislature took place in Maine on Monday week. The Democrats have lost ground in this State, owing to the fact that there was really no element of national politics involved in the issue, all being absorbed, divided, and confused by the Maine liquor law. The whole party, however, are united'y and zealously in favor of Pierce and King, who are certain to carry the State by a large majority.

There is no election for Governor by the people. Dr. John Hubbard was the regular Democratic candidate, but Chandler, also a Democrat, was run in opposition to the liquor law. Crosby was the Whig nominer, and Holmes the abolition candidate. The Democrats lost a member Romney, which place he has held for a number of Congress in a district where they had two candidates. The congressional delegation is three to three. The complexion of the Legislature is thoroughly Democratic.

COUNTY COURT.

The Magistrates of the County were summoned together on vesterday, to take action as to the tax upon the High Sheriff of the county, which the Legislature gives to the Courts the rights to impose. Upon consultation \$500 a year was fixed upon as the amount, which the Sheriff for the ensuing two years was directed to pay.

seeing the gold Medal awarded to our young friend, JOHN A. STRAITH, son of Dr. J. J. H. Straith of this place, for the highest degree of proficiency in the branches taught in the Georgetown Classical and Mathematical Academy.

The Medal has this inscription on the trunt: "G. C. M. A. Master's Medal."

Reverse "John A. Straith." We deem it proper to state that several Silver Medals was awarded to the students for various degrees of metit. Master Straith was also selected to deliver the valedictory, which has been spoken of as a production of unusual merit, apconsidered in the Institute as a mark of further distinction.

The Cleveland (Onio) Forest City, a strong Whig paper, arges the election of Gen. Scot. on the grounds set forth in the tollowing extract from its columns:

THERE IS NO WAY TO ESCAPE THE PENDING CURSE OF SLAVERY ONLY be deteated by the election of Gon. Scott not be on the side of slavery.

that our little community was in a state of high o be effected, some of the Whig spirit of '40 or to be effected, some of the Whig spirit of '40 or tained in his speech made on the floor of Con-141, but they might as well hope to resurrection-gre and delivered at Reading. But in comparty in 1848. A Whig pole was erected on Saturday, already giving signs of Northern attraction, and also hung across the street from the Market-house to the Jail, a Whig Banner. Simultaneous with its folds being flung to the breeze, the Democratic boys, not to be caught dozing, unfurled the beautiful Banner of Democracy, with its chosen leaders inscribed in characters so large, that he who runs might read. A flag was also placed in a conspicuous position at the Court House on Monday morning, bearing the inscription, "Hon. Charles J. Faulkner, we honor him for his consistency," which has considerably disgruntled many of his former Whig friends, though we hear it charged that it was placed there by tion, and also hung across the street from the we hear it charged that it was placed there by Faulkner Whigs. NO SENSE OF SHAME.

Our neighbor of the "Free Press" manifests a determination to adhere to a favorite maxim of the Whig press, that a lie well stuck to is as good as the truth. In the progress and inception of the Foss slander, (the most unjust and dishonorable act ever perpetrated by the Whig press of the South,) the Free Press, was but the echo and sponsor of that most scurrilous sheet, the Richmond Whig, and the Whig the fifthy sewer through which the garbage of Foss and his abolition cohorts found a ready and most befitting vacuum. The force of public sentiment, and the fear rather than the sense of a just retribution, at length forced even the Richmond Whig to strike from its mast-head this vile calumny and most malicious and disgraceful slan-As with the Whig, so with most of the press of the State, save and except our neighbor of the Free Press, who still bears aloft the evidence of its own shame, and the desperation of its own cause. You have flung the banner to the breeze, and let it there remain until the ides of November, to receive the execration and con-

HEDGESVILLE MEETING.

We learn that a large and enthusiastic meeting of the Democracy convened at Hedgesville, Berkeley county, on Saturday last. The meeting was addressed by John T. Gibson, Esq., of Jefferson, John Blair Hoge, Esq., who was recently appointed the Whig elector for Berkeley, but who repudiates the nomination of Scott, and intends to raise his eloquent voice in behalf of Pierce & King, as also the Hon. Charles James . Faulkner and John E. Norris, the County elector. Berkeley promises to roll up a Democratic vote in November that will astonish the natives. Jefferson, so long cheek by jowl with Berkeley

THE VOTE OF OHIO.

Horace Greeley, the abolitionist, has been return gives rather a glowing view of Whig prospects through his paper, the New York

In view of the blinding mist which has obscured the vision of a large share of her most intelligent voters impelling them to do indirectly he work of the Slavery Propaganda while anxiously intent on resisting it, and the superhuman efforts to drive back the Irish voters into the fold whence they are desirous of escaping, the struggle will be a honor if they carry (as we trust hey will carry) their State for Gen. Scott in No-

This is tantamount to an admission, on the part of the strongest Scott Editor of the North that Ohio will cast her vote for Pierce and King. So will New York and Pennsylvania. HEAR THE HERO, GEN. BUTLER.

Gen. Wm. O. Butler, the hero and statesman, in a letter of the 23d August, to a Com-

mittee in Kentucky, says of Gen. Pierce :-The miserable attacks made upon him by party rancor, have but served to call forth both friends and political opponents, volumes of tes mony to his patriotism and worth which cannot be re-

I served three sessions in Congress with Gen. Pierce, and know him intimately. He is, in the highest sense of the term, an accomplished American gentleman. He possesses a bold.inquisitive mind, which has been well and judicie usly trained, not in those institutions whose scholars are graduated, but by the study and practice of the law, and by nine years service in the two house's of Congress, where the service of government is best fearned, and statesmen forn 'd under old and patriotic teachers. In short, prmit me to say, 'hait I know of no man who wo' 'd administer the affairs of the nation with more fideli-

THE CANAL.

The Cumberland Journal says the breach in the canal near Edwards' Ferry has washed its bottom out to the depth of 10 or 12 feet, and that Lures of the Law, and carried conviction to the it will require two weeks to repair the damage. minds of those who were not previously con-

MILITARY VISIT.

The Washington Light Infantry, a beautiful Military corps under the command of Captain TATE, paid during the last week a visit to Winchester, where they were most befittingly teceived and hospitably entertained.

IJ John McDowell, Esq., having resigned his office as Cashiar of the Bank of the Valley at of years, Wm. A. Vance, Esq , has been elected to supply the vacancy.

D'Mr. FREANER, better known as the " Mustang" correspondent of the New Orleans Delta, recently murdered by the Indians in California. was a native of Hagerstown, Maryland, where he has a father, mother and other relatives re-

On Friday the 10th inst , our Circuit Court convened, Judge PARKER presiding. On Saturday, Benj. Bartlett was convicted of passing counterfeit notes, and sentenced to two years confine-We, by request, have had the pleasure of ment in the Penitentiary. William Perry, E-q., appeared for the prisoner; Alfred P. White,

> E-a , for the Commonwealth. Harrey Lewis was on the same day, arraigned on the charge of having advised certain slaves to abscond; and on Monday morning, the jury brought in a verdict of guilty, and confinement in the Penitentiary for two years. R. W. Varden, Esq , courtsel for the prisoner; A. P. White, E-q., and And Hunter, E-q., for the Common

wealth .- Romniey Intelligencer. Mr. HALE, who was nominated by the Free Soil Convention of Pittsburg for the Fresidency, has written a Hetter to Gen. Wilson accepting the nomination. He says he has no answer to make to questions regarding his opinions on various subjects.

FUETHER CONFESSION OF JANE WILLIAMS. - We understand that before the execution of this hidcous monster, on Friday last; she confessed to the Rev. Robert Ryland that she was the murderess of the child of Mr. Winston that died some weeks before Mrs. Winston and her infant were massacred, and that she poisoned it by administering EXTENSION, SAVE BY THE DEFEAT a teaspoonful of mixture for the destruction of OF PIERCE AND KING, and they can bed bugs; but that she bound the Rev. gentleman to keep the confession a secret until after her exe whose life is a guarantee that his influence will conton, fearing that a mob would seize and de-

Berkeley to hear the speech of tion. C. F appeared here for the first time, it to vindicate his own course in a election of Pierce and King.

The views expressed here by on Monday, in the general, contorn

tic assaults upon him by the Wing press in his District, and throughout the country. These grew out of the fact that he chose rather to be that he who undertook to trespass upon his personal relations would do so at his peril. In this connexion he spole of various reports that had been circulated about him amongst others that he would not speak to the people of his county and district in this canvass. So far from enter aining any feelings of this sort, he had deter nined, on the present occasion, to address the eople if he had to be carried to the Court house on a litter and held up while l.: spoke. Mr. F. repelled the idea of apostacy by showing from the late Whig Baltimore platform that there was not involved in the present contest a single poitical principle which heretofore divided the two reat parties. And then took up the sentiments of Henry Clay in opposition in mere military men, and read from the anti-Jackson address of the Whigs of Virginia in 1824, mentioning Philip C. Pendleton and David H. Conrad, Esqs.,

and others, as amongst the signers, and proved conclusively that the signers of that address, ind those who approved of it, that now supportd Gen. Scott, were apostates alike to the docrines it contains as those of Mr. Clay, whom hey professed to admire. In the course of his remarks Mr. Faulkner referred to the efforts made by the Whigs to get some one to reply to him, and, as some of them aid, to skin him. He said that Gen. Cullum had been invited to this district, but declined

coming, saying the Whigs might hoe their own

potatoes; but Mr. F. did not, as asserted by the

Guzette, say that Gen. Cullum "bad no fancy for

encountering him." Throughout, the speech of Mr. Faulkner was

one of the most able, argumentative and effective we have ever heard. Mr. Boteler, the Whig elector of the district, undertook a reply, but it was soon evident that he was merely speak gagainst time. Lie landed Con. Scott for his military exploits, without showing him to poscess the qualifications for the Presidency. He tried to prove his soundness on the compromise by the testimony of different individuals, but failed to produce one word from Gen. Scott himself. The arguments of Mr. Faulkner, proving the soundness of the Democracy at the North on the compromise, and the rottenness of the Whig party, Mr. Boteler attempted to refute by citing a number of resolutions passed by county meetings of Whigs in the North, but he did not pretend to tell why it was that but three Northern Whig members of Congress could be found to vote for the jugitive slave law, not one of whom was friendly to the nomination of Gen. Scott. Seward's support of Scott he thought no objection so long as l'ierce was supported by John Van Buren, &c., notwithstanding they now advocated the maintenance of the fugitive slave law, which is opposed by a majority of those in the North who favored Scott's nomination. In regard to the compromise, Mr. Boteler contended that the Whigs of the North were not more unsound than the Southern Democrats, seeming to forget that the fugitive slave law, about which there is no difference of opinion in the South, was the only repealable feature in the adjustment-and this futile argument he

This point in Mr. Boteler's speech was replied to by Mr. Bedinger, who having been alluded to as one of the unsound Democrats of the South, explained the difference between the North and South on this question. Mr. Bedinger also describ I the speech of Mr. Faulkner as a bombshell 't the Whig camp, and told the Whigs if, they did not hurry and join the Democratic ranks they would be so full that they could not

deemed a sufficient answer to the abolitionism of

Notthern Whiggery.

Mr. Boteler evidently felt his misfortune in encountering Mr. Faulkner, and it is probable this led him to turn his attention to what he called a slander upon him by the Democratic press of this place. He said it was not correct that he had boasted he would demolish Mr. Faulkner .-If this be a slander, Mr. Boteler must blame it upon his own friends. We think the intimation first came from the Gazette; at any rate it was generally talked of by the Whigs, who are responsible wi ther he is censurable or not. But if he would boast of having plenty of ammunition for Mr. Wise, no one could be surprised if he expected to demolish Mr. Faulkner. Since his speech, Mr. Boteler is as much slandered by his iriends here as he was before. They slander him most grossly and wilfully in charging him with not only answering Mr. Faulkner completely, but in falsely accusing him of routing the whole Democratic forces.

TEMPERANCE DISCUSSION.

According to notice, a meeting was held in Shepherdstown, on Saturday last, for the discussion of the Maine liquor law. The meeting was very largely and much interest manifested. R. H. Lee, Esq, introduced a resolution em-

bodying his views, which he supported in an able ty, and but few, indeed, with more ability than manner, portraying the evils of Intemperancesentiments which received the sanction of all. Hon. Henry Bedinger followed in an exceed-

ingly eloquent argument, directed principally against the Maine Liquor Law, for the discussion of which the meeting was called. He exhibited, in a masterly, manner, the odious feavinced, that the present law of Virginia upon the subject, if enforced, as they can be, are sufficiently stringent. No vote was taken, but a very large majority of those present were undoubted ly opposed to the Maine law. This majority comprises in its numbers, the staid and sober citizens of the town and neighborhood, to a large extent, men who are Temperance men, but not Maine Loquor Law men.

MR. WEBSTER.

The Boston Courier says, Mr. Webster has written no letters upon the subject of the Presidential Election, nor will he do so in a "few days." His friends have not solicited his advice as to how they should vote in November next; and as they have not, he will hardly voluntéer it. All speculation and threats on the part of Mr. Webster's enemies are useless: they cannot break his silence.

STAMPED ENVELOPES

By a provision in the new postage law the Post Office Department is to cause envelopes to be made, with suitable water marks on the paper, identifying them as official, and with a Printed stamp, for single or double postage, with a suitable devise. These envelopes are to be sold at all the Post Offices, at the price of the stamps now sold, -with the very small addi-

ENLARGING THE AREA.

It is said that the tract of land lately ceded to the United States by the Sioux Indians, is about 800 miles long by 140 broad, making 112,000 square miles, or a piece of ground nearly three times the size of New York, and almost equal to the area of England, Ireland and Scotland put together. It is ten times as large as Holland-nine times the size of Belgium-half as large as France-three times the size of Portugal-five thousand square miles larger than Prussia, and over five times the size of Switzerland.

-Mr. Thomas Aschcom living near Centreville, Md., lost a female slave, by death the other day, aged thirty-two years, who had been the mo-ther of twenty four children.

-There is a Pierce and King pole now standing in Santa Clara county, California, made of the native Red wood, measuring eighteen and a half feet in diameter, and is two hundred and seventy

Hundreds of bushels of wheat, oats and pota: thought, will loose nearly half their crop.

Every day more and more satisfies us that the Whig party is crumbling to pieces from its own tottenness from its ready eagerness to sacrifice principles for the sake of availability, the apoils and power. To prove our position, we need go no farther than the pregnant admissions of stering Whigs themselves. A most remarkable instance is to be found below, taken from the Washington Republic. That paper publishes "An Old Whig," because it comes from a Whig and a gentleman who can be nothing else." What does "An Old Whig," thus endotsed by the Central Scott organ, say ? /He holdly declares that the nomination of General Scott "virtually dissolves the Whig party," and that it must certainly lead to "a free soil or abolition party established as the great party of the free States," and that the," real intention of the ruling spirits in that (the Whig) Convention was, by the nomination of Gen. Scott, and the rejection of Mr. Webster and Mr. Fillmore, to destroy the national Whig party."

In publishing this strong article, the Repub lic virtually agrees with the writer. That paper

"The Whig party have done, not certainly as we desired, but as all parties have done, and will continue to do through all time, when playing for such a stake as the Presidency. They thought General Scott stronger than the party—that I would get all the Whig votes in the country, and many votes besides among men with whom the patriotic sentiment would be stronger than that of party. His deeds in war have been of that kind which dazzle men and carry their heart and reason captive; while his early studies, his large experience among civilians, and the talents which he has exhibited in diplomacy and negotiation, demonstrate his fitness for civil admini. tration. They thought that with such a leader victory would be certain, while with any other Whig, in the present state of parties and the country, the contest would be at best a doubtful We believe that a majority of the late Whig Convention were honestly of this opinion.'

Now, in avowing its disagreement from the action of the Convention, does not the Republic really negative the favorable qualities of Gen. Scott's nomination, claimed by "the ruling spirits," Seward, Botts & Co.?

Before reading the masterly views of "An Old Whig," we ask Southern Whigs to peruse the following circular of Daniel Jenifer, Esq., of Maryland, a Whig, who served with distinction in Congress and in diplomatic service abroad .-He, too, patriotically rises above party, repudiates General Scott's nomination and his anti Southern tricky associates, and along with Toombs, Gentry and a host of able Southern Whigs, proclaims the conclusive reasons why he cannot sustain the Seward ticket. With the moral force of all these Whig demonstrations bearing down upon the Scott ticket, is it not madness in the Scottites to expect to carry a single Southern State for Scott? Their strongest men are not only engaged in repudiating their ticket, but are furnishing powerful weapons with which to drive from the field the co-workers of Seward, Greeley and Thaddens Stevens

A FRIEND.

HON. DANIEL JENIFER'S-LETTER TO PORT TOBACCO, Md., Aug. 10, 1853. My DEAR SIR: Yours of the 6th inst. is about the 15th letter I have received of similar import, desiring to know "whether it is my intento support the numinee of the late National Convention for President," &c. Immediately after the adjournment of that Convention, I addressed a letter to the Pr ident of the Convention, stating the reasons why I could not concur in support of that nomination. That letter was delayed being sent as directed, from deference to the opinions and wishes of friends for whom I entertain a high regard. Finding from your and other letters that my silence has been misinterpreted, and that I cannot remain in quiet retirement without being subjected to unjust animadversions, I with ... inkly tell you what are my opinions, so as to teave no doubt whatever as to my course. Allow me here premise that there are many, very many, w' agree with me in opinion, who are restrained from expressing it from the delicacy of their position, having been members of the Whig National Convention, members of Congress, and others representing a Whig constituency.

The National Whig Convention having nominated a candidate for the Presidency to whom I cannot, with the opinoins I en atain, consistently give my support, it is due to myself, to you, and to the friends with whom I have so long acted, to assign, briefly, the realons which induce me to differ from them. I need not say to you, or any other of my political triends, that I have ever been a consistent Whig, (not an ultra one) and upon all occasios, when principle was not involved, have yielded my personal preferences to the better judgment of the majority.

In every Presiden it election, since 1828. have gone with my triends in support of the nominee, though not of my own choice. From that period I have been an ardent, devoted friend to Henry Clay, and preferred him to all others: still I gave a zealous support to General Harrison and General Taylor; in doing which there was no sacrifice of principle; it was a preference of men, acting upon and enter aining similar principles. Their of nions had been expressed, and were known prior to their nominat in, to be in accordance with the views of those who nomi-

Long prior to the meeting of the National Convention in June last, it was well understood that no candidate would receive the support of the South unless his opinions were known to be in favor of the compromise measures, ir cluding the fugitive slave law, as a final settlement of those absorbing questions.

Discarding all sectional preferences, the South presented no southern candidate for the Presidency. The opinions of every man, who was looked to as a caudidate for that distinguished station, were known, sare one. Those of Mr. Webster and Mr. Fillmore, were expressed and recorded, forming the basis of the platform for which they had been denoun d, and, as far as fanaticism could effect it, sacrificed. Not so with General Scott; his position precluded him from entering into the contests of the day, then shaking the Union to its centre. His opinions upon those questions were not known-they were anxiously desired and looked for. Some of his friends, who had access to him, expressed their confidence in the soundness of his views upon the compromise and fugitive slave laws .-His claims were zealorsly urged by friends from the South and from the North, the latter of whom looked upon him as the available candidate to dofeat Mr. Fillmore and Mr. Wet ter in the Conrention, by which they would have the sanction of the Waig National Convention in furtherance of their views hereafter. Hence doubts arose as to the course Gen. Scott would pursue in regard to those measures in the event of his nomination and election. Il s continu d silence upon the only question where his views we e desired; (however pure his motives) augmented those doubts, which, upon the meeting of the Convention, rose to discrus. The course pursued by his friends in the Convention was not calculated to do away those unfavorable impressions. Had General Scott, before the meeting of the Convention, come out with the frankness of a

soldier, as was expected of him, and made known his opinions, he would have thrown off the incued himself from the noxious vapors which sur- irremediable. round him, would have added to his gallant military career from Lundy's Lane to the city of Mexico, by which he has won for himself and his country, imperishable laurels, and he might have received the support of the Union Whigs throughout the country. By adopting a different course, he has lost that of many who would have given him a generous support, though not their

first choice. His nomination has given encouragement to tion would complete their triumph. The proceedings of the Convention show this state of things. The platform was adopted, with sixty-six members recording their votes against it, whilst others, who voted for it, did not consider themselves bound by it. During fitty ballots for a Presidential candidate, not one Southern State voted for Gen. Scott, and he was ultimately nominated by New Hampshire, Vermont and Illinois-all nonslaveholding States—casting their votes for him. With these lacts should General Scott be elected President, with a knowledge that he will be indebted exclusively for his nomination and election to those friends, can any man doubt that General Scott, as a high minded, honorable man, will leel bound, as lar as in his power, to toes have been destroyed in Montgomery County, administer to the views and wishes of those Md, by the wet weather. Some farmers, it is who will have placed him in that exalted station?

and carried into promise law. They maited upon General Scott to accomplish that object. Those who voted against the platform, still voted for Gen. Scott, and his "acceptance" of it has made no change in their views. Hence it is clear that they have expectations from his election, which may or may not be realized. It is deadly to be regret

ted, that he who has gained for himself so enviible a fame by his gailant deeds in was, and also rendered civil services, should now, be placed in a distrustful position. Under all the circumstances. I look upon the nomination of General fortunate for the country. Entertaining these views, I should be unworthy the generous confidence of my friends, if I suppressed the expression of them-although I am aware in doing so, subject myself to the attacks of those who, lavng party more than principle, consider it a virtue to denounce every man who has the temerity to avow opinions contrary to theirs.

Political party ties, of long standing are amongst the strongest which bind men together, and most difficult to be dissevered. No man feels this more than late. Having received so many evidences of confidence from my political friends, to whom I am so much indebted, it is with deep regret I find mysell compelled to differ with them now. I would greatly have preferred temaining silent, but I have no alternative-either to be misrepresented or to speak out—and you well know that it has been my habit, since I first took part in public affairs, when properly called on, to express my opinion of political men and measures, regardless of consequences. All I ask, is that you and other friends will extend to me the same charity for my opinions that you have a right to expect for your own.

Truly yours,

PARTIES AND PARTISANS.

From the Washington Republic of Sept, 7th. To the Editor of the Republic:

I read with pleasure your article published few day ago, under the above beading. It suggested a train of thoughts which I should be ole ed to lay before your readers, if you will so far indulge a distant subscriber and an old

It is true that a party is "a body of men united for p moting, by their joint endeavors, the national interest, upt 1 some particular principle in which they are all agreed." The duty imposed upon such a party, in order to 'ssure success, is constant vigilance. It is in a position of perpetual hostility to its opposing party or parties. Severe and ardnous contest is essential to its success-nay, to the continuance of its own existence. Now, we all know that the active men of every political party are comparatively few in number. On these few devolves the duty of managing its affairs; they have to bear the burden and heat of every day. Of them arduous labors and great personal sacrifices are unceasingly demanded. The vast numerical majority of every political party are engaged in their own personal affairs, attending to their private business, from which, except on special occasionssay electica days and occasional public convocations -they will never consent to be drawn .-Now, what I maintain is, that those men who do the work, and submit to the sacrifices, and give and receive the hard blows in party conflicts, have claims upon the party for whatever emoluin ints and honors it has to bestow. I do not mean 'at any party claim can compensate for the want of proper qualifications faithfully and intelligently to discharge the duties of the office 'o which a citizen may aspire; but what I mean is, that where there are such qualifications, the men who have mingled in the party contests are to be preferred in the distribution of official stadient in party organization indispensable to its existence. Let any party strike out this principle, and declare that individual services and sacrifices give no claims on a party for preferment, and it will soon see that none will perform services and make sacrifices for it. The avowal of such a determination by any party would be an

annunciation of its dissolution. Thus far, Mr. Editor, we do not, I am sure, disagree. But now I propose to make a personal application of these remarks. The Whig party disregarded the principle to which I referred in nominating General Harrison and rejecting Mr. Clay. We succeeded in electing our candidates, but the Whig party was weakened; its power for accomplishing great objects by force of its organization was diminished. Careful observers saw the result, and deplored it. In 1844 the pristine vigor of the party was restored by the nomination of Mr. Clay. The exertions to elect him were powerful-they were Healthful-they were invigorating; but the party was deleated in the State of New York, owing to causes not necessary to enumerate. But after that election the party was united, and never better able to do good service to the country. Then came the numination of 1848 of General Taylor. In making this nomination, the principle of party fidelity was sacrificed; General Taylor had no claims whatever on the Whig party. With deep reli tance the nomination was accepted by the party; and again, owing to divisions in the Democratic ranks in the State of New York, the Whig nominee was elected. This nomination relaxed and weakened party ties, and produced

heart burnings and distrust. Now we come to the nomination of June, 1852,

by which Gen. Scott's name was put before the Three names were before the convention -General Scott was always nominally Whig, but excluded by position from taking any part in party conflicts. Mr. Fillmore was the actual President. Mr. Webster and Mr. Clay, for the last twenty years, have been confessedly the leaders of the Whig party, doing the most service, giving and receiving the hardest blows in that service. Mr. Clay was not in a condition to be a candidate, and Mr. Webster, therefore, was the man entitled upon party principles to receive the nomination. He had earned the claim; more than thirty years of public service had rendered him the greatest American statesman, and the oldest and most conspicuous then on the stage of action. Neither of his competitors could compare with him in the amount and value of services he had rendered his country AND THE PARTY. It was not doubted that Mr. Web ster deserved the pomination; he had worked long, assiduously and faithfully to deserve the honors of his party, and to qualify himself for the highest distinction that party could confer upor him. He has gone with unsurpassed ability through the various preliminary official grades. In the neutral course of things it was the last time his country could reward him. Under these

circumstances his claims were rejected-he was thrown out and laid on the shelf. Now, what I affirm, with great respect, is, that this act, proving that infidelity to party obligations is not temporary, but the settled rule, virtually dissolves the Whig party. No man fit to counsel, to guide and lead that party, will ever more connect his fortunes with that party. It is ended. If General Scott is elected, its existence may be prolonged in a dying state, but it is nevertheless sure to die. It Gen. Scott is not elected, the party is not only ended but disgraced: it can never more hold up its head under the name which it h. + long borne with honor and

What will follow? Precisely what was intended those who have deliberately placed the party in this position. There will be a freesoil or abilition party established as the great party of the free States, and another party in favor of southern rights. This is a certain consequence of the present st .te of things. I leave it to others to suggest the remedy, if, indeed, there bus which oppresses him; he would have clear- be any remedy. To me it seems that the case is

The Whig party decides that no party services and sacrifices, however great and distinguished, can be rewarded by the highest honor in the gift of the people-the service entitled to that honor must be performed in the camp. The Clays and the Websters of our party, if any such there shall be, must be content to have the highest aspirations of their ambition gratified by an appointment under a military chieftain. But there will be no Clays and Websters in future the free soilers and abolitionists, and his electime; there is nothing to excite and gratify high ambition in the path of the statesman.

What prompts the soldier on the field of battle to the highest deeds of daring for his country Primarily, of course, the love of that country but the desire of political premotion is, we all know, not without a powerful influence in producing the results. The army is an organized body for the protection and defence of the country; but let it be understood that deeds of valorous and high emprise are not to be rewarded by official promotion, and how efficient will your army be? What conquests will it win? We must deal with men as they are.

General Scott has done great military services for his country; he deserves-richly deservesthe position as the head of that army, which he holde; I was in favor of creating a higher position -the office of lieutenant general-that he might be promoted to it. Suppose a provision had been

tion satisfactority to himself, would degree that he had served the country, as long as patriotism required, and was at liberty to resign.

As, to Mr. Webster himself, nothing becomes him, in my judgment, but profound silence.—

What can be say? It is poor consolation to tell

him that he is too elevated for the office; that the people cannot appreciate him? It is an insult of say you are too unpopular; for the answer is ready—how can you know that? You never gave me a trial; and as to indications of unpopularity, short of as actual popular canvass, you can hardly expect me to see them, when thou-

sands crowd around sac wherever I go.

There are consideratons which I should be most happy to discuss, if this communication had not already been unreasonably extended, which prove conclusively to my mind that the real in-tention of the ruling spirits in that convention was, by the nomination of General Scott and the rejection of Mr. Webster and Mr. Filimore, to destroy the national whig party.

AN OLD WHIG.

SCOTT'S PAY AND ALLOWANCES.

We have heard much complaint made about Mr. Meriwether, the new Senator from Kentucky, by the Whig press, for the call made in reference to the sums of money paid Gen. Scott from the public treasury, and also the amount received by Gen. Pierce. The same call was made by the Whigs when Gen. Cass was a candidate, and this grumbling on their part only goes to show that they don't wish to see the General's peculations exposed. Gen. Scott, however, is a candidate for a high trust-the highest known to our laws and it is nothing but right that the people should know how to appreciate his honesty in the agency heretofore committed to his care, before they place him in a position of greater responsibility. The call was made to elicit facts for the people; and these facts we have in the figures

Regular pay and allowance to Gen. Scott. Through 2d Auditor's Office, Through 3d Auditor's 49,776.99 - \$251,286 70

Extra allowance to Gen, Scott. Through Register's Office, Through 2d Auditor's Office, Phrough 3d Auditor's

Office, 1.254 54 \$18 532 26 Amount witheld without warrant of law, Amount unaccounted for,

\$290.577 18

Regular pay and allowance to Gen. Pierce. Phrough the Register's Office Through 2d Auditor's 3.182 62

Extra allowance to Gen. Pierce. Through Register's office NOTHING, " 3d Auditor's office, Amount illegally withheld, unaccounted for.

We have not room for the whole report given in the Union, but enough is stated to show that there has been fraud practised by General Scott which he has failed to account for. One of these items is contained in a balance of \$12.873 03 out of a sum of \$30,000 placed in his hands during the Mexican war. There are other items, allowed, whilst receiving full pay as Major General of the United States army, and unwarranted by law, amounting to \$7,885 19, besides numerous sums, for extras. which to say the least of them, doubts are entertained as to their moral legality. Let the people ponder over these facts well and decide

for themselves. But how stands Gen. Pierce's account. He received for ten years service as Representative and Senator in Congress, including mileage. \$16,808; and as District Attorney of the United States for New Hampshire from April 1, 1845, to Feb. 28, 1847, \$382.78; and as pay for services rendered in Mexico as a Brigadier General: \$3,182 62; extra allowances, money withheld and unaccounted for-xormixe! We leave our readers to draw their own inferences . [Democratic Pla form.

THE GREAT SWEEPSTAKES OF 1852. FOUR NAGS ENTERED.

The entries to the Presidential race track, four mile heats, fifty million sweepstakes every year for four years, are now complete. Four nage are on the turf-one is a regular old war horse, a little stiff in the joints from bad management, and somewhat troubled with the Botts. le is, however, full of pluck, though good judges say he holds his head too high for a four mile circuit. Opposed to him is a young horse from the Granite Hills, clean limbed, light bodied, head well out, puts his feet square to the ground with a springy motion, has run well upon the quarter stretch, and has all the points of good vind and bottom. Old sportsmen, are betting on him two to one, against the field. The third horse is the old Detender from Massachu-

"In truth he is a noble steed.

A Tariar of the Ukraine breed." But he has been sadly neglected and knocked up by hard drudgery as a dray horse. He fires up with wonderful energy, notwithstanding, at the tap of a drum; and as it was impossible to hold im back at Baltimore, it has been determined to give him a chance, although at the great disadvantage of being next to the outside. But outside of all comes the jolly Free Soiler from New Hampshire. He is a lively, blackish colored, woolly horse, good deal of wind and gas, but not much bottom; rather heavy in flesh for a long heat, but full of deviltry. Every body believes he will run foul of old Chippewa or Young Hickory from the star' and throw one or the other of them, all of a heap, before the race is over. It is very much feared, from a bad habit of his jockeys, that he will give old Chippewa a orrible fall in turning the short corner of Ohio, in fact, we have reason to fear, that at various noin's of the course; the old Massachusetts bay. as well as Free Soiler, will jostle Seward, the ride: of Chippewa, very roughly, so much so that the knowir ones refuse to bet upon either the

regular Whig horse or his rider. But. Dropping the parable, each of the four candidates before the people is a remarkable man .-Gen. Scott is be greatest military chieftain, and can produce a longer catalogue of killed and wounded than any hero in the Union. Mr. Wet. ster is immeasurably the most learned and powerful constitutional states man of the day. Gen. Pierce is, by all odds, the most sagacious and sure for 'ed po!i ician of them all, while Hale is the most noto: lous wit and joker that ever split he sides of the old fogies of the Senate with a roar of laughter. Thus we have the perfection of military science, the perfection of statesmanship and diplomacy, the perfection of political buffoonery and ground and lofty tumbling all in the field together. The struggle is becoming intensely interesting, and in a lew short weeks we shall be able to see what will be the result. It looks bad for the Seward interest, but it may improve. Let us have hope, and whip up.
[N. Y. Herald.

WHIG ARGUMENTS.

A Whig, writing about a Scott meeting in Pennsylvania, describes the following as one of the attractions of the occasion :

"An immense 'soup bowl,' on wheels, containing a band, glee club, with flags, banners, and three or four live coons, left here, drawn by six gray horses, for Washington, Pennsylvania, ollowed by a wagon sixty feet long, containing some one hundred delegates, drawn by thirty-one elegant horses, each bearing a flag with the name of one of the States."

There is a sad degeneracy exhibited in this sort of distinguishing Whig frivolity. The Whig creed is now typified by a soup bowl, and Gen. Scott's deservings and capacities proved by "four live coons!" No wonder Mr. Webster can find no inspiration in such a theme as this.

. VEU GILLE THE TIME In accordance with the recommendations of the State Central Committee, a meeting was held in the Court House, on Friday the 17th of See tember, for the purpose of appointing a Central Committee for Jefferson County, and adopting anch other measures as might be deemed necessary ry to promote simultaneous and concentrated tion among the friends of the great Tempera

On morron, Dr. R. S. BLACKBURN Mac called to the Chair, and A. G. McDANEL apointed Secretary.

pointed Secretary.

Lawson Botts Esq., then areas and explained the object of the meeting as set forth in the call.

On motion, the chair apointed a Committee, consisting of Lawson Botts Esq., R. H. Lee Esq., Rev. P. Pletcher, Dr. Alexander, Dr. Mason and Phos. Johnson, whose duty it was to report five gentlemen living hoor near Charlastown, as suitable persons to form a Central Committee for Jet ferran county, and also to fill any vacancies that might occur in said Central Committee. Is will be the duty of the Central Committee to co-operate with the State Central Committee, and central with the State Central Committee, and central committee, and central committee, and central committee and central committee. tain local Committees in different parts of the county. They then retired and nominated the

following gentlemen as suitable persons to form said Committe: N. S. White Esq., Thos. John. son, Jas. McDaniel, Dr. G. F. Mason, and S. L. Moore. On motion, they were duly elected. Rev. P. Fletcher then gave to the Committee, the Memorial prepared by the State Central Com-mittee, which memorial is to be presented to the Legislature of Virginia, at its next Session. he memorial was then read, and on motion or dered to be published in the papers of the county. The memorial is as follows:

TO THE GENERAL ASSENBLY OF VIRGINIA The undersigned, citizens of Jefferson county, respectfully petition your honorable body, during the present session, to effect the modifications of the license system, herein set forth, believing as we do that the present law is defective, in that the county and corporation courts, are so invested with discretionary power, as to be able to liense in opposition to the will of a majority of the oters of a county or corporation.

That upon the application of twenty-five legal oters, o' any county or corporation, a poll shall opened at the next ensuing election of Delegates to the General Assembly, for the purpose recording the vote of the qualified voters in favor of, and against, the granting of licenses for the sale of intoxicating liquors by the county or corporation courts. If a majority vote negatively, said courts shall have no power to grant license, and if a majority vote affirmatively, it shall be in their discretion to grant or withhold. Said courts shall require of all persons obtaining hicense, under this act, bond and security, with adequate penalty that they will not sell intoxicating iquors to any minor, colored person, or notorious drankard, and shall, on seeking renewal of such license make outh, that they have not sold to such persons, during the preceding year; and it shall be lawful to seize, confiscate and destroy, all liquors offered for sale in any county or corporation. where licenses have been refused in accordance with this act, unless said liquers are for medicis nal, sacramental or mechanical purposes.

Your petitioners cannot doubt that these requests are entitled to, and will receive, your tavorable consideration, and that your action will correspond with the importance of the subject and the will of the people. And your petitioners will ever pray, &c. The meeting then adjourned.

R. S. BLACKBURN, Chm'n. A. G. McDaniel, See'y. ADJOURNE TEMPERANCE MEET-- 820,373 40

According to adjournment the friends of temperance met in the Court House, on last Friday evening, to dispose of the resolution which has been under discussion for several weeks.

meeting again filling those offices. The resolution was then read by the Chair and after considerable discussion between Messrs. Hunter, Botts, Eggleston and Lee, the resofution was again read, and a vote taken. A majority voting in favor at the resolution it was arried, and was so decided by the Chair. Jas. W. Beller appealed from the decision of the chair and called for a division-whereupon the decision of the chair was confirmed. The resolution

Resolved. That the traffic in intoxicating hmors as a beverage is not only useless, but absolutely injurious to society-a drain upon its physical resources-destructive of health and appiness, and a fruitful source of immorality and crime; that experience has shown the tutiliy of all attempts to license it, and then regulate is mischief; that it is a wrong principle of government to derive revenue from the licensing of that which is morally wrong; that the right and duty of a State to protect her citizens extends to and covers the evils which grow out of this traffic; and, that the passage of a law prohibiting it altogether, and enforcing such prohibition, among other penalties, by the confiscation and destruction of the article itself, when illegally held and exposed for tile, would be legislation sound in principle, wholesome in operation, and greatly to be desired, so scon as it can be ascertained that a majority of the voters of Virginia are in layor

of its enactment. The meeting then adjourned, and resolved into a prec act meeting, the object of which was to elect a precinct committee to act in concert with the central committee for Jefferson county, appointed at a meeting held in the Court House

On motion the Chair appointed Lawson Botts, Wm. A. Suddith, Rev. Mr. Eggleston, Thomas Rawlins and H. Hudson to report a committee. They reported the following gentlemen as suitable persons for that committee : Thos. Rawlins, John P. Brown, Lawson Botts, A. G. McDaniel John J. Lock, Dr. R. S. Blackburn and Hersche

The report was then adopted. R. II. Lee then arose and explained the origin, nature and design of the memorial, which had been placed in the hands of the county central committee. There being no other bosiness the meeting adjourned. R. S. BLACKBURN, Ch'u.

A. G. McDANIEL, PRE'Y.

MASONS' HALL, CHARLESTOWS, Sept. 20th, A. D. 1852, N. L. 5852 At a Convention of the Committees of the Subordinate Lodges of the 17th Masonic District, under the jurisdiction of the Grand Lodge of the State of Virginia, to take into consideration the best mode to carry out the resolve of the Grand Lodge of Victinia, at its last Grand Comnunication, in relation to a proper celebration of the Centennial Anniversary of the Initiation of our late illustrious Brother George Washington

into Masonry. D. G. M. Louis Pay was called to the Chair, and B. W. HEBBERT appointed Secretary. The following committees appeared and answered to their names:

Excelsion, No. 54-Represented by Brother Louis Fry.
Mount Nebo, No 91-Brothers L. C. Herkeit and J. P. A. Entler. Triluminar, No. 117-Bro. John G. Myers.

Equality, No. 136-Brothers A. S. Chambers and Alex. Newcomer. Charity, No. 111-Bro. Geo. Manzy. Malta, No. 80-Bros. James McDaniel, J R.

. Redman, and C. G. Stewart. It was moved and carried that each Lodge bo entitled to one role. Martinsburg was selected as the most suitable

place to have the celebration. On motion it was-Resolved, That a committee be appointed from he various subordinate Lodges-thus, five members from Equality and one member from each of the other Lodges, to wit: Equality, No. 136-Bros. Hunter, Chambers, Vau Doren, Mathews and Heagden. Triluminar, No. 117-8. L. Minghini Excelsior, No. 54-B. Gilbert. Malta,

No. 80-J. R. A. Redman. Mount Nebo, No. 91-J. P. A. Entler. On motion it was-Respired, That the newspapers in Charlestown, Martinsburg and Shepherdstown be requested to publish these proceedings.

On motion the Convention adjourned. LOUIS FRY, Chairman.

B. W. HERBERT, Secretary. WOSDERFUL ESCAPE FROM DEATH .- John L. Marling, Esq , the editor of the Nashville Union, recently wounded in a renconter with Gen. Zoil . coffer, of the Nashville Banner, is recovering, his

physicians having succeeded in extracting the ball from his neck. The Union says: The bullet entered his face a little to the right of his nose, passed immediately above the throat and was found lodged in the back part of the neck, about two inches behind the ear, near the base of the skull. It seems a miracle that a rifle ball shouldbe driven entirely through a man's face and neck, a distance of 6 or 8 inches, without inflict-ing fatal injury to the large blood vessels in its

in Mason county, Ky, last week at \$55 a head.

He spoke for upwards of two hours. We that every Whig in the country could have to his strong and eloquent appeals to their triplism to desert the SEWARD ticket, and arthemselves under the banner of PIERCE and ind, and the Constitution and the Union. Mr. TUCKER is a bold and eloquent champion of De-mocesacy, and, considering his youth, it is doubt-ful whether the Democratic party has an abler hampion in the State.

MARRIAGES.

On Thursday last, by Rev. David THOMAS, Mr. 10B D. COPENHAVER and Miss MARY A CILER, daugister of Mr. ABLIAN BELLEB-all o cheley county. On the Bridge, at Harpers-Perry, on Sunday, 4th

Miss MARY MERCER-both of Loudoun county. on the Bridge, at Harpers-Ferry, on Monday, 5th a tant by the same, Mr. ARCHIBALD DULANEY and Miss LOUISA V. CARPENTER—both of Madinal on county, Virginia. In Martinsburg, on the 16th instant, by Rev. Mr.

INIKER, daughter of ADAM SCANIKER-all of ricley county, Virginia. At Auburndale, Massachusetts, on Tuesday, 31st nl-

into by Rev. Mr. HUNTINGTON, Mr. ISAAC T. of CONFORT HARDON, of Martinsburg, Virginia.

DEATHS. On the 6th instant, Mrs. REBECCA D. CLEVIN.

ER consort of ALFRED CLEVINGER, and daughter of late Joseph Grantham, in the 41st year of her age. In Reading, Pennsylvania, on the 24th ultimo, Mr. the 53d year of his age. in Winchester, on the 11th instant, Mrs. SARAH MARCH, consort of Mr. HENRY MARCH, in the 65th

the hore with christian fortitude and resignation to the In Winchester, on the 13th instant, at the residence he father in-law, SAMUEL RAY, ADDISON B. HIELY, of Baltimore, aged 42 years. A large circle relatives and friends is left to lament a severe loss. in Winchester, on the 27th of August, of bilious in er-mit at fever, BELFIELD CAVE, aged ten months

and pireteen days, youngest son of Rev. GEORGE W and Scotta ANN DEEMS, of the Virginia Annual Con-Religious Notice. Providence permitting a protracted meeting will be in Elk Branch Church, et mmeneing on Friday cos the 21th bistart, at 11 o'elock, P. M.

September 21, 1852. NOTICE. An Episcopal Association will commence at Kable wednesday n-xt, 22d instant and continue such at the week. Services, morning and night rang services commencing at 11 o'clock. [Sept. 21

The Markets.

BALTIMORE MARKET.

Review of the Baltimore Markets For the Week ending Saturday. From the Baltimore American of Saturday. F. CATTLE. - The number of Cattle offered at the

s on Mon lay amounted to 950 head of beeves, of traiber 9 0 were sold to city butchers, and 50 e lett over unsold. Prices ranged from \$2.75 to 2 on the hoof -equal to \$5.50 a \$7.00 mt, and ave-- We quote at 7.75 a \$8.00. res. -The sales of the week comprise about 5100 at 5; a 9; cents.

Howard street.—The market opened on Sa-

at -1.25 and closed on Friday at \$4.154. Mills - We quote at \$4.25. MENL. - Sales at \$3.50 per bbl. aspertions for the week are-Flour : 23,030 bls. tialt barrels. Also, 1673 bbls. Corumcal When T. To-day we quote good to best new Mary-im-reds at 57 a 20 cents with sales—white 90 a 100

Car -Sales of white at 63 h 64 cents, yellow at 67 We quote Maryland at 30 a 33 cents. No.-Peravian 42 a \$437, Patagonian 22 a \$28

us - Sales at \$2,871 per ton. -We quote Shoulders at 9', cents, Sides 10' - We quote at 111 cente in bbls., and 121 cents

SES. - We quote new crop New Orleans at 29

a ke.s. - Small sales at 23-a 25 cents per lb. for unan 1-32 a 35 cts. for washed. - KEY. — We note small sales at 23 a 24 cts. per on hilds, and 24 a 25 cts. in tools.
The papers of Monday note in change since Pralay, price of Flour, Wheat, Cattle or Hogs.] ECXANDRIA MARKET-Saturday, Sept. 19.

"a. - Store price \$4.25 - wagon and car price, We quote red wheat at 85 a 97 ets., white Fig. Cora is firm—we quote white at 59 a 64 - It is selling by the single ton of 2,:00 fbs. Cargo price about \$3 -retail price 3 50.

Carrie - The supply is better—and the prices from r. - We quote at 3 (0 a \$ 3 50 per 100 lbs. Live Hogs \$5.00 a \$5.25. Lambs 52.25 a 2.50.

Winchester Market.

To the Week ending Sept 16. 1852. CASECTED WEETLY BY S. HARTLEY AT THE DEPOT

Wagon Price. Store Price. 10 a 11 11 a 12 401 a 425 375 23 5 57 a 90 110 a 000 WHIERS, GEGIN-Wheat, 33 a 37 Dats. 25 a 31 Corn, 60 a 65 8 a 81 559 a 625 65 a LARID 00 0 a e0 PLASTER.

Dr. A. W. GRAY OFFERS his Professional Services to the citiz ins of Charlestown and its vicinity be found at his office, (the one formerly seed by the Rev. Mr. Dutton,) or at Carter's Tunless professionally engaged.

Valuable and Productive JEFFERSON COUNTY FARM FOR SALE.

THE sub-criber intending to leave the county. ers at Private Sale the Farm on which Le "des. located" near Lectown, about five miles " Charlestown, the County seat, and about 4 - from Shepherdstown, 21 miles to Cameat Hapot, on the W. & P. Railroad, 5 miles and Korm vevilleDero: on the B.& O. Railroad. lassaid Farm contains

210 3-4 ACRES.

of first-rate Limestone Land. reen cuitivated for the last nine years chiefwith a view of improvement, and is now in a r productive condition. There is about ACRES well Timbered, and a large quantigrand Locust. The Improvements consist of Addition attached, and a Brick Wing, 21 leet long; a first-rate Brick Smoke Hoter good Corn House. Also a

uling WELL of Limestone water. The place is well supplied with Fruit, there being a YOUNG ORCHARD, just commenced bearing, and another planted last Fall. The docality, style, and condition of this Property render it veto's for the terms at which it will be dis-

The Terms will be made known on application No. 324 Market Street, two Doors JAS. HENRY ALLSTADT. Incown, Jeff co., Va , Sept. 21, 1852.

Virtue of a Deed of Trust, given by Jo-

L. Diliow, in favor of Philip Coons, which Lam trustee, and by written consent of I am authorized to sell, On Thursday next, 23d instant, phil. Dillow's residence, on Philip Coons in Retreat farm, two miles above Har-Forty, on the south side of the Shenandoah 'er, all the property' mentioned in said deed, id pi sec real estate, viz:

4 Horses, 1 three horse Wagon; our horse Wagon, 2 pair Wood Ladders; pair Stretchers, 1 pair Shelvins; art. 1 extra Wagon Wheel; double Shovel Ploughs, 2 single do. do.; Bushear Ploughs, I Jackscrew; Wagon Gears, for wheel horses; do do for leaders; Windmill, 1 Sow, 5 Shoats; Cutting Box, 2 four-prong Forks. Prins cash. No property to be removed un-

J. A. BRUA, Trustee. NOTICE. THE Notes given at the sale of Mrs. URAH ASILEMAN are now due, and immediate payment will be expected Sept 21, 1852-3t. CHAS. CASTLEMAN.

terms of sale are first complied with.

CHI REDSTOWN MARKET. BY-LAWS AND REGULATIONS, Br-Laws and Regulations,
The Corporation officers of Charlestown, desirous of subserving the public convenience and necessity of the town, which it is believed a well ordered and regulated Market will afford, have adopied the following By-Laws and Regulations, a strict adherence to which will be enforced against

all offenders and violators of their provisions; 1. Be it enacted and declared by the Trustees of the town of Charlestown, that it shall not be lawful for any person, on any day which now is or here-after shall be set apart for market day, within the flesh, fish, lowl, butter, cheese, finit, vegetables, eggs, or any other articles of marketing, at any other place within said town, than the market house, until after nine o'clock in the morning; and if any person do or shall sell or buy any articles of marketing at any other place within the said town before the hour aforesaid, on any of the days aforesaid, in any year, such buyer and seller shall each forfeit and pay one dollar for every such offence, to be recovered with costs before the Mayor of Recorder of Charlestown, or any magistrate of Jef-terson county, one-half of which shall go to the informer and the other half to be applied by

the Trustees to the benefit of said town. 2. The board of Common Council shall annually appoint a market master to superintend the Charlestown market, who during his term of office shall faithfully perform the duties of market mas-

3. The Market Master of the market upon the application of any person, or pon his own suspicion, shall weigh in the scales and by the weights of the market, any butter brought to market for sale in rolls or prints, every which roll or print is alledged by the owner to weigh half a round, or upwards, and it any such roll or print shall be found lighter than the weight alledged by the owner or vender, it shall be lawful for the market master to seize the same and condemn it for the benefit of the town: Previded such seizure and condemnation are made previous to any sale thereof.

4. It shall be the duty of the market master of the market, at all times to attend to the execution of the laws concerning the market, and to inform against all persons whom he shall know to have been guilty of any breach thereof, or whom he shall be informed of having been so guilty, and particularly the offences of buying and selling provision at any other than the market place.

5. If any person shall think himself or herself aggrieved or defrauded in the weight of any quantity of meat purchased of any butcher in the market place, such person may apply to the market mastet of the market, whose duty it shall be upon such application, to try the weight of the meat so purchased; and if upon such trial the same shall be found

too light, the butcher shall for every such offence orfeit and pay a fine of one dollar, to be recovered with costs and applied as aforesaid. 6. Market shall be held every week on Wednesday and Saturday. The market master shall open the market from October 1st to April 1st at 5 o'clock, A. M. and close at 9, and from April 1st to October it shall open at 4 A. M., and close at 8 o'clock. And no person, before the opening of the market, shall buy, sell, engage, negotiate, or bargain for any thing to be exposed

in market, under a penalty of \$1.

7. The market master shall take, and during his continuance in office shall keep in his possession, care and charge, the market house of Charlestown; he shall, at least twice in the week, on days preceding the market, cause to be clean swept the market house, and all dirt, snow, filth, or rubbish to be removed therefrom. 8. It shall be the duty of the market master to artend market during market hours, to enforce the rules and regulations thereof, unless prevented by sickness or other necessity, when he may appoint a deputy. No per-son shall sell or expose for sale, any blown, stuffed, un-sound, or unwholesome meat or meats, or articles of provisions, or measly pork, and for every such offence shall be fined \$1. No person within the corporation shall at market, except in a butcher's stall, and as the owner of such stall or his agent, sell meat in smaller quantities than by the quarter.

The market master shall have power, at the request of either party, to decide any dispute arising at market, stouching the weight or measure of any article bought or sold.

10. It shall be the duty of Market Master to give notice of the time of opening and closing the market. 11. All fines or penalties which are provided for in the By-Laws and Regulations of this Market, shall be, and are hereby declared to be recoverable, before the May or or Recorder of the Corporation, or any Justice of the Peace of the County, the cause being fried on the same day which the offence has been committed. Provided, application has been made by the Market-Master, and the party offending has refused to pay, the penalty imposed Teste, GEO L. STEWART, Sept. 16, 1852.

Smith's Hotel, on the same day at 2 o'clock.

Holl's, at 11 o'clock, the other at the Market

PAY YOUR TOWN TAXES.

To the citizens of Charlestown.

FEXILE Corporation Tax is now due, you will

Liberefore be prepared to pay when called on,

as I have but little time to collect them and mo-

ESTRAY BULL.

STRAYFD from my residence in July last, a white Yearling BULL, with spots on his side,

WANTED,

BOY, 14 or 16 years of age, in a Hardware,

I Iron, and Grocery Store-one from the

country that can write a good hand, is willing to

devote his whole time and attention to business

and will engage from 4 to 6 years, for a mode-

rate compensation. Address, with recommenda-tions enclosed. T. RAWLINS & SON.

turned. For sale by T. RAWLINS & SON.

Foxwell Wheat.

of this productive Wheat, we have now

on hand 100 bushels, with accompanying certifi-

cates, to which we invite the attention of farmers.

Sweet Potatoes.

FOR SALE.

or horses. They are of the best make and

material. We will sell them on time as we

DAILY & Co.,

MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN

ELOTUING.

Schiedam Schnapps.

Sept. 14. II L EBY & SON.

Dale and Dark Brandy, very supe-

To the Ladies.

O is now complete, having just received Pink,

Blue and Mole Colored Mouslins; Cashmeres

Sept. 14. LOCK, CRAMER & LINE.

Cheap Goods.

WE are now selling off our Dress Goods at very low prices—beautiful Lawns from 8

to 50 cents, Mouslins, &c., very cheap; all we

ask is, come and examine, and we are sure you

1,000 LBS. Prime Bacon, Hams, Sides and Shoulders, just received by

Dine Apple and common Cheese, just re-

LOCK, HOLDEN & CO.

EBY & SON.

H. L. EBY & SON.

a superior Old Whiskey from same market.

rior, just received from Philadelphia-with

LUR stock of Ladies' Dress Goods, for fall use

H. L. EBY & SON.

Ils tim has been imported expressly for

AVING been appointed agents for the sale

KEYES & KEARSLEY.

KEYES & KEARSLEY.

BLACKBURN & CO.

RICHARD SEWELL.

BALTIMORE.

reward will be paid for his recovery.

- Ly order of the Colonel;

September 21, 1852.

ney is much wanted.

Sept. 21, 1:52.

September 21, 1852.

Sept. 21.

Sept. 21.

have no use for them.

JOHN DAILY.

Sept. 14.

and Alpacas.

July 20, 1852.

Ano. 17.

L ceived by

August 24.

Angust 24, 1852-11.

East of Howard Street,

bility. For sale in bottles by

Sept. 13, 1852-ly.

September 21, 1852.

The Kabletown Company will parade in Ka-

J. WEROWAN, Adjt.

C. G. BRAGG,

JOHN M. COYLE.

Collector.

will enter upon the performance of their duties Clerk of Corporation. of inspecting, and awarding premiums. On COMPANY ORDERS. that day none but Members of the Society and the FENIIE Halltown Company will Judges will be admitted on the ground. At 3 o'clock, on the first day, the Ploughing L parade at its usual place, on Saturday, the 2d of October, at 11 Match will take place. On Thursday morning, at 8 o'clock, the gates o'clock, A. M. Also the North Bolivar Company; on the same day, at Mction's store, at 2 o'clock, P M The Shepherdstown Battalion

will be opened to receive visitors. At 12 o'clock, on the same day, the address will be delivered. Immediately after the address, the reports of the Indges will be read, and the premiums awarded will parade in front of J. Entler's Hotel, Saturday, October 9th at 11 and distributed. o'clock. The Lectown Company will parade at Leetown, Saturday, All Members of the Society, and all who shall October 16th, at 11 o'clock. Also the Smithfield Company, in front of

become Members will be furnished with badges, which will admit a person and ladies of his family at all times during the continuance of The two Charlestown Companies will parade in Clinclestown, Saturday, October 23d, at Mrs. Admittance to a single person, 25 cents. All Exhibitors at the Fair must become mem-

bers of the Society, and must be the bona fide owner of animals or articles exhibited. In evebletown, Saturday, October 20th, at 11 o'clock. ry instance where ownership is disputed, the premium will be withheld until the Executive Committee shall decide the question at issue. 55th Regiment of Virginia Militia. No animals or articles entered for exhibition, can be taken away before the close of the Fair, except by permission of the Executive Committeg; and no premium will be paid on animals or articles removed in violation of this rule.

Animals and articles entered for exhibition will have cards attached with the No. as entered at the business office, and exhibitors must, in all cases, obtain their cards previous to placing their stock or articles on the show grounds, otherwise the Secretaries will not be responsible for any omission of articles furnished in their list to the respective Judges. The Judges are requested to hand in their re-

ports and awards on the afternoon of the 20th, by 6 o'clock, to the Secretary of the Society, in large horns, and no car marks. A reasonable order that he may arrange the premiums for distribution immediately after the address on the second day.

The Marshal of each department will take special charge of the matters within his department. and will attend to their accommodation and arrangement. At the appointed time he will get Judges together of his department, and point out all subjects for their decision, and when their duty is discharged will get their report and return it to the Secretary.

> List of Premiums. DURHAMS.

Flour, warranted as good as the best or re-MARSHAL-HENRY SHEPHERD. Judges-Dr. J. H. Taylor, Reger Chew, W. II. Norris and Joseph Crane. For the best Bull 3 years old and upwards, \$5; best Bull 2 years old, 2 50; best Bull 1 gear old 2. Best Cow 3 years old and upwards, \$5; best Heller 2 years old, 2 50; do. 1 year old, 2. HEREFORDS.

For the best Bull 3 years old and upwards, \$5; best Bull 2 years old, 250; best Bull 1 year old, 50 BUSHELS prime Sweet Potatoes, just 2. Best Cow 3 years old and upwards, 5; best Heifer 2 years old, 2 50; best do. 1 year old, 2. AYRSHIRE. MARSHAL-WM. F. TURNER. WE have a complete set of Mule Charing for sale, entirely new, suitable for either mules

Judges-J. C. R. Taylor, R. M. English, G. L. Washington and J. L. Craighill. For the best Bull 3 years old and upwards, \$5: best Bull 2 years old, 2 50; best Bull 1 year old, 2. Best Cow 8 years old, 5; best Heifer 2 years old. 2 50; best Heiler 1 year old, 2.

Natives or Grades. For the best Bull 3 years old and upwards, \$5; bost Bull 2 years old, 2 50; best Bull 1 year old. 2. Best Cow 3 years old, 5; best Heifer 2 years old, 2 50; best Heifer 1 year old, 2. HALF-BRED KAISI'S.

MARSHAL-JOHN A. THOMSON. Judges-C. E. Kemble, A. S. Dandridge, C. S. Taylor and R. B. Washington. For the best Bull 2 years old, \$5; best Bull 1 vent old. 5: best bull Call, under 12 months old Medicinal purposes, and is recommended 2; best Heifer 2 years old, 2 50; best Helfer 1 year old 2 50; best heifer Calf under 12 months by physicians as a tonic in cases of extreme deold, 2. DEVONS.

MARSHAL-J. J. WILLIAMS. Judges-S. D. Bryarly, J. W. McCardy, Minor Hurst and J. Wysong. For the best Bull 3 years old and upwards. \$5: best Bull 2 years old, 2 50; best Bull 1 year old, 2; best Cow 3 years old, 5; best fleifer 2 years old, 2 50; best Heifer 1 year old, 2.

For the best Bull 3 years old and upwards, \$5 best Bull 2 years old, 2 50; best Bull I year old, 2; best Cow 3 years old, 5; best Heiler 2 years old, 2 50; best Heifer I year old, 2. WORKING OXENS.

MARSHAL-J F. ABELL. Judges-David Fry, C. Yates, Edward Spaw, John D. Richardson and W. A. Castleman. For the best Yoke of Oxen over 4 years old. \$5; best Yoke under 4 years old, 5. FAT CATTLE AND SHEEP. MARSAAL-THOMAS H. WILLIS. Judges-G. B. Beall, J. L. Ranson, Wm. Hurst,

John Moler and Thos. McCormick.

For the best Fat Steer, \$5; best Fat Cow, 5;

best Fat Heifer, 2 50; heat slaughtered Mutton, 2; best lot of Live Mutton, not less than SHEEP.

CATTLE SHOW

AGRICULTURAL AND HORTICULTURAL

DOX THE BUILDING

Valley Agricultural Society,

To be held near Charlestown, Jefferson co.

Va., on the 20th and 21st of October, 1852.

The second Annual Exhibition of the Valley Agricultural Society of Virginia, will take place on Wednesday and Thursday, the 20th and 21st of October next, half a mile from Charlestown,

n a beautiful grove enclosed by the Society for

The Society, encouraged by the success which attended the first Exhibition, is stimulated to

renewed exertion to have the present one on a much more extended scale. The officers pledge

hemselves that no exertion, on their part, shall

be spared to give increased satisfaction to all,

and most especially the ladies; for, without

their attendance, no matter however well all

other departments may be filled, that one will be

wanting, which has never yet failed to bring

with it success and prosperity. Therefore, we say unto them, especially, not only to come them-

selves, but bring with them every thing which

pertains to their department. Be not deterred

rom bringing them because you may presume

others may be there, which may prove superior

to your own; it is only by comparison that their

elative merits can be determined. Let every

member of the Society send something to be ex-

I have a much better cow, sheep, hog, or other

articles at home." It was a contradiction upon

their part, if they had, they would have exhi-

bited them. Now, we say to one and all, bring

whatever you may have with you-enter the list

for a fair and honorable competition, and if de-

feated, you will enjoy the great satisfaction of knowing that others had finer stock and better

articles, and were more entitled to success than

To the manufacturers of Agricultural Imple-

ments and Tools, we extend a cordial invitation

to be present. Your interests enjoin upon you

the propriety of making a good exhibition of your

various machinery. It is the very best medium through which you can make known to the far-

mer, their various advantages. If you fail to

make the exhibit, and thus deprive the farmer of

comparing them with others, it will be construed

into an acknowledgment, on your part, of their

interiority. We say to you be present with your

machinery, and show to the world, no matter

how others may differ as to their relative merits,

that you are neither ashamed nor afraid to com-

pare the workmanship or test the advantages of

Farmers of the Valley of Virginia! in the ad-

vancement of the agricultural interest, each one

of us owes a duty to all the rest. Let us now

try, and prevent any of us from being the last to

L. W. WASHINGTON.

Vice Presidents.

CHAS. JAS. FAULKNER of Berkeley.

JAS. L. HOOFF, Assistant Secretary.

Dr. R. S. BLACKBURN, Corr'g Secretary.

R. W. BAYLOR, Secretary and Treasurer.

Board of Managers.

Committee on Reception of Strangers.

Order of Exhibition.

On Wednesday, at 2 o'clock, P. M., the Judges

Dr. W. F. Alexander, | John T. Gibson,

Prancis Peters,

Lawson Botts.

N. S. White.

T. F. Pendleton,

George 11. Tate, F. M. Eichelberger.

A. R. BOTELER, of Jefferson,

THOMAS F. NELSON of Clarke,

RICHARD BARTON of Frederick,

your own.

discharge it.

James D. Gibson,

Martin Eichelberger.

Wm. G. Forguson,

Maj. Thus. Briscoe,

ames W. Beller,

R. H. Butcher,

OF THE

Marshal—Berjanin Morgan.

Judges—T. G. Baylor, G. D. Moore, Balaam
Usborn, G. W. Ranson and Ebon Frost. Osborn, G. W. Ranson and Ebon Prost.

For the best fine Wool Buck, \$2.50; best pair of fine Wool Ewes, 2.50; best pair of fine Wool Lambs, 2.50; best Long Wool Buck, 2.50; best pair long Wool Lambs, 2.50; best Buck of mixed blood, 2.50; 2d best Buck mixed blood, 2; best pen of Lambs, not less than five, 2.50; best Buck, a fany breed, 5.00; best South down Buck, 2.50; best South-down Ewe, 2.50; best of South down Lambs, 3.50.

SWINE MARSHAL-J. H. McEndres.

udges—Thos. Rawlins, W. H. Conklyn, Charles
H. McCurdy, Daniel Moler and Alired Ross. For the best Boar 2 years old, \$21; best Boar 1 year old, 2; best Sow over 2 years old, 21; best Sow 1 year old, 2; best lot of Pigs, not less than five, and under 6 months old, 4; best pair of shoats under 1 year old, 21; best Sow and Pigs, 4.

MARSHAL-GEORGE W. SAPPINGTON. dges-Wm. Crow, I. P. Lyles, John H. Campbell, Dr. V. M. Butler and Dr. G. F. Mason. For the best Stallion for heavy draught, \$5; best brood Mare for heavy draught, 5; best Stallion for quick draught, 5; best brood Mare for quick draught, 5; best Stallion for saddle, 5; best brood Mare for saddle, 5; be-t pair of Matched Horses, 5; best saddle Horse, Mare or Gelding, 3; best pair of uraught Horses, 3; best team of draught Horses, not less than six, 5; best 3 year old filly or colt, 3; best 2 year old filly or colt, 2; best i hibited, and do not again do, as many did last year—go from the Fair, saying to themselves, year old filly or colt, 1; Brood mares will be required to have colts by their sides. MULES AND JACKS.

MARSHAL-George W. Peter. Judges-J. W. Moore, Dr. Wm. McGuire, J. T. Henkle, H. L. Opie and John C. Wiltshire. For the best Jack, 5; best Jennet, 3; best pair f Mules, 5; best team of Mules, not less than six. ; best Mule colt, not over I year old, 2. POULTRY.

MARSHAL -JAMES M. BROWN. Judges-H. N. Gallaher, W. P. Alexander, John Macfarland, J. J. Abell and C. C. Porter. For the best pair of Turkeys, \$2; best pair of Geese, 2; best pair of Muscovy Ducks, 2; bes pair of common Ducks, 2; best pair of Jersey Blues, 2; best pair of Dorkings, 2; best pair of other breeds, 2; best pair of Game, 2; best pair of Capons, 2; best pair of caponed Turkey, 2; best pair of Si anghai, &c. AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS.

CLASS No. 1. MARSHAL-FRANCIS McCORMICK. udges-N. W. Manning, Levi Henshaw, Alfred O'Bannon, Wells J. Hawks and Jos. Myers. For the best Single Shovel Plough, Double do Harrow

Corn Planter, Ox Yoke, Grain Cradle, Horse Rake, CLASS No. 2. MARSHAL-JAMES GRANTHAM.

Judges-Champ Shepherd, Charles Lec, George D. Wiltshire, Daniel W. Sowers and George W. Neill. For the best Wheat Drill, Wheat Reaper, CLASS No. 3.

MARSHAL-COL. FRANCIS YATES. Judges-Geo. Isler, Jacob Wagely, Edward Haines Jos. Cockerell and Joseph Smith. For the best Wheat Thresher and Horse-power, \$5; for 2d best do., 2; for Fanning Mill, 2,50; for Churn, 1; for Hay and Dung Forks, 1. For the best Horse Cart,

Ox do, Farm Wagon, Hay or Straw Cutter, Fodder Cutter and Grinder, Corn Sheller, Cob Crusher PLOUGHING MATCH. Judges-Geo. W. Eichelberger, Geo. B. Beall,

Richard Henderson and John C. Wiltshire. For the best Plough, DAIRY, HONEY AND FRUIT.

MARSHAL-ISAAC N. CARTER.

Judges-John Humphreys, John R. Flagg, Samuel Ridenour and C. H. Lewis. For the best specimen of fresh butter, not less than 54bs., \$2: 2d best, 1; best Cheese, not less than 20 ths., 2; best 10 pounds Honey, 1; best and greatest number of choice varieties of Apples, 1; o of Pears, 1; do. of Peaches, 1; do. of Quinces, ; do. of Grapes, 1. VEGETABLES.

MARSHAL-DAVID HOWELIA Judges-Geo. W. Turner, James V. Moore, R. G. McPherson, Thos. B. Washington. For the largest assortment of table vegetables \$2 50; best doz. Beets, 1; best doz Carrots, 1; best doz. Cauliflowers, 1; best doz. Cabbage, 1; best doz. Brocoli, 1; best doz. Egg plants, 1; best doz. Parsnips, 1; best peck of Onions, 1; best dozen bunches of Celery, 1; best bushel of Potatoes, 1; best peck of Tomatoes, 1.

HOUSEHOLD MANUFACTURES. MARSHAL-JOHN SELDEN. Judges-B. T. Towner, James Hurst, M. Helm and H. Keys. For the best Quilt, \$2; best Counterpane (yarn. 2; 2d best do., 1; best Hearth rug, 1; best Counerpane (cotton,) 1; best pair of home-made Blankets, 2; 21 best do., 1; best home-made Carpet, 1; best piece of fulled Linsey, 1; best piece striped Linsey, 1; best home-made Soap; best home-made Bread, 1; best Pound Cake, 1; best Spunge Cake, 1; best specimen of Pickles, 1; best specimen of

Preserves, 1. BACON HAMS, MARSHAL-JACOB MORGAN. Judges-Andrew Kennedy, Samuel Kneller, Wm. C. Worthington and Andrew Hunter For the best Ham, cured by the exhibitor, 3 2d best do., 2; 3rd best do., 2. All competitors for premiums, are requested to have their Hams cooked and brought to the exhibition with the skins on, and to state manner of curing.

FLOWERS. MARSHAL-J. R. A. REDMAN. Judges - Ambrose Ranson, Jerr. Harris, T. C. Sig-aloese, J. S. Moore and Wm. T. Daugherty. For the greatest and choice varieties of Flowers, \$2; do. variety of Dahlias, 1; do. variety of Roses, do., handsomest Boquet, 1. SWEEPSTAKE PREMIUMS.

MARSHAL-A. H. HERR. Judges-J. J. Lock, J. E. Schley, Wm. H. Griggs and V. W. Moore, For the best bushel of Corn in the ear; best bushel of Zimmerman Wheat; best bushel Mediterranean do; best bushel of white Blue Stem do; best bushel of Rye; best bushel of Oats; best bushel of Timothy seed; best bushel of Cloverseed; best bushel of Irish Polatoes. No one can be a competitor for these premiums who is not the actual producer of the article contended for. Each separate kind or parcel entered, will be considered as entered only to compete with samples of the same kind. The best article of each kind to take all the others of the same kind as a premium.

DISCRETIONARY PREMIUMS. MARSHAL-J. F. HAMTRAMCK. Judges-Col. J. W. Ware, Horace Brooke, E. M. Aisquith, R. H. Lee, Lisle Baker and S. Lackland. SADDLERY.

MARSHAL-JOHN H. CAMPBELL. Judges-John Avis jr., J. J. Grantham, F. W Drew, R. M. English and Fisher A. Lewis. For the best riding Saddle, \$4; best Bridle, best Wagon Saddle, 2; best Wagon Bridle, 1 best pair of fore gears for two horses, 250; best pair of Britchbands, 4; best set of Cart Gears, 2. INSTRUCTION TO JUDGES. No person will be allowed to interfere with the Judges during their adjudications, No animal or article can take more than one pre-

No animal or article which has previously taken the highest premium of the Society, can again become a competitor for the same grade. This will not exclude yearlings which took the highest premium last year as yearlings, from contending for the 2 year old prize this year, &c.

A premium will not be awarded when the animal or article is not worthy, though there is no com-

HAY. Hay will be furnished for all animals entered for premiums. From the great liberality heretofore extended by Railroad Companies, upon occasions of this kind, exhibitors may calculate on having animals and articles intended for exhibition, transported free cost; and visitors will be able to procure the round trip tickets at half price. September 14, 1852.

To the citizens of Jefferson county. MESSRS. YOUNG & VANANDA will wait on the citizens of Jefferson county during the present mouth with a fine collection of BOOKS, among which are S. G. Goodrich's History of All Nations, History of California, Life of Zachary Taylor, Wild Scenes of a Hunter's Life, Life of Kossuth, Odd Fellows Amulet, Golden Steps for the Young, Life of Henry Clay, Life of General Scott, Farmer's every-day Book, Family Bibles, Pocket ditto, Poems, Dictionaries, and, in short, almost any work published in the United States requisite to the formation of a good Family Library. The subscribers have taken out license for the county and will furnish books on the most accommodating terms.

September 14, 1862. SADDLE FOR SALE. THE Advertiser has for sale, on very rea ble terme, a first-rate SHAFTER SADDLE. (new) Inquire at the Sept. 7, 1852. FREE PRESS OFFICE.

YOUNG & VANANDA.

All Books sold by subscription.

\$60,718!!! IN the wonderful Lottery, on Angust 28th, we sold the Capital Prize of \$60,718 to a gentleman in Cincinnati, in a Package. This luck is unparalelled, and beats the Union; besides we had the good back of selling one Prize—

10 23 55 \$3,000 to Albemarie, Va.

8 28 53 4,000 Languager. 8 28 53

Clarke co., "
Loudoun, a
Fairfax, "
Prederick, "
Vanclevesville,
King William,
Wheeling " 5 20 23 10,000 4,228 30 56 63 3,500 39 42 43 19 40 65

15,000 Wheeling, " s others of \$1,000, \$500, \$200 65 69 75 and \$100. But 14 33 52 got the \$60,718 ! Let all the world say what they can, For selling Prizes M. Ausel & Co, are the men.

M ANSEL & CO. Do now present their first Fall Lotteries, and no doubt, from the great success which has attend ed them of late, and also for 14 years, in selling Prizes, they feel assured that many Prizes will be sent to their Virginia friends, and would advise those who are in want of money that for a small outlay they get large returns, although some may not have been so lucky heretofore still, we say, try again, and the fall of the year may have Great Back for you in anticipation. NO RISK NO GAIN! Capital Prize \$52.418; 50 of 50,000-Tick

ets \$15, Halves \$7 50, Quarters \$3 75.

Capital Prize. Tickets. \$26,000 24.000 32,852 ON SATURDAY, Sept. the 18th. Prize \$40,000; 1 of 12,497; 1 of 6,000; 1 o 4,000; 100 of 1,000; 100 of 500. Tickets \$10 | Quarters, Halves, 5 | Bighths,

28.500 On Wednesday, 22d, Capital Prize 35,000; 15.000; 7,500; 3,608; 2 of 1,000-Tickets \$10 20,000 \$1,825,824. ON SATURDAY, Sept. the 25th, will b drawn grand consolidated Lottery, Class W .-

Capital Prize 72,000; 1 of 25,000; 1 of 13,000; 1 of 10,514; 10 of 5,000; 3,000; 1,250 Tickets \$32 00-shares in proportion. Packages of whole Tickets \$350-Halves \$175 Quarters \$87 50-Eighths \$43 75. MONDAY, the 27th, Capital 33,000; 1 o 22,000; 1 of 11,000; 1 of 5,495; 20 of 1.250. Tickets \$10.

In this Lottery every Ticket is a prize.

20 000 WEDNESDAY, the 29th, Capital 30,000; 20 of 5,000; 20 of 1,000-Tickets \$10. We pay all Prizes at sight no matter how large All Orders strictly confidential, and the Official

Drawing sent as soon as over. Small Fry Lottery. The much admired Small Fry Lottery is still drawn on Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday.-Capitals 3, 4 and \$5,000. Tickets \$1. Certificate of Package of Wholes \$15-Halves \$7 50-

Quarters \$3 75. For a good Prize Adddress; M. ANSEL, & CO., Exchange and Lottery Brokers, Corner of Baltimore and Light Streets, September 7, 1852.

ATTENTION, HOUSEKEEPERS Old Furniture Made New.

HE undersigned having had long experience L in the Cabinet-making Busines in Charlestown, as well as an Apprenticeship in Philadelphia, respectfully offers his services to visit the Housekeepers of the county at their houses, and Alter, Repair, Varnish & Dress

in any manner desired, all articles of FURNITURE that may need renovating. No matter what may be the work required, he will attend to it with promptness and fidelity, and his charges will be most reasonable. Reference as to his capacity may be made

to Messrs. Leonard Sadler, Humphrey Keyes, Robert T. Brown, Wells J. Hawks, and others of Any one desiring his services will please apply to him personally in Charlestown, or through the Post Office. GEO. R. EVERITT. Aug. 31, 1852-tf. [F P.]

Books! Books!! A N Answer to Uncle Tom's Cabin-Aunt Phillis' Cabin-By Mrs. Mary A. Eastman. This work has received the commendations of the Southern press as the ablest answer to Mrs. Stowe's Work. The Mormons or Latter-Day Saints .- By

Lieut. J. W. Gunnison. This is an authentic history of that people, compiled by a resident among them. Peterson's National Gallery-6 nos., issued at 25 cents per No. Harper's Magazine, for September-All the back numbers supplied.

Life of Scott-Price 121 cents. Waverley Notels, Vol. 4th. L. M. SMITH. For sale by August 31, 1852.

Briar Books and Bull Kings, Just received by T. RAWLINS & SON. August 31. Cotton Sheeting and Shirting.

OUR stock of Cotton is now very complete, 4-4 and & Cotton Osnaburgs; Brown Cotton; Bleached Shirting from 61 to 20 cts. Fine Baown Shirting;

New York Mills Cotton;

12-4 Bleached and Brown Sheeting. Aug. 31. LOCK, CRAMER & LINE. Just Received. Mineral Knob Locks;
White and black cased Tape Lines; Centre Bitts, Needles assorted, Lead Faucets; Braces and bitts; Shoe Nails assorted; Tacks do; Wrought Nails; Bench Screws; Tongue and Groove Plains, &c.

Aug. 31. , T. RAWLINS & SON. Prepare for Winter. WE have just received a supply of Extra Good 6 4Full Linsey; 4 4 Plaid and striped Linsey; Plain and Twilled Flannel: Stocking Yarn of all color and sizes.

Aug. 31. LOCK, CRAMER & LINE. To Blacksmiths. E are prepared to furnish to order Anvils Wices and Bellows of all sizes and qualities, at the lowest prices and on the shortest notice T. RAWLINS & SON.

Ang 31. Carpeting.

6 PIECES Carpeting of different patterns and prices, for sale by LOCK, CRAMER & LINE. Ang. 31. Barreis. 50 TIGIT Barrels, suitable for Cider, for sale EBY & SON.

August 21. Barrels. HAVE 40 or 50 whiskey barrels in good or der, for sale by JOHN L. HOUFF. August 31.

Cider Vinegar.

WARRANTED pure, and 5 years old, for sale by KEYES & KEARSLEY. KEYES & KEARSLEY. August 31. Ladies Dress Goods. LARGE stock of Ludies Dress Goods which A I will sell at cost.

Ang. 3. Rock Salt. A NOTHER supply of Rock Salt, just received by KEYES & KEARSLEY. August 31. Blasting Powder and Safety Puse always on hand, and for sale at the lowest

JOHN L. HOOFF.

KEYES & KEARSLEY. prices by August 31. Aug. 31. LOCK. CRAMER & LINE. 300 Twilled Cotton Bags for sale by LOCK, CRANER & LINE.

Torse Shoes and horse shoe Nails just received by T. KAWLINS & SON. August 31.

Sheet and Hoop Iron, and Sheet Zinc, just received by T. RAWLINS & SON. August 31.

Dand for sale by Aug. 10. SIGAPOOSE & HARLEY. 2 BALES COTTON BATS, for sale by Aug. 17. SIGAFOOSE & HARLEY.

THE CHARLESTOWN SEMALE SEMINARD AUCTION SATIS

\$12 Per Qua

J. W. WILLIAMS,

IF For further information Circular will be

Aug. 21, 1852-tf. Principal.

WINCHESTER ACADEMY.

WINCHESTER, Va.

der the special direction of the Principal.

Circulars containing particular information

will be furnished to those who apply for them to

TRUSTEES:

SHANNONDALE SPRINGS.

HE amusements for the balance of the sea-

will be a Regular Ball, on every Tuesday

Knights on Thursdays and Saturdays, with Danc-

ing at night. A Band of fine Music will conduct

visiters to the Table three times a day, and will

execute appropriate airs upon the daily arrival

The Bowling Alley always open free of charge.

WANTED.

servant and ostler. He must not be sold for a

fault. Enquire of the ... PRINTER.

WISH to purchase a NEGRO BOY or

MAN, one that would be suitable for a house

WHEAT WANTED.

TO SHOEMAKERS.

PLANK.

ployment and liberal wages will be given.

received and for sale by the subscriber.

on the road leading to Martinsburg.

Castleman's Ferry, Sept. 7, 1852 - 3t

FOR RENT.

FOUND,

O N Monday, the 19th ult., near the Leetowr and Charlestown road, a GOLD WATCH

July 27, 1852-tf. Near Kerneysville, Va.

HORSES FOR SALE.

property, pay charges, and take it away.

Clarke County, Va., July 20, 1852.

fine RIDING HORSES, as also

pose during the summer, several

a neat Rocka way and perfect.

Terms, Cash and no grumbling.

July 20, 1852—tf. F. P.

generally, that he has commenced the

ly safe Work Horses.

new last fall.

FOR HIRE.

July 20, 1852-3m. J. P. GORMAN.

MULES, MULES.

make, for sale on same terms. It was purchased

ATTENTION !

Democrats, Whigs and Speculators.

Tobacconist Basiness,

In Charlestown, Virginia, five doors west of Sap-

pington's Hotel, where he intends keeping on hand an assortment of all articles belonging to

the trade. The attention of town and country

Merchants and retailers generally, is especially

called to this place before engaging elsewhere,

as they may find it to their advantage to do so.

business, and strict attention to the accommo-

dation of all who may favor him with a call, to

have a liberal share of public patronage. His

of every description taken in exchange or on

commission; and from the subscriber's connex-

ion with city dealers, will enable him to make

quick returns and good prices for all goods en-trusted to him. M. A BOOTH,

Bacon.

Sept. 7. KEYES & KEARSLEY.

Attention, Sportsmen!

Shot Ponches, &c., for sale very low

DOUBLE BARREL Guns, Wash Rods, Gun Wadding, Caps, Powder Flasks, Bird Bags,

Salt.

50 SACKS Ground Alum Salt, just received and for sale by

Aug. 10. HARRIS & RIDENOUR.

Coffee.

15 Bage Rio, Laguyra and Old Gov. Java Coffee, just received and for sale by

Salt.

T. RAWLINS & SON.

DRIME country cured Hame, Shoulders and

Fifth door west of Sappington's Hotel,
or 10, 1852—3m. Charlestown, Vs.

N. B. All kinds of country produce and trade

prices will be moderate and terms easy.

Aug. 10, 1853-3m.

Sept. 7.

Aug. 3.

August 10.

The subscriber hopes from his knowledge of

CHAS. S. TAYLOR.

E. M. AISQUITII.

C. T. BUTLER,

Guardian for Thos. H. Orndoff.

JAMES V. MOORE.

G. W. SAPPINGTON, Proprietor.

L son at this delightful Watering Place,

Hugh H. McGuire, Joseph H. Sherrard, James M. Marshall, A. H. H. Boyd, Charles P. Krauth.

the Principal or any of the Trustees.

David W. Baiton, Sec'y.

July 27, 1852.—2m

Thomas A. Tidba'l,

James M. Mason, Robert T. Baldwin,

John Bruce,

night.

of the Stage.

August 17, 1852.

August 17, 1852.

highest market price.

September 7, 1852.

Aug. 3, 1852-2m.

Charlestown, Aug. 3. 1852.

Robt. Y. Conrad, Pres't. | Philip Williams,

THE REV. WILLIAM JOHNSTON, A.M., Principa

WILL be opened again for Boarding and Day Scholars on the 15th of next September, and continue its Session until the 15th of July. Pupils will cot be received for less time than a Hall Session. For Boarding and Tuition
in English (including all
expenses)
For Day Scholars, \$25 and \$30 do do.
Ancient and Motern Lau-

TRUST SALE I AM requested to offer for sale the cusp of WHEAT, raised during this past year by John Lock, it on the lands of Mot Many Shirley, (22 acres) subject for a rent of two fifths - Also, a MARE AND CORT and a WAGON. The sale will take on the 22th day of September (instant,) on the farm.

WM. C. WORTHINGTON Sentember 14, 1853

and on the same terms, will be sold 2 HORSES. Ploughs and Gears. Also, about 300 bushels of WHEAT in the stack. J H. SMEPPE.

Soplember 14, 1862.

THE REV. WILLIAM JOHNSTON, A.M. Pricepar.

THE Trustees of the Winchester Academy
take pleasure in stating that this Institution
has been under the care of the Rev. Mr. Johnston for the last twelve months; and they are
fully persuaded, from their personal knowledge
of Mr. Johnston and his mode of teaching and the county seat, and within two and half miles of Cameron's Depot, on the Winchester and Putomac Railroad, and about one and a bourti miles. governing the boys committed to his care, that for efficiency and sound scholarship and tact in discipline he has few superiors. We have selfrom the Turnpike leading from Middleway to Harpers Ferry, adjoining the lands of Robert V. Shirley, John W. Packett. James Grantham and dom known a gentleman who possesses to as great a degree the qualifications of an accom-plished tracher and disciplinarian. His govern-ment is mild, but firm. His method of teaching others, containing about 224 Acres more or. less of Limestone Land. The Improvements consist of a Dwelling house, Stable, Corn house, Smoke-house, &c., and a nover-failing well of wais thorough. The recent public examination of the pupils, together with an occasion attendance upon the school during the year, has given us a ter near the house, with a young orchard of choice high opinion of the advantages of this Justitu-tion. It is our candid and deliberate judgment truit lately planted. Those desiring to purchase will do well to call on the subscriber at Hopethat no private school or Academy in the State well Mills, hear Lectown, Jefferson county, Va., affords greater facilities for a complete academior on Mr. Nathan Barns, who is now the present. occupant of said farm.

The Terms will be made reasonable, and poscal education. Mr. Johnston will be assisted by BERJ. F. BURTON, A.M., a graduate of Princeton College, who has had experience in teaching, and is highly recommended as an instructor of youth. The Academy building is spacious, and the pupils boarding in the Academy will be un-

September 7, 1852-tf has observed to

AND Lease on Premises for Sale.

THE undersigned offer for sale their stock of Goods and LEASE ON THE PREMISES they occupy at Summit Point, Jefferson county, Va. They have the premises under rent until 1st of March, 1854, and have no doubt but that a lease for a longer period can be obtained from the pro-prietor, Mr. Thomson, upon favorable terms.— The Stand is known to be one of the best in the county. It is on the line of the Winchester and Potomuc Railroad, and has the advantage of a

an extensive trade. ' Any communication upon the subject may be addressed to A. F. & W. R. SEEVERS, Bultimore, Md, or NATHABIEL SEEVERS, Summit Point, SEEVERS & BRO.

UNITED STATES HOTEL.

THE UNION IS SAFE.

A FTER a long opposition, Virginia has de termined not to Secede or Nullify; she has gone into the United States. The undersigned takes leave to inform the public that he has rented the United States Hotel, lately ke pt by A. Cowton, Esq., where he is prepared to accommodate all those who may please to patronize him.-The house has been completely renovated. Tho old friends of the Virginia Hotel are particularly invited to continue their patronage to the United States. No exertions, on his part, shall be spar-

50,000 BUSHELS PRIME WHEAT wanded to give satisfaction. Terms, as usual, moderate. WASHINGTON EVANS, more Mills. I will always be able to give the | Cumberland, Aug. 10, 1852. UNION HOTEL,

THE subscriber respectfully informs his to ask a call from the travelling public. My

P. S. Baltimore "Clipper" and "San" please nsert the above to the amount of \$1, and send

promises set forth in this advertisement shall be

DAILY LINE, For Georgetown, Washington and Alexandria.

between Harpers-Ferry and the above places, DAILY, commencing July 20th. LEAVING larpers Ferry at 2 P. M., and arriving at George-

o'clock. RETURNING, Leave Alexandria at 4 P. M., and Georgetown at 7 P. M., arriving at Harpers-Perry at 10 A. M., in time for the cars for Winchester and Cum-

of the Packets at Georgetown, to convey passenthem on a credit till the 1st of January next .gers to Washington. They can be seen at my farm near Ott's Shop .-I have also a WHEAT-FAN of Dovle & Co.'s

Harpers Ferry, July 20, 1852-tf. "Light, More Light Still!"

NOW ready and contains 500 12mo, pages; beautifully illustrated with original designs, M. A. BOOTH respectfully informs the citiand neatly bound, price \$1 50, entitled Life at the South, or "Uncle Tom's Cabin" as it is. Being Narratives, Scenes and Incidents in the real " Life of the Lowly." By W. L. G. Smith, Beg. For sale at C. G. STEWART'S. August 17.

Brandies, Wine, &c. can always find the most atticle at HARRIS & RIDENOUR'S.

Family Lard. 500 LBS. Family Lard, for sale by Aug. 94. H. L. EBY & SON.

Green Gluger. JUST received and for sale by Yeast Powder.

A Aug. 24. Green and Black Teas. 6 CHESTS best Black and Green Teas, just received by H. L. EBY & SON.

Liver Pills. hand, and for sale, viz: McLane's Liver Pille; Lee's Anti Billious do ; Peters' do. do.; Nunholland's Irish do.; Leidy's Vegetable do.; -505,00 Jayne's do. do.; CHARLES TO THE Louden's do. do.

Wright's Indian do. do. SIX SHIZE L. M. SMITH. Bags, Bagt BALE of Cotton Bags, without seam, on

hand and for sale by LOCK, HOLDEN & CO. Caleraius, just received by Aug. 10 H L EBY & SON.

August 24.

100 SACKS of Salt, just received and for Sept. 14. LOCK, CRAMER & LINE. Stone Java, from half gallon to three gal-Battels. Ang: 24. SIGAFOOSE & HARLEY. 50 TIGHT Barrels, suitable for Cider, for EBY & SON. FRENCH Worked Capes, Collars, Under-sleeves, &c., chapper than ever. Aug. 3. LOCK, CRAMER & LINE. Horseshoes, No. 2, 3 and 4, for sal Aug. 3. EBY 4, POV. 200 COTTON BAGS for sale by EBY & POY.

FARM FOR SALE, L sale, his FARM, situated in Jefferson co., Virginia, about live miles west of Charlestown,

ession given on the first day of April next. JOHN CHAMBERLIN.

STOCK OF GOODS

considerable forwarding business in addition to

A passage of Arms between the attendant July 27, 1852-if.

CUMBERLAND, MARYLAND.

friends, and the public, that he is now keep-ANTED immediately four good Journey ing the UNION HOTEL, in this place, situated men Shoemakers-to whom constant emon Baltimore street, in full view of the Denot, and but a few steps off. This Hotel has been recent-JOHN AVIS, JR. y fitted up in good style; the Chambers and Bedding are good, and kept in good order; the Table will be well furnished, and well cooked, Any persons visiting this Hotel will find it a 40,000 FEET of prime Seasoned PINE PLANK, of all thicknesses—just place of comfort; charges low. My porter will be found on the arrival of the cars on the outside of the Depot, not being permitted to enter S. D. CASTLEMAN. on the platform, owing to some arrangement made by the agent of the railroad, at this place. The Stage owners, and proprietors of the Revers House and the U.S. Hotel, are in my peculiar sit-A BLACKSMITH Shop and DWELLING House, uation. As a Hotel keeper, I am constrained to state my situation; therefore, take this method

nade good or no charge. Give me a call, and oblige the public's humble servant,
JOHN T. COOKUS,
August 17, 1852. Cumberland, Md. The owner is requested to come forward, prove bill to agent at this place for payment. J. T. C.

THE undersigned having purchased Mules necessary for their farming purposes, offer

at private sale, seven or eight fine WORK HORSES, and will be seen at the farm near PENDLETON & RICHARDSON. THE PACKET BOATS BELLE and FASILION, will run the ensuing season

IIAVE for hire, and shall keep for that purtown next morning at 6, and Alexandria at 7

HAVE five young Kentucky MULES for sale, three years old this spring. I will sell Omnibuses will be in Readiness on the arrival

FARE \$2.00 including Bown D. . G. W. CUTSHAWs Agent.

A BOOK FOR THE TIMES!

5 DOZ. bottles pure Port Wine, 6 doz. Ma-deira; 4 dozen Claret Wine; 1 bbl. Old Otard Brandy, very prime; 5 barrels Bourbon Whiskey. Those in want of any of the above,

SUPPLY just received and for sale by Aug. 24. H. L. EBY & SON.

August 24. HE following celebrated Liver Pills are on

Allen's do. do.;

SIGAPOOSE & HARLEY.

C Nog 3. KEYES & KEARSLEY.

THE undersigned wishes to sell, at a

Give you my vote? Not not to sure.
This shattered body from the grave.
Your perjured party I disclaim.
Treason to nature, Whig by name, and sure of the state of While thro' our ranks swept grapt and shell,
And yielded cone, though shundreds foll—
While each who sank in the advance.
Was spitted by a brigand's lance.
While we our country's colors bord
Triumphant through the battle's rost,
You gave the murderous foeman aid,
You whetled each assassin's blade
Yes! to the cowards courage gave,
Heaped curses on your country's brive:

curses on your country's brave; And now you change at once your note, And ask a soldier for his vote! Think you your voices could not reach To Vera Crux's conquered beach, Or that your curses died away Before the walls of Monterey? Not so! in every conquered town
The language quoted was your own;
In every printed Azice sheet,
Your speeches we were sure to meet, For I have fought in Mexico. You say that Scott doth lead you on; Tie true. His honors are his own-

My rote for Scott must then be thrown; He wears the soldier's laurel leaf, He is the soldier's honored chief. He won them by his sword alone, But where the honor to command Of traitor whigs a rayenous band, Who heaped dishonor on the cause In which he won the world's applause! To being him from his proud estate, Elect him as your candidate. But do not ask a soldier's hand To stamp him with the foul whig brand.
Against his fame I strike no blow—
I fought with him in Mexico. Give me the men who true and bold Their country and their flag uphold, Whatever force our shores assail, Whatever war dry fill the gale.

Stoop not to wrong from high or low, An insult answer with a blow, Who make our flag on shores and sea Who make our flag on shores and seas The proudest flag that floats the breize Give me the democratic creed. Bold men in word, and brave in deed, No traitors, sycophants and knaves, None who dishonor foldiers' graves, None who, when evil days betide, Are ever on thy foeman's side; Who gallant hearts heap insults on, But cheer them when the victory's tron. Nay, shrink not, friend—I mean no barm— In Mexico I left an arm— Peace has been ratified, you know, And Mexicans are all safe now. Seek some deserter, would you win

VARIETY.

A vote to help our party in; Or better still, for voters go To Riley's men in Mexico.

A HARD BLOW.

The Courier and Enquirer publishes a letter from Henry Clay, written in 1848, in reference to the nomination of Gen. Taylor, in which is the following paragraph:

On the great leading national measures which have so long divided parties, if he has any fixed opinions they are not publicly known. Exclusively a military man, without the least experience in civil affairs,-bred up, and always living in the camp, with his sword by his side, and his epaulettes on his shoulders-it is proposed to transfer him from his actual position of second in command of the army to the Chief Magistracy of this great and model Republic. It I cannot come out in the active support of such a candidate, I hope that those who know any

thing of my opinions, deliberately formed, and repeatedly avowed, will excuse me. Who believes that Henry Clay, if alive, would support Gen. Scott? Who believes that Daniel

Without intending it, Colonel Webb has hit Scott pretty hard over the head. [N. Y. Day Book.

BANK NOTES.

The other day a bill of the "Ocean Bank" of Washington city,-an "institution" which we never before heard of-came into our possession. On offering it to a broker, we found that although the Bank was so new, it had already failed, and all we could get for the bill was 50 cents on the dollar

On another occasion we received a \$2 bill of the " Metropolitan Bank" of Washington city, marked, check letter A., No. 2523. It was dated July 1st, 1852, and signed H. Hayes, Presidenl, and H. V. Miner, Cashier. At the bottom, in prominent letters, was printed, " circulation secured by stocks. Whether stocks of railroads in the moon, or some other stocks, we are not informed. In order to test the value of this bill, we sent it to a friend in Washington, and asked him to get it cashed, if able. He wrote back, (returning the bill) as follows:

WASHINGTON, Sept. 2. "The note returned is good for nothing here. There is no such bank here, and no one to redeem the note.

"But Chubb Brothers tell me that it is a New York concern, and that the notes are said to be redeemed somewhere in your city." After making diligent search we could find no

such person in New York, nor get any offer for the rag. We found a place where a small amount of the bills had been redeemed, but the mill ground no longer.

There is no law in the District of Columbia authorizing the establishment of banks; and with the exception of such acts on the part of the old banks, as may be necessary to wind them up, the whole business of banking in Washington is manifestly illegal. Not withstanding this, however, a large number of nominal banks are issuing their depreciated currency in this city, dating their issues at the seat of Government. A few of these are owned by responsible men, who, for the sake of their own good name, will continue to redeem their notes. But a part from such a consideration, this class of circulation is entirely irresponsible. We have endeavored to obtain a list of these illegal banks; nominally located at the seat of Government, but as new ones are starting every few days, it is difficult to make up a complete catalogue. The following are some of them. - The National, Ocean, Republic, America, Metropolitan. Citizens, Centrat, Union, Eastern, Merchants, Freeman's, Railroad, United States, Exchange, Farmers and Merchants, and Merchants' Exchange. There are doubtless others not included in the list. The bills of most or all of the foregoing are issued in Wall street, and have obtained considerable currency through some of the Bank Note Reporters, which have quoted them, and still quote some of them, at } a # discount.

[N. Y. Journal of Commerce. THE POTATO ROT .- The Philadelphia Ledger states that the potatoe rot has made its appearance in several counties in Pennsylvania, and in the county of Salem, New Jersey, and is like. ly to be more sweeping and disastrious in its effects than ever before in that section of the Union. Mr. Rogers, a very extensive farmer of Bucks county, says that out of a crop of three thousand bushels, he does not expect to be able to save over five hundred or six hundred bushels, and that the farmers generally in his neighborhood are equally unfortunate in the loss of their crops.

DROWNED IN THE CANAL .- We regret to learn that a youth named JOHN BENNER, aged about 13 years, son of Mr. Christian Benner, was drowned in the Canal opposite Shepherdstown about 6 o'clock on Sunday evening last. He was engaged on the boat of Capt. Reynolds, and thus supposed fell from the same while pumping the boat. His body was found about & o'clock on Monday morning.

ET The New York Express asks: " Why should not Virginia support Scott and Graham?" The simple reason may be summed up in a nut shell. Virginia cannot swallow Seward-has no penchant for abolitionism -and has an insuperable objection to " fuss" and " feathers," "gas" and "gammon."

A deplorable accident occurred on Cassadaga Lake, New York, on the 2d instant. A scow in which a pleasure party were making an excursion was upset, and five young ladies, all from 16 to 20 years of age, were drowned. The boatmen, in attempting to rescue the females, also perished.

Does Pa kiss you because he loves you?" inquired a little snubby-nosed urchin of his maternal ancestor, the other day. "To be suite, sonny, why?" "Wal, I guess he loves the kitchen , too, for I seen him kiss her more'n forty times last Sunday, when you was gone to meeting."

- The pictorial life of Gen. Scott contains an illustration of a robber in the act of stealing! We suppose the fellow is a Galphin.

muallingial Crave. Notional Agricultural and Seed WASHINGTON CITY.

THE subscriber begs leave to call the atten-THE subscriber begs leave to call the attention of the Farmers of Jefferson, and the adjoining counties, to one of the most extensive and best selected assortments of Agricultural Machinery and Implements to be found to any similar house in the United States. His arrangements with all the best manufacturers in this country, enable him to furnish, at Factory prices, every wittele required for the farms and all goods, leaving his establishment, are warrantied proce as represented. His stock embraces

Forty Varieties of Ploughs, among which may be found the celebrated Pre-mium Centre Draft Wroughtand Cast-Iron Self-Sharpener; the Deep Tiller Sod; the flat furrow ditto; the premium New York, Nos. 18, 19, 191, 20, 21 and 22; the subsoil and hill side Ploughs of every variety and price. Cultivators, Harrows, Cast-Iron Field Rollers, Pierson's, Pennock's & Sinclair's Wheat Drills.

Hussey's and McCormick's Reaping and Mowing Machines. Bamborough's, Grants' and Sinclair's FANNING MILLS.

Corn Shellers. Single and double Spout (price \$10 to \$16.) also the large Cylindrical at \$30 and \$50; and latter warranted to shell from 800 to 1000 bushels a day. Horse Powers,

Sween and Railway, of various sizes, from \$75 to \$130. Threshing Machines. With open and solid wrought iron and oak Cylinders-price \$35 to \$60. Corn and Cob Crushers, From \$30 to \$45, warranted to grind from 8

to 10 bushels per hour. The Seed Department Is supplied with every variety of Field and Garden Seed, all of which are warranted fresh Peruvian Guano.

Having made arrangements with the Agent of the Peruvian Government for the sale of Peruvian Guano, for supplies of this article direct from the Chincia Islands, purchasers may rely upon being furnished with a pure No. 1 quality, at lowest Baltimore rates. All goods delivered in Washington or Georgetown, free of charge, and orders by mail promptly attended to.

FITZHUGH COYLE. National Agricultural and Seed Warehouse, Iron Building, sign of the Golden Plough and Eagle, 7th street, Washington city. March 16, 1852.

Fashionable Clothing. READY MADE CLOTHING O Fsuperior quality and most fashionable styles can always be found at WM. WALL'S CLOTHING WAREHOUSE.

Pennsylvania Avenue, 10 doors west of 9th street, SUCH AS Fine Dress, Sack and Overcoats; Plain, Figured and Embroidered Silk, Satin, and Cloth Vests; Fine Black and Fancy Cassimere Pants; Also, a large and superior Stock of Gentlemen's Under Wear, of all Qualities; White and Colored Kid and other Gloves; Handkerchiefs, Scarfs, Cravats,

Hosiery, &c., &c. March 16, 1852. Pianos! Pianos!! PROPERTY AND PERSONS ASSESSED.

Pennsylvania Auenue, between 9th and 10th st's, Washington, D. C.,

WOULD invite particular attention to his assortment of superior PIANOS, manufactured by the most celebrated makers in the United States, Messrs. Nunns & Clark, New York, to whom was awarded the highest Premium at the World's Fair, for their superior and brilliant toned

The above instruments can be had of the subscriber at manufacturers prices, and warranted second to none in the United States. March 16, 1852.

Fashionable Clothing.

WM. WALL, Penn. Avenue, between 9th and 10th Streets, (Next to Mr. Shank's Iron Building,)

Washington, D. C., WOULD respectfully say to the citizens of Jefferson and the Valley generally, that he has enlarged and extended his Clothing Establishment, making it one of the largest and most extensive Clothing Depots in this part of the country.

Its extent is two floors, running 150 feet deep, and employing from 75 to 100 hands, thereby giving employment to our own mechanics and sempstresses and offering goods as low as they can be bought at the North.

I am prepared to make to order, the most fashionable and elegant assortment of Cloths, Casimeres and Vestings,

to be found in this city, at prices as low as those bought at the cheapest ready-made store in Washington, and of superior make and finish .-In texture and quality, all my goods will compare with any Merchant Tailors in the District, and at much less cost, as my desire is to do a permanent custom trade, I am determined to give entire satisfaction, and all goods purchased, if not found to be as represented, a liberal deduction will be made.

All Clothing made to order, will be cheerfully taken back if found not to suit. Constantly on hand a large, general and complete assortment of Ready made Clothing at prices to suit the times. Also at my Establishment three doors East of

the National Potel. The citizens of Jefferson and the Valley, visiting Washington, are respectfully invited to give me a call, as I feel confident they will be amply March 16, 1852-1y

BAWLINS, BOLET. Corner of Queen and Burk Streets, MARTINSBURG, VA.

THE undersigned begs leave respectfully to inform the community and travelling public that he has taken the Hotel formerly known as the "Berkeley flouse." The House has recently undergone a thorough renovation; it is now believed to be in every respect adapted to the wants of the traveller and sojourner.

A large and commodious Stable is attached to the premises. The luxuries of the TABLE will be surpassed by none, and the BAR is at all times. supplied with a choice selection of superior wines and liquors. Baggage taken to and from the Depot free of charge, and in bad weather a Carriage will run to the Depot for the accommodation of travellers

without any additional expense. . . JOS. C. RAWLINS. March 2, 1852-1y. Proprietor. SAPPINGTON'S HOTEL.

Charlestown, Jefferson County, Va. THIS large and very commodious Three-story Brick Hotel, situated in the centre and business part of the town, is now among the most attractive and desirable resting places in the great Valley of Virginia. The luxuries of the TABLE of this establish-

ment, are surpassed by none, and the: BAR is at all times supplied with a choice selection of superior Wines and Liquons. Several large Partons and airy CHAMBERS have been added since last year. A splendid Yellow-Mounted Coach attends he Charlestown Depot, upon the arrival of the

Cars, which will convey visitors to the HOTEL, free of charge. Persons wishing to be conveyed to other parts of the town, will pay a reasonable compensation. SADDLE and HARNESS HORSES, CARRIAGES, Buggies, and careful Drivers always ready for

the accommodation of visitors. GEORGE W. SAPPINGTON. July 9, 1850. Proprietor. CASH FOR NEGROES. THOSE persons having Negroesfor sale, can

get the highest price by calling on the sub-

scriber at Charlestown. Application in person or by letter will be promptly attended to, July 15, 1851. C. G. BRAGG. Rock Salt, for sale by April 13, KEYES & KEARSLEY Arg : 124.

Angecyanic Arrs. WHEAT PANS WHEAT FAN known as the THE WHEAT FAN, known as the "Genes are see Farmer," has superseded the use of all most every other Fan in the State of New Yorl and other Wheat growing States. It is adapted to cleaning every description of seed, and as a Clover Seed or Timothy cleaner has no superior This Fan has been most fully tested, and every where elicited the highest commendation. It has taken the premium at several of the hes Northern exhibitions, and for superiority of construction, especity for working, and economy of price, stends approvalled. The following certificates from some of the most intelligent and ancressful agriculturists in the Valley of Virginia attest its merits wherever tried. This list, were those offered pot deemed sufficient for all reasons.

those offered not deemed sufficient for all reasons ble men, could be extended to an indefinite exent. JAMES KUNYAN. Charlestown, Nov. 11, 1851—tf.

Gardner & Rohr's Wirent Drill, SEED PLANTER.

HE undersigned having purchased the right L to manufacture and sell this unequalled Drill in the counties of Loudoun, Clarke, and the southern half of Jefferson, are now fully prepared at their establishment in Charlestown to furnish to order any number of Drills, made in the most substantial manner. All orders promptly

attended to.

This Wheat Drill performs the triple work of Drilling, Sowing and Covering by the same movement, thereby saving much time and labor. It will plant point rows, and all irregular shaped fields, with a saving of from 10 to 15 per cent in labor, it will, with ease for two horses, plant from 8 to 10 acres per day of Wheat, Barley, and other small grains. This Machine has been in use two seasons, and wherever it has been introduc-

ed has given entire satisfaction. This Drill took the first premium at the Valley Agricultural Exhibition in October last. Also, the first premium at the Agricultural Exhibition for Belmont county, Ohio, October 23, 1851.
O'BANNON, HENSON & HUNT. March 23, 1852.

We have in our possession a large number of

certificates, recommending this Drill to the farmer as having no superior. Among the number the following;
I have used on my farm and am still using one of the Wheat Drills, patented by Gervis S. Gardner and George Rohr, and now sold by Messrs. Henson, O'Bannon and Hunt. I do not suppose any intelligent farmer would now dispute the advantage of drilling over broadcast sowing; I also consider the above Drill altogether equal to any drill now in use, and the advantage of apply. ing a compost box to it, makes it very desirable. The compost part of the drill acts well in every particular and is one of the greatest inventions of the day for the farmer; it might well be called the farmer's friend, as it saves both time and labor.

March 19, 1852. NEW JEWELRY STORE. THE subscriber having taken the Store in Mr. Stephens' Building, opposite Mrs. Carrell's Hotel, would respectfully call the attention of the public to his large and elegant assortment of

MARTIN EICHELBERGER.

Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, &c., Which he is prepared to sell at the lowest cash prices.' Gold and Silver hunting cased Watches: ditto Horizontal Escapement Watches; Detached Levers, Verticals, Horizontal, Verge and Duplex Watches, from the most celebrated manufactures in Europe. Also, Gold Lockets, Ladies' Gold Scroll, Cluster, Box and Mourning Pins; Gold Finger Rings of every description; Cuff Guard and Belt Chains, Chatalaine Pins, &c.-Gents' Gold Guards, Vest and Fob Chains, Keys and Seals, Locket and Signet Rings, Bosom Pins, Gold Studs, Collar and Sleeve Buttons, and every description of Goods-usually found in a store of this description,

CLOCKS. The largest assortment of Clocks to be found in the county; prices from \$1 75 to \$12 00, warranted good time keepers. SILVER SPOONS.

Silver Spoons, made from pure coin and manufactured expressly for my own retail trade, which will be sold at greatly reduced prices. Watch Repairing.

All descriptions of Watches, Clocks, Jewelry &c., repaired in a workman-like manner. Hav ing had extensive experience in some of the best shops in the country, the subscriber feels confident of giving perfect satisfaction to all who may favor him with their patronage.

P. CORY. Harpers Ferry, June 22, 1852. PAPERING AND PAINTING.

THE undersigned, thankful to the citizens of Jefferson for the liberal patronage extended to him in his line of business, respectfully gives. notice that he has made special arrangements to execute every description of .

PAPERING, AND PAINTING, EITHER PLAIN OR GRAINING, MARBLING, &C, at the shortest notice and on the most reasonable terms. In quality or style of his workmanship he is willing that his work itself shall be his recommendation, and therefore refers to the work executed at the residences of

V. W. MOORE. DR. G. F. MASON, I. N. CARTER. and J. W. BELLER. Charlestown, and the Graining at the residence of Mr. Lewis W. Washington. His terms are most reasonable, and by promptness and fidelity to those who patronize him, he

hopes to receive a liberal share of encouragement He will execute any description of Work in his line when desired, in any part of this or the neighboring counties. WILLIAM KIMES. Charlestown, April 20, 1852-6m.

TO THE PUBLIC. HE undersigned would respectfully call the Attention of the public to his spiendid assortment of work on hand at present, consisting of Daddles,

of every description, and at prices that cannot fail to please, ranging from \$5 to \$100. He has also a very splendid assortment of all other kinds of work, which is made of the very best materials and in the neatest and most durable manner. In fact he intends to keep every thing for sale that belongs to the business. He has on hand some very excellent Shafter Saddles, which are as low as \$12, and Somersets as low as \$20 for cash, or on a short credit. He still continues to carry on his business in the shop formerly occupied by Mr. Wm. Hicks, immediately

opposite the bank. He returns his sincere thanks to the public enerally for the liberal patronage heretofore extended to him, and hopes by strict attention to business to merit a liberal share of the same hereafter. Any person wishing to see him will find him at his shop.

JOHN P. GORMAN. Charlestown, March 18, 1851.

Warehouse at the Old Furnace. WHEAT, CORN, &c., WANTED. THE subscribers respectfully inform the citizens of Jefferson and Berkeley counties, Va., and those of Washington county, Md., that they have erected a large and commodious Stone Warehouse at the Old Furnace, on the Potomac river, (under the name and firm of LUCAS d. MOORE,) where they will at alltimes be prepared to furnish transportation, in their superior line of Canal Boats, for any and all freight, destined for the Markets of the District. Terms reasonable, and such as will make it the interest of all to give

them a trial. If The highest market Cash price will be aid, for from five to twenty thousand bushels of WHEAT-to be delivered at such times as the parties may agree, and in parcels to suit the con-/ venience of those interested. Also, the highest market price will be paid for CORN, OATS, and Country Produce generally. Farmers and others will find it to their interest to call, before disposing of their Grain or Produce, as our arrangemente are such as to offer inducements equal to that of any other House in the Valley. They are prepared to receive Wheat at Ker-

neysville and Duffield's Depot! Plaster, Fish, Salt, &c., Will be kept constantly on hand, and disposed of on the most reasonable terms by the cargo, or smaller quantity. ROBERT LUCAS, JR.,

SAMUEL MOORE. Old Furnace. April 6, 1852-1y. Scotch Herring, just received by Aug. 10. H. L. EBY & SON.

BLACK MUSTARD SEED for sale by Aug 17. SIGAFOOSE & HARLEY. BRASS and Copper Kettles forsa'e by Aug. 17. SIGAFOOSE & HARLEY. AND IT SIGHT THE LAKERY.

Balt more Ctabe. MCINTOSH'S HOWALD HOUSE. (Late Wheatfield Holes,)
Corner of Baltimore and Howard Streets,

BALTIMORE.
THIS Hotel has lately been chlarged and im oved in every department, rendering it do y one of the most comfortable Holels in th and the proprietor, ever abxious and read and the proprietor, ever anxious and ready commodate, piedges himself to spare no pains nder every one comfortable that may tayor with a call. To the patrons of the old Flouse turns his sincers acknowledgments for their liberal patronage, soliciting a continuance of their favors and of the travelling public generally.

JOHN McINTOSH,

July 13, 1852—3m.

LAMES WATHERS. GEORGE W. IRVIN. MATHERS & IRVIN. MERCHANT TAILORS.

Clothiers, No. 225 Baltimore Street, Balt., (South side, I door East of Charles st.) Feb. 10, 1852.-1y.]

N. B. TO TAILORS. The Advertisers are the only Agents in this City, for the sale of DeLany's Scientific Guide. for Balancing, Drafting and Cutting Pantaloons. M. & I.

N. Carroll Mason, ATTORNET AT LAW,

And Agent for the purchase and sale of Real Estate. DROMPT attention given to the collection of Claims, &c. Office at Counsellor's Hall, No. 46, Lexington street, Baltimore, Md. March 2, 1852-tf

HATS, HATS, HATS. STRANGERS visiting the city, will find to their advantage to give MCPHAIL & BROTHER'S. No. 132 Baltimore Street, next to Clipper Office, ASSORTMENT OF

hats and Caps, an examination before purchasing. They are determined to sell low for cash, or on reasonable terms to those who buy to sell. Country Merchants and Hatters, will always find our HATS of the Latest Style. We are also manufacturing Hats in the Rough, to which we invite the attention of Country Hatters. March 9, 1852.

WHOLESALE WATCH AND JEWELRY STORE.

L. H. MILLER & CO., MPORTERS, Manufacturers and Jobbers of Watch es, Jewelry and Watch Materials, have leased the old stand formerly occupied by Messrs. Canfield, Bro. & Co., S. E. corner Charles and Baltimore streets, No. 227, which they have put in complete order for the Wholesale Watch and Jewelry Business, upon an entirely new plan, having no goods exposed in show

In calling the attention of the trade to the new concern, we mention the fact that we are associated with one of the most extensive Jewelry manufacturing establishments in the country, which must give a decided advantage over all others in this market, for supplying dealers with Jewelry, at manufacturers' prices, a feature in this branch of trade long since needed between Baltimore and the Southern and Western Merchants. We desire to call attention to the Watch Department, which will at all times be supplied with a gree assortment from the most celebrated manufactures, and kept in perfect running order, so that , orchasers may once take them, with a written guarantee that they will perform correctly.

This branch of the business will receive the especial Pins, Ear Hoops and Drops, Gold Pencils, Gold attention of one of the firm, whose extensive and praca place in the confidence of buyers. We respectfully invite you to call upon us when you next visit our city, confidently believing that an examination of our goods will prove to you that they are better styles and cheaper than you have ever seen in this market, and assure you that no effort shall be wanting on our part to make the acquaintance one of mutual No. 227 S. E. corner Charles and Balt. sts.

> REFERENCES. Messrs. WYETH, BLACKLOCK & CO., GWYN REID & TAYLOR JAMES HODGES & BROTHER, HURST & BERRY, MURDOCH, DUER & EVANS, SANGSTON & CO. BARTHLOW, GWYN & CO., RIELY & PENDLETON, CUSHING & BAILEY.

L. H. MILLER,

JOHN MURPHY & CO., MOORE & GRIFFIN. Baltimore, Feb. 10, 1852-1y. EXCHANGE BANK

SELDEN, WITEERS & CO.

Washington, D. C. HE undersigned respectfully announce that I they have formed a Co-Partnership to transact a General Banking and Exchange Business in this City, under the firm of SELDEN, WITHERS & Co, and are prepared to deal in Foreign and Domestic Exchanges, Time Bills, Promisory Notes, Certificates of Deposite,

Letters of Credit, Bunk Notes and Coin. We undertake to make collections and promptly to remit the proceeds to any designed point within or without the Union. Mr. WILLIAM SELDEN, a member of the firm, and for many years past the Treasurer of the United States, will give his careful personal attention to all financial business which we may

be employed to transact with any of the Departments of the Government. The business which our employers may require us to transact, will be conducted with fidelity and promptitude, and upon the most reasona-

WILLIAM SELDEN. Late Treasurer of the U. S. JOHN WITHERS. Of Alexandria, Va. R. W. LATHAM, Of Washington, D. C. L. P. BAYNE,

Of Baltimore, Md. Washington, Feb. 10, 1852 .- y CONGRESS HALL, Third and Chesnut Streets.

PHILADELPHIA, JULY 1, 1852. HE subscribers take pleasure in informing L their friends and the traveling community generally, that they have this day taken posses-

sion of that well established and favorably known hotel Congress Hall, Third and Chesnut They have had the house thoroughly repaired and all the modern improvements introduced, and furnished in a style of elegance which will at

once render it unsurpassed for comfort and convenience. This is decidedly the best located house in the city, being in the immediate vicinity of business, the Exchange, Custom-House, and many other

public buildings. Lines of Omnibusses leave for every part of he city every few minutes, their head quarters being within one square of the House. The subscribers are determined to spare no

pains in making this a convenient and comfortable home to the traveler. NORRIS & JACKSON. Late of Virginia, July 13, 1852. JAMES E. NORRIS, who is well known to many

of the business men visiting the city, lately in the Hardware house of James J. Duncan & Co., Twitt, Brother & Co., and formerly proprietor of the Virginia Hotel, St. Louis, will have the management of the House, assisted by polite and competent persons. FORWARDING & COMMISSION BUSINESS.

INE subscribers having formed a Partifership under the firm of BLACKBURN & ALEX-ANDER, have opened Ware Houses at the Old Furnace and Harpers-Ferry, where they will engage in the Forwarding and Commission Business. Their Boats will ply regu-Plarly between those places, and Georgetown and Alexandria, by the Canal. They will at all times purchase, WHEAT,

CORN and other Produce, for which they will Produce will be received at any of the Depots on either the Baltimore & Ohio of Winchester. & Potomac Railroads. They will keep on hand a constant supply of LUMBER, COAL, SALT, SHINGLES, LATHS, PLASTER, (ground and in

ACKAKAV GARS, GC., which they will sell by the quantity and They will endeavor at all times to make it the interest of Farmers and others to deal with them. DOTTER BUT IN W. F. ALEXANDER! Oct. 14, 1851.-ly.

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the lump oTAR, COFFEE, SU. A.

Dedicines ...

BALTIMORE LOCK HOSPITAL WHERE may be obtained the most speedy remedy for Weakness, Loss of Organic Powers, Pain is the Loins, Disease of the Kidneys, Affections of the Head, Throat, Mose and Skin; Constitutional debility and all those borrid affections arising from a Certal Secret Habit of Youth, which blight their most by these borries of anti-organic partials.

A CURE WARRANTED, OR NO CHARGE. Pouna Man especially, who have become the vic-rims of Solitary Vicz, that dreadfed and destructive public which annually sweeps to an untimely grave thorsands of young men of the most exalled talents and brilliant intellect; who might otherwise have en-tranced listening Senates with the thunders of clo-quence, or waked to ecstacy the living lyre, may call with full confidence. with full confidence. MARRIAGE

MARRIAGE.

Married persons, or those contemplating marriage, being aware of physical weakness, should immediately consult Dr. J., and be restored to perfect health.

Office No. 7, South Frederick street, Baltimore, Md., on the left hand side, going from Baltimore street, 7 doors from the corner. Be particular in observing the number, or you will mistake the place. DR. JOHNSTON. Member of the Royal College of Surgeons, London, Graduate from one of the most eminent Colleges of the United States, and the greater part of whose life has been spent in the Hospitals of London, Paris, Philadelphia, and alsewhere, has effected some of the most astonishing cures that were ever known. Many troubled with a ringing in the ears and head when asleep, great nervousness, being alarmed at sudden sounds, and nervousness, being alarmed at sudden sounds, and bashfulness, with frequent blushing, attended some-times, with derangement of mind, were cured imme-

TAKE PARTICULAR NOTICE Dr. J. addresses all those who have injured them-selves by private and improper indulgences, that secret and solitary habit, which ruin both body and mind, unand solitary habit, which ruin both body and mind, unfitting them for either business or society.

These are some of the sad and melancholy effects produced by early habits of youth, viz: Weakness of the Back and Limbs, Pains in the Head, Dimness of Sight, Loss of Muscular Power. Palpitation of the Heat; Dyspepsia, Nervous Irritability, Derangement of the Dimestive Functions. General Debility. Sympof the Digestive Functions, General Debility, Symptoms of Consumption, &c.

MENTALLY.—The figural effects on the mind are much to be dreaded; loss of memory, confusion of ideas, depression of spirits, evil of forebodings, aversion of society, self-digrust, love of solitude, timidity, &c., and some of the evils produced.

NERVOUS DEBILITY. Weakness of the system, nervous debility and premature decay, generally arising from the destructive habit of youth, that solitary practice so fatal to the healthful existence of man, and it is the young who are most apt become its victims from an ignorance of the dangers to which they subject themselves. Parents and guar-dians are often misled with respect to the cause or source of disease in their sons and wards. Alas! bo often do they ascribe to other causes the wasting of the frame, Palpitation of the heart, dyspepsia, indigestion, derangement of the nervous system, cough, and symptoms of consumption, also those serious mental effects, such as loss of memory, depression of spirits or peculiar fits of melancholy, when the truth is they have been indulging in pernicious but alluring practices, destructive to both body and mind. Thus are swept from exist-ence, thousands who might have been of use to their country, a pleasure to their friends, and ornaments to

DR. JOHNSON'S INVIGORATING REMEDY FOR ORGANIC WEAKNESS.

This grand and important Remedy has restored strength and vigor to thousands of the most debilitated individuals, many who had lost all hopes, and been abandoned to die. By its complete invigoration of the nervous system, the whole faculties become restored to their proper power and functions, and the fallen fabric of life is raised up to beauty, consistency and duration, upon the ruins of an amaciated and premature decline, to sound and pristine health. Oh, how happy have hundreds of misguided youths been made, who have been suddenly restored to health from the devastations of those terrific maladies which result from indiscretion. Such persons before contemplating

MARRIAGE, should reflect that a sound mind and body are the most necessary requisites to promote connubial happiness .ndeed, without this, the journey through life becomes a weary pilgrimage; the prospect hourly darkens to the view; the mind becomes shadowed with despair, and filled with the melancholy reflection that the happiness of another becomes blighted with our own. Let no alse delicacy prevent you, but apply immediately. He who places himself under the care of Dr. Johnston, may religiously confide in his honor as a Gentleman, and confidently rely upon his skill as a Phy-

TO STRANGERS. The many thousands cured at this institution, within the last ten years, and the numerous important Surgical Operations performed by Dr. Jounston, witnessed by he reporters of the papers and many other persons, notices of which have appeared again and again before the public, is a sufficient guarantee that the afflicted will find a skillful and honorable physician. There are so many ignorant and worthless Quacks advertising themselves as physicians, ruining the health of the already Afflicted, that Dr. Johnson deems it necessary to say to those acquainted with his reputation that his credentials or diplomas always hang

in his Office.
WEAKNESS OF THE ORGANS immediately cured, and full vigor restored. ALL LETTERS POST-PAID-REMEDIES SENT BY MAIL. December 23, 1851-1y.

\$500 CHALLENGE.

WHATEVER concerns the health and hap-piness of a people is at all times of the most valuable importance. I take it for granted that every person will do all in their power, to save the lives of their children, and that every person will endeavor to promote their own health at all sacrifices. I feel it to be my duty to solemnly assure you that WORMS, according to the opinion of the most celebrated Physicians, are the primary causes of a large majority of diseases to which children and adults are liable; i you have an appetite continually chalgeable rom one kind of food to another, Bad Breath, Pain in the Stomach, Picking at the Nose, Hard ness and Fullness of the Belly, Dry Cough, Slow

Fever, Pulse Irregular-remember that all these denote WORMS, and you should at once apply the remedy:-Hobensack's Worm Syrup, An article founded upon Scientific Principles. compounded with purely vegetable substances, being perfectly safe when taken, and can be given to the mast tender Infant with decided beneficial effect, where bowel complaint and diarrhaa have made them weak and debilitated the Tonic properties of my Worm Syrup are such, that it stands without an equal in the catalogue of medicines, in giving tone and strength to the Sto-mach, which makes it an Infallible remedy for those afflicted with Dyspepsia, the astonishing cures performed by this Syrup after Physicians

have failed, is the best evidence of its superior efficacy over all others. The Tape Worm. This is the most difficult Worm to destroy of all that infest the human system, it grows to an almost Indefinite length becoming so coiled and fastened in the Intestines and Stomach effecting the health so sadly as to cause St. Vitus Dance, Fits, &c., that those afflicted seldom if ever suspect that it is Tape Worm hastening them to an early grave. In order to destroy this Worm, a very energetic treatment must be pursued, it would therefore be proper to take 6 to 8 of my Liver Pills so as to remove all obstructions, that the Worm Syrup may act direct upon the Worm, which must be taken in doses of 2 Tablespoonfulls 3 times a day. These directions followed have never known to fail in curing the most ob-

stinate case of Tape Worm. Hobensack's Liver Pills. No part of the system is more liable to disease than the LIVER, it serving as a filterer to purify the blood, or giving the proper secretion to the bile; so that any wrong action of the Liver effects the other important parts of the system, and results variously, in Liver Complaint, Jaundice, Dyspepsia, &c. We should, therefore, watch every symptom that might indicate a wrong action of the Liver. These Pills being compos ed of ROOTS and PLANTS furnished by nature to heal the sick : Namely, 1st, An EP-PECTORANT, which august nts the secretion from the Pulmonary mucus membrane, or promotes the discharge of secreted matter. 2nd. An ALTERNATIVE which changes in some inexplicable and insensible manner the certain morbid action of the system. 3d. A TONIC. which gives tone and strength to the nervous system, renewing health and vigor to all parts of the body. 4th. A CATHARTIC, which acts in perfect harmony with the other ingredients. and operating on the Bowels, and expelling the of whole mass of corrupt and vitiated matter, and purifying the Blood, which destroys disease a d

restores health. To Females. You will find these Pills an invaluable medicine in many complaints to which you are subject. In obstructions either total or partial, they have been found of inestimable benefit restoring their functional arrangements to a healthy action, purifying the blood and other fluids so effectually to put to flight all complaints which may arise from semale irregularities, as headache, giddiness, dimness of sight, pain in the side, back, &c. None genuine unless signed J. N. Hobensack, all others being base imitation. TAgents wishing new supplies, and Store Keepers desirous of becoming Agents must address the Proprietor, J. N. Hobensack, Philade! phia, Pa. G. W. Johnson, wholesale Agent for Mary

angov & mayo SOLD BENY Janu to L. M. SMITH Charlestown to I make DORSEY & BOLEY, Winchester.

A. M. CRIDLER, Harpers-Ferry.

And all over the United States.

Price each, 25 cents.

Philadelphia, June 15, 1852—6m.

land and Virginia. It has seeing all I



By its mild action on the STOMACH. LIVER and KIDNEYS, will cure the diseases of those Organs with DYSPEPSIA, COUGH, ASTHMA, BRONCHIAL and LUNG AFFECTIONS, PAINS in the BACK, SIDE and BREAST, CONSUMPTION, SCROPULA, RHEUMATISM. GOUT, NEURALGIA, FISTULA

Piles, Bowel Complaint, Worms, Nervous Debility, with all Diseases arising from LAPURE BLOOD. ET the whole afflicted world read the testimony of a lady after 38 years of suffering:
Northampton Co., April 13, 1852.
Messrs, Tyler & Adair: I have been afflicted with rheumatism at times, from my twelfth year. I will be 50 years of age the 18th of this month; the attacks were so severe at times as to render me helpless. I have tried various remedies to very little effect. Last October I was attacked in my shoulders, sides, back and hips; I could not rest day or night; I could not move any part of my body without crying with pain. At this time Lalso tried many remedies, internal and external, without relief. I was at last advised to try HAMP-TON'S VEGETABLE TINCTURE. Before I bad

taken one bottle of which, I felt much better, and as continued taking it I felt strength coming into my back and limbs, and my stomach strengthened and revived every way. I have taken five bottles, and am much better than I ever expected to be. I intend to use it whenever I need, and would recommend it to the af flicted, believing it unequalled.
Yours. ELIZABETH BAGWELL. Messrs. Mortimer & Mowbray : Mrs. Elizabeth Bagwell is a lady of the highest respectability, wealthy and influential. The cure in her case speaks volumes in favor of this wonderful Tincture. Several other per-sons we have heard of, have derived great benefit from its use in our county. We are entirely out of the article, and have daily anxious enquirers to know when we will receive another supply. We expect large sales of it from the present demand, and want you to send us a

box as soon as possible. TYLER & ADAIR. Yours, April 16, 1852. Northampton county, Va. This is the testimony of thousands. Cure of consumption, neuralgia, pain in the side, &c. Messra. Mortimer & Mowbray—Gentlemen: It is with pleasure I can testify to the great healing powers of-HAMPTON'S VEGETABLE TINCTURE. wife had been afflicted for three years, laboring under a constant backing cough, with a most violent pain in ner right ide, neuralgia in the head, and a dimness of sight; very little rest day or night, and much emaciation, and to all appearances a rapid consumption inevitable. We had the most eminent physician in Annapolis, but his medicine did not give her any relief at all, but growing worse if any change in the least; and of-ter having read one of your pamphlets, in July last, she concluded to try Hampton's Vegetable Tincture, and after taking but two bottles of which (under a kind Providence) we perceived a great change for the better : her appetite improved, herskin became quite clear, cough, pains, neuralgia, &c., entirely left her; and by the time she had taken a few bottles more she was completely cured, and is now in the enjoyment of most excellenthealth I have seen also its beneficial effects on several other

ladies of Annapolis, and I think I can say from what I have seen of the Medicine, I do not believe its curative powers can be equalled. A sense of duty to the afflicted has induced me to drop these few l Respectfully, EDWARD SANDS,
Master of the schr. Geo. Barber, Annapolis packet, EDWARD SANDS, No. 3 Tobacco Warehouse, Light st. Wharf.

Baltimore, May 1st, 1852. Wenderful cure of hereditary scrofula by Hampton's egetable Tincture! This certificate is from the pen of a gentleman whose name appears on the journal of Congress, one who is extensively and favorably known: "It affords me pleasure to state that Dr. Jesse Hampton's Tincture has effected a most extraordinary cure of my slave boy, Albert. The patient was three years old, and had the scrofula- (his father was scrofulous.)-The boy was a moving mass of sores from head to foot; the upper lids of the eyes were much swollen, and turned inside out, exhibiting borrible mattering ulcors that protruded over the eye balls so as to produce blind

ness. It is strange, yet true, this child, that I felt re-signed to see d.e as a relief from suffering, has been restored to health under the treatment of Dr. Hampton. W. P. THOMASSON. Louisville, March 20, 1851." This wonderful Tincture is unequalled for cure of Diarrhoa, Dysentery, Summer Complaint, Cholera Morbus, &c., and for all diseases of Females it stands unequalled Sold by L. M. SMITH, Charlestown — S. H. STEWART, Charlestown; T. D. HAMMOND A. M. CRIDLER, Harners Perry. J B. GILKI R-SON, Winchester: Dr. MOTT and J.E. S. HOUGH, Leesburg. MORTIMER & MOWERAY, Baltimore

And by DRUGGISTS generally. June 29, 1852-1v. DOCTOR YOURSELF ... Privately, FOR TWENTY-FIVE CENTS, BY means of the POCKET ESCULAPIUS, or Every

One His Own Physician. The thirty-sixth edition, with one undred engravings, showing Private Dis ases and malforma ions of the Generative System in every shape and form : to which is added a Treatise on the diseases of females, intend ed for the use of females only, (see page 191) being of the high est importance to married per ple or those contemplating mar-WM. YOUNG, M D., Graduate or niversity of Pennsylvania, Member of the Royal College of Surgeons, London; and Honorary Member o the Philadelphia Medical Society The various forms of Secret Diseases, Seminal Weakness, Diseases of the Prostrate Gland, Impotency, solitary habits of youth are faithfully described, and all the recipes given in plain language. The chapter on self-abuse and Seminal

fortunate in contracting disease, previous to placing yourselves under the care of any doctor, no matter what his pretensions may be, get a copy of this truly Sea Captains and persons going to Sea, should pos-Escularius, or Every One His Own Physician Let no father be ashamed to present a copy of the Sculapius to his child. It may save him from an early grave. Let no young man or woman enter into the cret obligations of married life, without reading the nied cough, pain in the side, restless nights, nervous feelings, and the whole train of Dyspeptic sensations, without consulting the Æsculapius. Have the married or those about to be married any impediment, read this truly useful book, as it has been the means of saving isands of unfortunate creatures from the very jave of death. Unwards of a million copies of this celebrated work has been sold in this country and Europe since 1835, when the first edition was iss & Any person sending TWENTY-FIVE cents enclosed in a letter, will receive one copy of this book by mail; or five copies will be sent for one dollar. Address "Dr. WM. YOUNG, No. 152 Spruce st., Philadel-

weakness is worthy of particular attention, and should

be read by every one. Young men who have been un-

phia." Post-paid. Twenty years practice in the city of Philadelphia certainly entitles Dr. Young to the confidence of the afflicted, and he may be consulted on any of the diseases lescribed in his different publications, at his office, 1\$2 Spruce st., every day between 9 and 3 o'clock, Sunlays excepted) and persons at any distance can consult r. Young by letter, post-paid. .. June 22, 1852-1y.

LITTLE'S WHITE OIL FOR HORSES! HIS is pronounced to be the best preparation by the many hundreds that have used it. for the various affections that HORSES are liable,

It is now in general use as a Liniment for man for sores of all kinds. Pain in the limbs or back. chapped hands, ring and tetter worm, scalds and This Medicine, when used according to di-RHEUMATISM. Prepared for the proprietor at WILLIAM W. HEART'S Drug Store, Scottsville, Albemarl

viz:-Cuts, Spraines, Bruises, Saddle and Collar

Galls, Scratches, Fistula, Polevil, Swenny, and

in fact most any injury that a Horse may sustain.

County, Va. None genuine but those signed by THEO. W. LITTLE, on the outside wrapper. Price, 371 cents a Bottle. with Directions. FOR SALE BY

L. M. SMITH & Co., Charlestown. A. M. CRIDLER, Harpers-Ferry. H. S. Forney, Shepherdstown. A. H. Duffield's Depot. SMITH & MARTIN, Lectown. JOHN G. SHIRLEY, Middleway. W. R. & A. F. SEEVERS, Summit Point.

-ALSO-By Druggists and Merchants throughout the States. Jan. 7, 1851.

CLOVES, Nutmegs, Long Pepper, Black do., White Ginger, Ground and Race do., Mace, Mustard, &c., all fresh and just received by Aug. 3. EBY & SON, Ethereal Oil.

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Dr. J. S. HOUGHTON'S GREAT DYSPEPSIA CURERI DIGESTIVE FLUID.

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GASTRIC JUICE PREPARED from RENNET, or the fourth STO.

I MACH OF THE OX. after directions of BARON
LIEBIG, the great Physiological Chemist, by J. S.
HOUGHION, M. D., Philadelphia, Pa.
This is a truly wonderful remedy for Indigestion, Drapepsia, Jaundice, Liver Complaint, Constipation, and Debility, Curing after Nature's own method, by Nature's own agent, the CAS.

TRIC JUICE.

Half a teaspoonful of Parsin, infused in water, will digest or dissolve, Five Pounds of Roast Beef the about two-hours, out of the stomach.

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digest or dissolve. Five rounds or nouse Beef in about two hours, out of the stomach.

PEPSIN is the chief element; or Great Digesting Finciple of the Gastric Juice—the solvent of the field, the ciple of the Gastric Juice—the solvent of the Sed, the purifying, Preserving, and Stimulating Agent of the Sed, the mach and Intestines. It is extracted from the Bistine Stomach of the Ox, thus forming an Artificial Bistine Stomach of the Ox, thus forming an Artificial Bistine Fluid, precisely like the natural Gastric Juice in the sen mical powers, and formishing a complete and perfect aubstitute for it. By the aid of this preparation, the pains and evils of INDIGESTION and DYSPEPSIA are removed, just as they would be by a healthy Stomach. It is doing wonders for Dyspeptics, curing cases of be bility, Emaciation, Nervous Decline, and Dyspeptic-Consumption, supposed to be on the verge of the grave. The Scientific Evidence upon which it is based, is in the highest degree curious and remarkable.

SCIENTIFIC EVIDENCE! BARON LIEBIG in his celebrated work on Animal BARON LIEBIG in his celebrated work on Animal Chemistry, says: "An artificial Digestive Fluid, analous to the Gastric Inice, may be readily prepared from the mucous membrane of the stomach of the Calt, in which various articles of food, as meat and eggs, will be softened, changed, and digested, just in the same manner as they would be in the human stomach."

Dr. COMBE, in his valuable writings on the "Physical of Digestion." observes that "a diministration of Digestion." Dr. COMBE, in his valuable writings on the "Physiology of Digestion," observes that "a diminution of the due quantity of the Gastric Juice is a prominent and all prevailing cause of Dyspepsia;" and he states that "a distinguished professor of medicine in London, who was severely affilted with this complaint, finding every the first professor of the finding every the first professor of the finding every th thing else to fail, had recourse to the Gastric Inice, ob tained from the stomachs of living animals, which proved tained from the stomachs of iving ansmars, which proved completely successful."

Dr. GRAHAM, author of the famous works on "Vagetable Diet," says: "It is a remarkable fact in physical logy, that the stomachs of animals, macerated in water, in the fluid the property of dissolving parcents.

logy, that the stomachsof animals, macerated in water, impart to the fluid the property of dissolving parious at ticles of food, and of effecting a kind of artificial diestion of them in no wise different from the natural diges tive process?" Call on the Agent, and get a Descriptive Circular, gratis, giving a large amount of Scientific Evidence similar to the above, together with Reports of Remarks ble oures, from all parts of the United States.

AS A DYSPEPSIA CURER. Dr. HOUGHTON'S PEPSIN has produced the most marvellous effects, in curing cases of Debility, Emacation, Nervous Decline, and Dyspeptic Consumption-it is impossible to give the details of cases in the limit of this advertisement; but authenticated certificates have been given of more than Two Hundred remarkable cures, in Philadelphia, New York and Boston alone. These were nearly all desperate cases, and the were not only rapid and wonderful, but permanent, It is a great NERVOUS ANTIDOTE, and parter larly useful for tendency to Bilious disorder, Liver (Ym.) plaint, Fever and Ague, or badly treated Fever and Ague, and the evil effects of Quinine, Mercury, and ther drugs upon the Digestive Organs, after a long sickness. Also, for excess in eating, and the too ire use of ardent spirits. It almost recognites Health will

Old Stomach Complaints. There is no form of Old Stomach Complaints which t does not seem to reach and remove at once. No matter how bad they may be, it gives sastant skhills A single dose removes all the unpleasant symptoms and it only needs to be repeated for a short inge to makthese good effects permanent. Ports Vigor of Body follow at once. It is particularly lent in cases of Nausea, Vomiting, Cramps, Sciences of the pit of the stomach distress after called state of the Blood, He avmess, Lowness of Spirits, Des pondency, Emaciation Weakness, tendency in his annie Dr HOUGHTON'S PEPSIN, is said by nearly all

the dealers in fine drugs and popular Medicuses, burning out the United States. It is prepared in Powder and in fluid form-and in Prescription vials for the we of Physicians. PRIVATE CIRCULARS For the use of Physicians, may be obtained a Houghton or his Agents, describing the whole process f preparation, and giving the authorities mon withe claims of this new remedy are based. As it is not

SECRET REMEDY, notobjections can be rated again its use by Physicians in respectable standing and re-OBSERVE THIS! Every bottle of the gennine PEPSIN bear the and en signature of J S. HOUGHTON, M D sub in prietor, Philadelphia, Pa. Copy-right and I race Mark

Sold by all Druggists and Dealers in Molicine. Price one Dollar Per Bottle. AGENTS:

L. M. SMITH, Charlestown. L. P. HARTMAN, Went healer. Dec. 9, 1851-1y. TO THE PUBLIC.

THE introduction of Dr. Jo th Holl's are qualled Sar saparilla, has formed an era in the political word se, progress, and the many wonderful cures it as effected, since it was in reduced to the pume, he en a subject of great astonishment, and even comman ed the admiration of the American people. When the history of this truly wonderful medicine is known gether with the expraedinary exertions made by h Bull, to make it the most valuable com ound of Sand parilla known to the world, its rapid and imprered rise and progress, will no langer be a theme of data and Twenty-six years since Dr. Bull, then a bey came Louisville; and was coupleyed for a number of years studying the business of an Apothecary, with Mes-Byers & Butler, Dr. T. E. Wilson, and the lamented orge, Jr. After leaving the service of Dr. W. Dr. Bull was employed by Dr. F. Scorch, an old m

celebrated German physician of this city, and who as

for many years, a vargeon in the Grand Army of Nop

leon. Dr. Scorch, during his life, made a fluid Form

Sarsaparilla for the especial use of the phoneins this city, and which was considered at that time by the most superior article made. Dr. Bull was em me Dr Scorch, in compounding this celebrated Sarray rilla, and he then conceived the idea and finally determined (seventeen years since) to mirrous some future period, for the consideration of the affected, preparation of Sarsapatilla. Since that time his muid has been constantly emplo I in studying the ingredients, and experimental find a complete, safe, and valuable compound of Same parilla, such a one as would be acknowledged by phys ians as undoubted in its efficacy, and hailed by the if flicted with demonstrations of joy. By close and uni mitting study, he at last succeeded in games the de ed end. His Extract having been several years betare the public, and it's merits completely tosted he com dently appeals to the thousand certificates of its wence ful cures, and hence for its great superiority over all other similar compounds. It is therefore a matter of 20 surprise, that the question is frequently asked "W does Dr. Bull's Saisaparil'a continue to a vance raly in the favor and confidence of the public, when if ther similar preparations, which have preceded as have been cast aside as unworthy of the slight it so tice?" Though it is not required yet his question easily answered. Dr. Bullinas not worked alone it? cuniary preferment; gain has not been his sole of he has had a higher and a nobler aim constantly a that of relieving the sufferings of his fellow creature. Unlike those who compound a good article for a soft time that they may gain a reputation, and having alla ed the object of their wish, reduce their article, by let ing out its most valuable ingredients, to a worthless not ture, in order to accumulate wealth, Dr. Buil has estimated to use the coatly ingredients which his long study and experience enabled him to discover, and which has

peen of such invaluable service to suffering humanity

He seeks to gain an unspotted reputation, not en

himself, but also for his renowned Sarsaparilla, and

fact worthy to be recorded, that every galles of the

Sarsaparilla sold by Dr. Bull is made with his can

hands and under his immediate superintendence. I

several years past he has been daily experimenting

dminist ring his mixtures, without charge to patient

pronounced incurable, and to his eternal fame be it re-

wonderful success. His Sarsuparilla has now gained such a wide spread reputation, and been catablished

rded, his efforts have been crowned with the mes

upon such a solid basis, that he is firmly satisfied of its undoubted merits, and confidently challenges the combined Medical skill of Europe and America to produce out of Sarsaparilla, a superior preparation to his land Scrotula or King's Evil, Cancers, Tural Eruptions of the Skin, Erysipelas, Chronic Sers Eyes, Ringworm or Tetters, Scatchead, Rive matism, Pains in the Bones or Joints, Old S. and Ulcers, Swelling of the Glands, Syphine Dyspepsia, Salt Rheum, Diseases of the K drey Diseases arising from the use of Mercury, Las of Appetite, Pain in Side and Shoulders, General Debility, Lumbago Dropsy. Sore Throat. Bron-chitis, Coughs, Colds, Weakness of the Chest, Pulmonary Affections, And all othes diseases 'esding to produce CONSUMPTION, Lug Complaints. Female Irregularities, and plaints, Sick & Nervous Headache, Low Sp Night Sweats, Exposure or Imprudence in Ly Chronic Constitutional Diseases, And. as Spring and Summer drink and general Tont or the system and a gentle and pleasant purgation it is superior to Blue Lick or Congress waiet, Salts, or Stidlitz Powders.

Principal Depot 81 Fourth street, Louisville, &J. For sale by L. M. SMITH, Charlestown, Va., A. M. CRIDLER, Harpers-Ferry, Va. March 23, 1852-6m.

ARPER'S MAGAZINE, and a lot of No velets; also, "The Eife of General Scott, price 121 cts. Just received and for sale by L. M. SMITH. July 6. EAT SEL